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## STODDARD'S

## NEW

# INTELLECTUAL ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING

AN EXTENSIVE COLLECTION OF PRACTICAL QUESTIONS ON THE GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF ARITHMETIC,

WITH

CONCISE AND ORIGINAL METHODS OF SOLUTION

WHICH SIMPLIFY MANY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT RULE: IN
WRITTEN ARITHMETIC.

JOHN F. STODDARD, A.M.

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BUTLER, SHELDON & COMPANY, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, CHICAGO.

## THE SHELDON

EMBRACES:

SHELDONS' ELEMENTARY

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SHELDONS' COMPLETE ARITHMETIC,

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District of New York.

## PREFACE.

HAVING felt the necessity of a more extended and systematic Intellectual Arithmetic for younger, as well as more advanced pupils, the author prepared and used in manuscript, in his own school, for a number of years, such a series of questions as seemed best adapted to the urpose. The superior mental training derived from their use, and the ease with which pupils thus trained comprehended the more advanced branches of mathematics, induced him to submit them to the public in the hope that they might prove as useful to other schools as they had been to his own.

The rule observed in preparing this work is: Teach but one thing at a time, and that in its proper place.

It has been his aim to keep up an intimate connection between lessons throughout the book, and from time to time, as the work progressed, to combine in review the principles illustrated in preceding sections.

The scope and order of the book will be readily gathered from the Table of Contents subjoined.

A series of drill exercises on the multiplication table, etc. (p. 42), has been added in the present edition.

The sections treating of fractions are very full and complete, containing many original combinations of numbers, and clear and concise analyses. It is believed that they present everything that is essential both for knowledge of principles and for skill in correct reasoning and rapid and accurate combination.

These are followed by a series of practical and intricate questions of various kinds, which require for their solution a thorough knowledge of the preceding sections. These problems will be of great benefit to those who are studying, or who intend to study Algebra.

Percentage, with its various applications to interest, discount, profit and loss, is very fully presented, with original methods of analsis. The method presented by reducing the whole to one corri

chain of reasoning, will render the rules under these heads, in Written Arithmetic (which are often incomprehensible to pupils), perfectly intelligible.

This chapter, thoroughly taught, can not fail to quicken, strengthen, and develop the reasoning powers. Bringing into exercise, as thorough teaching of it will, nearly every principle taught in the twenty sections of *Chapter Sixth*, and also the greater part of *Chapter Seventh*, the pupil will acquire the habit of systematically classifying his knowledge, and be enabled to call to his aid such portions of it as will assist in illustrating or demonstrating the subject under consideration.

That Intellectual Arithmetic, when properly taught, is better calculated, than any other study, to invigorate and develop the reasoning faculties of the mind, to produce accurate and close discrimination, and to enable the pupil to acquire a knowledge of the higher mathematics with greater ease, can scarcely admit of a doubt.

The following suggestions are made of such methods of teaching this important subject, as the author has found of practical value:

Teach one thing at a time, thoroughly, and in its proper order.

Recitations and exercises should be short, and during their continuance the careful attention of each member of the class should be secured, and thereby animation and promptness will be encouraged.

The lesson should generally be assigned previous to recitation, to afford the pupils an opportunity for an examination and study of it; and during class exercise, pupils should not use the book except in rare cases of long or intricate examples.

Drills, illustrations, and explanations should occupy at least one-half of the time devoted to each recitation for children.

Care should be taken that the positions of children should be good, and that the language used be strictly correct in articulation, pronunciation, and construction, and addressed to the person asking the question. Both listlessness and hurried solutions should be avoided. By careful attention to these particulars, lessons in Intellectual Arithmetic will be valuable exercises in address, elocution, grammar, rhetoric, and logic, and pupils will acquire both a ready command of their thoughts, and a fluency of language in exposing them.

A question should be read slowly and distinctly, and a pupil be required to repeat it accurately, and analyze it thoroughly, according to the forms given. There should be no interruption, except when the teacher deems it necessary to make a correction or an important criticism.

Pupils should, as a general thing, be called upon promiscuousty, and not in rotation, to take part in the recitation.

Concert drills should not be employed as a regular method of recitation, but simply to fix in the minds of pupils such tabular facts as can more readily be learned in this way to enliven the exercises, to give animation to the class, and confidence to the timid pupils,

The tables should be thoroughly learned by the pupil, and both rapidity and accuracy should characterize his operations in Addition before he is required to study other parts of the subject.

Special attention is called to the drill exercises on page 42. Nothing can take the place of accurate and rapid computation—indeed, the tables should be so thoroughly mastered that the pupil shall be hardly conscious of any mental effort in giving results of the various combinations.

Every combination of numbers used in the tables may be illustrated when necessary with objects, such as pebbles, grains of corn, beans, so that the class may clearly understand each.

A pupil thoroughly drilled in the fundamental operations of Arithmetic, will not only be able to perform them with facility and accuracy, but will have made great progress toward an easy and complete mastery of the Science of Numbers.

#### PUBLISHERS' NOTE.

The preparation of new plates for this popular Intellectual Arithmetic has afforded an opportunity for careful revision, and the introduction of new matter, without departing materially either from the scope or method of a manual that has sustained its reputation in competition with the many treatises on the same subject that followed it.

Its improved appearance on new type, and in a larger and open page, will be welcomed by its old friends, and it is believed gain hosts of new ones.

The illustrated tables of weights and measures, and the brief but complete compend of the metric system will commend themselves to those who seek the best aids for school-room work.

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## ARITHMETIC.

### I. ADDITION.

- 1. Addition is the process of finding the sum of two or more numbers.
- 2. The sum, or amount, is a number equal to all the numbers added.
  - 3. The sign of addition is +, and is read plus.
- 4. The sign of equality is =, and is read equals, or is equal to.

Thus, 3+2=5 means 3+2 equals 5, or the sum of 8 and 2 is equal to 5.

5. The sign of dollars is \$; and cents are denoted by ct., ¢, or cts., or by placing a dot between dollars and cents, when the dollar sign is used.

Thus, seventeen cents is 17%, 17 cts., or \$.17; six dollars and seventeen cents is \$6 and 17 cts., or \$6.17.

- 6. Like numbers are numbers whose units are the same (stand for the same kind of thing); as, \$7 and \$9.
- 7. Only like numbers, or units of the same order, can be added together.

Thus, 6 boys and 4 boys are 10 boys; but you cannot add 6 men and \$4.

## SECTION I.



and



are



Three Birds

### wo pirus

## 1. 2 oirds and 1 bird are how many birds?

ANALYSIS.—Two birds and one bird are three birds.

Note.—The interrogation point (?) is sometimes used, for brevity, instead of the words how many or what number.

Thus, by 8+2=? is meant, 8 and 2 are how many?

26. James had 2 apples, and John had 1 apple; how many apples had both?

ANALYSIS.—Since James had 2 apples and John 1, they together and 2 apples and 1 apple, which are 3 apples.

- 27. I gave 2 cents to Henry, and 2 cents to Harvey; how many cents did both receive?
  - 28. 2 cents and 3 cents are how many cents?
- 29. George gave me 2 apples, and Mary gave me 4 apples; how many apples did both give me?
  - 30. 2 cows and 5 cows are how many cows?
- 31. John's father gave him 2 oranges, and his mother gave him 6; how many did he receive?
  - 32. 2 peaches and 7 peaches are how many peaches?

- 33. Philip gave me 2 plums, and Myron gave me 8; how many plums did they together give me?
- 34. A farmer had 2 horses, and bought 9 more; how many horses had he then?
- 35. I paid 3 cents for some paper, and 2 cents for a stamp; how much did I pay for both?
- 36. John bought 3 apples, and I gave him 3; how many had he then?
- 37. Philip paid 3 cents for some nuts, and 4 cents for some candy; how many cents did he pay for both?
  - 38. 3 oranges and 5 oranges are how many oranges?
- 39. A merchant bought 3 barrels of sugar and 6 barrels of molasses; how many barrels did he buy?
- 40. Ralph is 3 years old, and Edward is 7; what is the sum of their ages?
- 41. A lemon cost 3 cents, and a pine-apple cost 8; what sum did both cost?
- 42. James solved 3 questions in arithmetic, and Oliver 9; how many did both solve?
- 43. If it take 4 yards of cloth for a coat, and 1 yard for a vest, how many will it take for both?
- 44. Samuel bought 4 marbles, and found 4; how many marbles had he then?
- 45. Isaac bought 4 sheets of paper, and I gave him 5; how many had he then?
- 46. A man bought an apple for 4 cents, and a pear for 6 cents; how much did both cost?
- 47. If Mary has 4 books, and her father should give her 7, how many books would she then have?
- 48. William has 4 marbles in his hand, and 8 in his pocket; how many marbles has he in all?
  - 49. 4 miles and 9 miles are how many miles?

#### SECTION II.

1. 
$$5+4=?$$
 | 10.  $6+8=?$  | 19.  $8+5=?$  | 2.  $5+5=?$  | 11.  $6+9=?$  | 20.  $9+4=?$  | 20.  $5+6=?$  | 12.  $7+6=?$  | 21.  $9+5=?$  | 22.  $9+6=?$  | 23.  $5+8=?$  | 14.  $5+7=?$  | 22.  $5+6=?$  | 23.  $5+6=?$  | 15.  $5+9=?$  | 16.  $5+9=?$  | 16.  $5+9=?$  | 16.  $5+9=?$  | 16.  $5+9=?$  | 17.  $5+6=?$  | 26.  $5+9=?$  | 18.  $5+6=?$  | 26.  $5+6=?$  | 17.  $5+6=?$  | 26.  $5+6=?$  | 27.  $5+6=?$  | 28.  $5+6=?$  | 28.  $5+6=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.  $5+7=?$  | 29.

- 28. Mary answered 5 questions correctly, and 4 incorrectly; how many questions did she answer?
- 29. A boy gave 5 cents for a top, and 6 cents for a pencil; what did both cost?
- 30. A man bought a hat for 5 dollars, and a pair of boots for 6 dollars; how much did he pay for both?
- 31. There are 9 boys on one bench, and 8 on another; how many are on both?
- 32. Maria gave her teacher 5 pinks and 7 roses; how many flowers did she give him?
- 33. Harry caught 5 squirrels, and Henry caught 8; how many were caught by both?
- 34. If we learn 5 pages this week, and 9 next, how many shall we learn in the two weeks?
- 35. Frank sold a melon for 6 cents, and an orange for 5 cents; for how many cents did he sell both?
- 36. John bought 6 whips, and Joseph gave him 6; how many had John then?
- 37. George had 6 chestnuts, and Richard gave him ?; how many had George then?

- 38. Henry bought 6 figs, and Sarah bought 8; how many were bought by both?
- 39. Rebecca has 6 oranges, and Catherine has 9; how many oranges have both?
- 40. A boy bought 7 apples, and his father gave him 6; how many had he then?
- 41. Minerva bought 7 yards of ribbon, and her mother gave her 7; how many yards had Minerva then?
- 42. There were 7 boys sitting on one bench, and 8 on another; how many boys were on both?
- 43. There were 7 boys at play, and 9 other boys joined them; how many boys were in all?
- 44. If I have 8 cents in one hand, and 7 cents in the other, how many have I in both hands?
- 45. If Mary has 8 peaches, and Margaret has 9, how many have both?
- 46. Sally gave 9 cents for thread, and 7 cents for needles; how much did the needles and thread cost?
- 47. Charles has 9 marbles, and Albert has 5; how many marbles have Charles and Albert together?
- 48. 9 birds were in a tree, and 6 were on the ground; how many birds in all?
- 49. Sarah gave 9 cents for cinnamon, and 7 cents for raisins; how many cents did both cost?
- 50. George shot 9 pigeons, and James shot 8; how many did both shoot?
- 51. Russel caught 7 fishes, and Robert caught 5; how many did both eatch?
- 52. In one field there are 8 horses, and in another 9; how many are there in both?

#### SECTION III.

- 1. How many are 10 and 2? 10 and 3? 10 and 4? 10 and 5? 10 and 6? 10 and 7? 10 and 8? 10 and 9? 10 and 10?
- 2. How many are 2 and 2? 2 and 12? 2 and 22? 2 and 32? 2 and 42? 2 and 52? 2 and 62? 2 and 72? 2 and 82? 2 and 92?
- 3. How many are 3 and 3? 3 and 13? 3 and 23? 3 and 33? 3 and 43? 3 and 53? 3 and 63? 3 and 73? 3 and 83? 3 and 93? 96 and 4?
- 4. How many are 4 and 4? 4 and 14? 4 and 24? 4 and 34? 4 and 44? 4 and 54? 4 and 64? 4 and 74? 4 and 84? 4 and 94? 98 and 2?
- 5. How many are 5 and 5? 5 and 15? 5 and 25? 4 and 35? 5 and 45? 5 and 55? 5 and 65? 5 and 75? 5 and 85? 5 and 95?
- 6. How many are 6 and 6? 6 and 16? 6 and 26? 6 and 36? 6 and 46? 6 and 56? 6 and 66? 6 and 76? 6 and 86? 6 and 96?
- 7. How many are 7 and 7? 7 and 17? 7 and 27? 7 and 37? 7 and 47? 7 and 57? 7 and 67? 7 and 77? 7 and 87? 7 and 97?
- 8. How many are 8 and 8? 8 and 18? 8 and 28? 8 and 38? 8 and 48? 8 and 58? 8 and 68? 8 and 78? 8 and 88? 8 and 98?
- 9. How many are 9 and 9? 9 and 19? 9 and 29? 9 and 39? 9 and 49? 9 and 59? 9 and 69? 9 and 79? 9 and 89? 9 and 99?
- 10. How many are 10 and 11? 10 and 21? 10 and 31? 10 and 41? 10 and 51? 10 and 61? 10 and 71? 10 and 81? 10 and 91?

- 11. How many are 10 and 12? 10 and 22? 10 and 32? 10 and 42? 10 and 52? 10 and 62? 10 and 72? 10 and 82? 10 and 92?
- 12. How many are 10 and 4? 10 and 14? 10 and 24? 10 and 34? 10 and 44? 10 and 54? 19 and 64? 10 and 74? 10 and 84? 10 and 94?
- 13. How many are 11 and 3? 11 and 13? 11 and 23? 11 and 33? 11 and 43? 11 and 53? 11 and 63? 11 and 73? 11 and 83? 11 and 93?
- 14. How many are 11 and 4? 11 and 14? 11 and 24? 11 and 34? 11 and 44? 11 and 54? 11 and 64? 11 and 74? 11 and 84? 11 and 94?
- 15. How many are 10 and 5? 10 and 15? 10 and 25? 10 and 35? 10 and 45? 10 and 55? 10 and 65? 10 and 75? 10 and 85? 10 and 95?
- 16. How many are 11 and 5? 11 and 15? 11 and 25? 11 and 35? 11 and 45? 11 and 55? 11 and 65? 11 and 75? 11 and 85? 11 and 95?
- 17. What is the sum of 3 and 8? 3 and 18? 3 and 28? 3 and 38? 3 and 48? 3 and 58? 3 and 68? 3 and 78? 3 and 88? 3 and 98?
- 18. What is the sum of 8 and 4? 8 and 14? 8 and 24? 8 and 34? 8 and 44? 8 and 54? 8 and 64? 8 and 74? 8 and 84? 8 and 94?
- 19. What is the sum of 7 and 9? 7 and 19? 7 and 29? 7 and 39? 7 and 49? 7 and 59? 7 and 69? 7 and 79? 7 and 89? 7 and 99?
- 20. What is the sum of 8 and 6? 8 and 16? 8 and 26? 8 and 36? 8 and 46? 8 and 56? 8 and 66? 8 and 76? 8 and 86? 8 and 96?
- 21. What is the sum of 9 and 8? 9 and 18? 9 and 28? 9 and 38? 9 and 48? 9 and 58?

#### SECTION IV.

1. Count, alternately, by 2's and 3's to 30.

Thus, 2, 5, 7, 10, 12, 15, 17, 20, 22, 25, 27, 80.

- 2. By 2's and 5's to 28.
- 3. By 3's and 4's to 28.
- 4. By 3's and 5's to 32,
- By 3's and 6's to 27.
- 6. By 4's and 5's to 36.
- 7. By 4's and 7's to 44.
- 8. By 3's and 8's to 33.
- 9. By 5's and 2's to 28.
- 10. By 5's and 3's to 32.
- 11. By 5's and 4's to 36.
- 12. By 5's and 6's to 44.

- 13. By 5's and 7's to 36,
- 14. By 6's and 7's to 52.
- 15. By 6's and 5's to 55.
- 16. By 6's and 3's to 36.
- 17. By 7's and 5's to 48.
- 18. By 8's and 9's to 51.
- 19. By 8's and 7's to 60.
- 20. By 9's and 5's to 56.
- 21. By 9's and 6's to 60.
- 22. By 9's and 7's to 64.
- 23. By 9's and 8's to 68.
- 24. Count by 2's, 3's, and 4's to 36.

Thus, 2, 5, 9, 11, 14, 18, etc.

- 25. By 3's, 4's, and 5's to 36.
- 26. By 3's, 5's, and 7's to 45.
- 27. By 4's, 5's, and 6's to 45.
- 28. By 4's, 6's, and 8's to 54. 29. By 5's, 6's, and 7's to 54.
- 30. By 2's, 4's, and 6's to 48.
- 31. By 5's, 7's, and 9's to 42 32. By 6's, 5's, and 3's to 56.
- 33. By 7's, 6's, and 5's to 54. 34. By 8's, 5's, and 3's to 48,
- 35. By 9's, 8's, and 7's to 72.
- 36. By 9's, 7's, and 6's to 66.

### SECTION V.

## How many are:

- 1. 8 and 9? 8. 15 and 12? 7? 9. 14 and 13? 2. 11 and
- 10. 16 and 14? *3*. 10 and 9?
- 7 and 14? 11. 21 and 12? 4. Б. 6 and 12? 12. 24 and 13?
  - 9 and 15? 13. 25 and 15?
- 7. 11 and 18 P 14. 27 and 13?

- 15. 23 and 17?
- 16. 29 and 11?
- 17. 30 and 20? *18*. 34 and 15?
- 19. 32 and 18?
- 20. 36 and 12? 21. 37 and 11 P

Note.—The following analysis may be used with discretion: 33 = 5 tens and 3 units; 44 = 4 tens and 4 units; 3 tens and 4 tens are 7 tens, or 70; 3 units and 4 units are 7 units, which, added to 70, make 77. Therefore, 33 and 44 are 77.

22. $33+44=?$	34. 15+12+6=?
<b>23.</b> $35+15=?$	35. 18+4+10=?
24. 36 + 12 = ?	36. 24+16+12=?
<b>25.</b> $40+36=?$	37. 22 + 33 + 11 = ?
$26. \ 40 + 29 = ?$	38. $15+16+2=?$
$27. \ 44 + 20 = ?$	39. 28+12+15=?
28. $48 + 32 = ?$	$40. \ 46 + 24 + 19 = ?$
29. $45+35=?$	41. $12+8+6+4=?$
30. $4+8+6=?$	42. $24+10+6+12=?$
31. $8+2+7=?$	43. 22 + 32 + 6 + 10 = ?
32. $10+7+3=?$	44. $37 + 23 + 15 = ?$
<b>83.</b> $12+10+9=?$	45. 62 + 26 + 12 + 8 = ?

#### SECTION VI.

- 1. James gave a poor boy 6 cents, Joseph gave him 8, and Jacob 10; how many cents did all give him?
- 2. Gave 8 cents to John, 4 cents to Morgan, and 2 cents to Samuel; how many cents did all receive?
- 3. Henry has 3 marbles, Harvey has 10, and Charles has 7; how many marbles have all?
- 4. Gave 7 nuts to one boy, 6 to another, and 7 to another; how many nuts did I give to the three boys?
- 5. Bought strawberries for 7 cents, cherries for 4 cents, and plums for 8 cents; how many cents did all cost?
- 6. Lydia has 9 pinks, Mary 10, and Ann 7; how many pinks have all?
- 7. Bought a knife for 14 cents, and a ball for 12 cents; how much did both cost?

- 8. Gave 18 cents for an arithmetic, 2 for a pencil, and 10 for a slate; how much did all cost?
- 9. James had 12 cents, and his mother gave him 13 more; how many had he then?
- 10. Robert shot 9 birds, Richard shot 11, and James shot 12; how many did all shoot?
- 11. A boy bought a pound of butter for 44 cents, a pound of meat for 20 cents, and a bunch of lettuce for 7 cents; how many cents did all cost?
- 12. Bought a pound of raisins for 10 cents, a pound of candy for 12 cents, and a pound of cinnamon for 15 cents; how much was the whole cost?
- 13. John had 20 marbles, Matthew 9, and Morgan 12; how many had they in all?
- 14. James bought a pigeon for 9 cents, a robin for 16 cents, and a squirrel for 12 cents; how much did all cost?
- 15. A lady bought some pins for 15 cents, some thread for 10 cents, and some lace for 18 cents; how many cents did all these articles cost?
- 16. A man bought a hat for \$6, a vest for \$5, and a coat for \$20; how much did he pay for all?
- 17. A man bought a watch for 40 dollars, a chain for 15 dollars, and a gold pen for 5 dollars; how much did he pay for these three articles?
- 18. Jackson gave 25 cents to his sister, and 23 to his mother; how many cents did he give away?
- 19. Bought a barrel of flour for 7 dollars, a barrel of pork for 12 dollars, and a barrel of fish for 11 dollars; how much was the whole cost?
- 20. Bought a horse for 60 dollars, a cow for 20 dollars, and a colt for 25 dollars; how much did all cost?

- 21. If your father should give you 12 cents, your mother 14 cents, and your sister 4 cents, how many cents should you then have?
- 22. A boy spent 11 cents for candy, 9 cents for a ball, and 5 cents for a top; how many cents did he spend for all?
- 23. A man paid \$57 for butter, and \$23 for molasses; how many dollars did he pay for both?
- 24. A boy traveled 17 miles one day, and 23 the next; how far did he travel in the two days?
- 25. A lady bought a hat for \$7, a dress for \$9, and a watch for \$60; how many dollars did all cost?
- 26. A mechanic sold a wagon for \$57, and a sleigh for \$43; how much did he receive for both?
- 27. A boy saw 24 pigeons on one tree, and 36 on another; how many did he see in all?
- 28. In a certain recitation 21 questions were answered correctly, and 9 incorrectly; how many questions were asked during the recitation?
- 29. Gave \$87 for a chaise, \$2 for a whip, and \$11 for a buffalo robe; how much was given for all?
- 30. If a horse is worth 60 dollars, and a sleigh 75 dollars, what is the value of both?
- 31. Matthew is 15 years old, Morgan is 7, and Martin is 10; what is the sum of their ages?
- 32. A man bought a load of hay for 7 dollars, a load of rye for 36 dollars, and a load of wheat for 57 dollars; how much was the whole cost?
- 33. A man is 48 years old, and his wife is 32 years old; what is the sum of their ages?
- 34. A farmer bought a horse for 60 dollars, and a yoke of oxen for 75 dollars; how much did the horse and oxen together cost?

- 35. John gave 11 apples to his brother, 9 to his sister, and kept 12 himself; how many apples had he at first?
- 36. Simeon hoed 12 rows of corn, Simon 15, James 13, and John 11; how many rows did they together hoe?
- 37. A merchant sold 30 barrels of flour one week, 37 the next week, and 33 the following week; how many barrels did he sell during the three weeks?
- 38. A merchant sold a barrel of sugar for \$25, two barrels of flour for \$15, and a hogshead of molasses for \$23; how much did he receive for all?
- 39. A man bought a firkin of butter for \$9, a keg of molasses for \$7, a box of cheese for \$4, and a box of raisins for \$5; what was the entire cost?
- 40. A lady bought a silk dress for \$48, a muff for \$22, a shawl for \$17, and a pair of gloves for \$1; the entire cost is required.

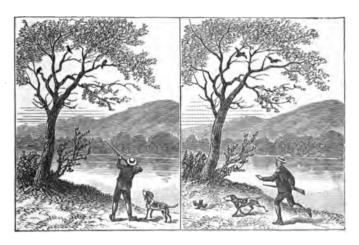
## II. SUBTRACTION.

- 1. Subtraction is the process of finding the difference between two numbers.
- 2. The difference between two numbers is a number which, added to the smaller, will give a result equal to the greater.
- 3. The terms in subtraction are three, the minuend, the subtrahend, the remainder.
- (1) The greater of two numbers whose difference is to pe found is called the minuend.
- (2) The smaller of two numbers whose difference is to be found is called the subtrahend.

- (3) The result in subtraction is called the difference, or the remainder.
- 4. Subtraction can be performed only between tike numbers, and units of the same order.
  - 5. The sign of subtraction is —, read minus, or less.

Thus, 5-3 means that 3 is to be taken from 5, or the difference between 5 and 3; and may be read 5 minus 3, or 5 less 3.





1. Three crows sat on a tree; John shot one of them; how many were left?

ANALYSIS.—If there were 3 crows, and John shot 1, there were left the difference between 3 crows and 1 crow, or 2 crows.

- 2. William had 4 chestnuts, and gave 1 to his brother; how many had he left?
- 3. Martha had 5 books, and on her way to school lost ? of them; how many had she left?

- 4. Cornelia had 6 apples, and gave 1 to her brother; how many had she left?
- 5. Rachel had 10 pins, and lost 1 of them; how many had she left?
  - 6. Ann had 12 pears, and ate 2; how many were left?
  - 7. Jane had 5 birds, but 2 flew away; how many were left?
  - 8. I had 6 cents, and lost 2; how many had I left?
- 9. Cornelia learned 12 letters yesterday, and has forgotten 3 of them; how many does she remember?
  - 10. I had 10 cents, and lost 3; how many had I left?
- 11. Mary found 9 roses on her bush, and picked off 4 of them; how many remained on the bush?

## Solve the following:

```
12. 4 \text{ less } 2 = ? \mid 19. 11 less 4 = ?
                                         26. 17 less
13. 5-less 3 = ?
                    20. 10 less 4 = ?
                                         27.
                                             15 less
                    21. 11 less 5 = ?
14. 7 less 3 = ?
                                         28. 13 less 10 = ?
15. 9 less 4 = ?
                    22. 14 less 4 = ?
                                         29. 23 less
                                                      3 = ?
16. 9 less 3 = ?
                    23.
                          8 \text{ less } 5 = ?
                                         30. 27 less
17. 9 less 7 = ?
                    24. 13 less 3 = ?
                                         31. 28 less
18. 9 less 5 = ?
                    25. 14 less 5 = ? \mid 32. 30 less 10 = ?
```

## Read and complete the following:

```
33.
    8 - 5 = ?
                40. 18 - 8 = ? 47. 20 - 9 = ?
34.
    9 - 7 = ?
                41. 22 - 12 = ?
                                 48. 20 - 7 = ?
35. 10 - 8 = ?
                42. 24 - 14 = ?
                                49. 20 - 10 = ?
                43. 12 - 4 = ?
36. 11 - 8 = ?
                                50. 20 - 15 = ?
37. 12-6=?
                44. 28 —
                          8 = ?
                                 51. 24 - 10 = ?
                45. 20 —
                          5 = ?
                                 52.25 - 10 = ?
38. 13 - 8 = ?
39. 14 - 8 = ?
                46. 20 - 8 = ? | 53. 27 - 10 = ?
```

- 54. Gave 7 cents for a spool of thread, and 4 cents for a lemon; how much more did the thread cost than the lemon?
- 56. Paid 18 cents for butter, and 8 cents for meat; how much more was paid for the butter than for the meat?

- 56. James bought 18 candles, and gave John 7 of them; how many had he left?
- 57. Sold wool for \$27, and took in part payment flour worth \$5; how many dollars remain due?
- 58. James has 27 marbles, and John has 17; how many more has James than John?
- 59. Harry is 15 years old, and Charles is 9 years old; how many years older is Harry than Charles?
- 60. In a class of 37 pupils, only 27 were present; how many were absent?
- 61. A man purchased a watch for 37 dollars, but found he had only 24 dollars with him; how much more does he need to pay for the watch?
  - 62. A has 94 sheep, and B 44; how many more has A?
- 63. Morgan gave 23 cents for cake, and 14 cents for candy; how much more did the cake cost than the candy?
  - 64. Levi had 29¢, and lost 14; how many had he left?
- 65. In a certain recitation of 47 questions, 9 were answered incorrectly; how many were correctly answered?

The following may be read thus: 26-10=16, and 16+4=20.

66. $26 - 10 + 4 = ?$	$  78. \ 40 - 12 + 9 = ?$
67. $28 - 10 + 2 = ?$	79.42 - 20 + 7 = ?
$68. \ 27 - 10 + 5 = ?$	$80. \ 45 - 20 + 5 = ?$
69. $29 - 10 + 6 = ?$	$81. \ 46 - 20 + 6 = ?$
70. $32 - 10 + 8 = ?$	82. $47 - 20 + 8 = ?$
71. $34 - 10 + 7 = ?$	83. $47 - 37 + 4 = ?$
72. $36 - 10 + 8 = ?$	$84. \ 49 - 19 + 9 = ?$
73. $35 - 10 + 4 = ?$	85. 52 - 22 + 10 = ?
$74. \ 37 - 10 + 7 = ?$	86.54 - 34 + 11 = ?
75. $38 - 10 + 8 = ?$	$87. \ 56 - 46 + 12 = ?$
76. $39 - 10 + 9 = ?$	$88. \ 57 - 27 + 14 = ?$
77. $47 - 10 + 6 = ?$	$89. \ 58 - 48 + 9 = ?$

- 90. Mr. B bought a horse for 35 dollars, and sold it for 46 dollars; how much did he gain?
- 91. A cow was bought for 25 dollars, and sold for 19 dollars; how much was the loss?
- 92. A merchant bought a quantity of goods for \$95, but; as they were damaged he was obliged to sell them for \$80; how much did he lose?
- 93. The minuend is 57, the subtrahend is 27; what is the remainder?
- 94. The minuend is 67, the remainder is 20; what is the subtrahend?
- 95. The subtrahend is 12, the remainder is 18; what is the minued?

#### SECTION VIII

#### ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION COMBINED.

1. James has 7 chestnuts, and Mary has 4; how many more has James than Mary; and how many have both?

ANALYSIS.—If James has 7 chestnuts, and Mary has 4, James has as many more than Mary as the difference between 7 chestnuts and 4 chestnuts, which is 3 chestnuts. Together they have 7 chestnuts and 4 chestnuts, which are 11 chestnuts.

- 2. Bought a barrel of fish for 8 dollars, and some quinces for 3 dollars; how much more did the fish cost than the quinces? What was the cost of both?
- 3. Gave 15 dollars for a cow, and 6 dollars for a sheep; how much more was given for the cow than for the sheep? How much was given for both?
- 4. Phineas gave 50 cents for a grammar, and 25 cents for an arithmetic; how much was the cost of both? How much did one cost more than the other?

- 5. Paid \$15 for a tub of butter, and \$6 for a barrel of flour; what was the cost of both; and how much more did the butter cost than the flour?
- 6. Sold a firkin of butter for 10 dollars, a cheese for 5 dollars, and received in part payment a barrel of flour worth 6 dollars; how much remains due?
- 7. James gave 12 cents for oranges, 15 cents for cake, and had 13 cents left; how much had he at first?
- 8. Mary bought a comb for 10 cents, a spool of thread for 12 cents, and a paper of needles for 8 cents; she handed the clerk 37 cents; how much change ought she to receive?
- 9. A man sold a cow for \$20, a calf for \$4, and a sheep for \$3; and in part payment received a wagon worth \$17; how much remains due?
- 10. A lady bought a ribbon for 24 cents, some tape for 8 cents, and some thread for 12 cents; she had only 60 cents; how much remained after she paid for these articles?
- 11. Stephen, at one game of marbles, won 4, and at another he lost 6, and then had only 8 remaining; how many had he at first?
- 12. Sampson having 9 apples, gave 4 to his mother, and 3 to his sister; for his generosity his father gave him 13 more; how many had he then?
- 13. A man bought some cloth for 12 dollars, and sold it for 18 dollars; how much was his gain?
- 14. A farmer bought a horse for 63 dollars, and exchanged it for a yoke of oxen; these he sold for 87 dollars; how much did he gain by the operation?
- 15. A man bought a yoke of oxen for 97 dollars, their services earned for him 40 dollars, and their keeping cost him 13 dollars; he then sold them for 80 dollars; how much did he gain?

- 16. A box of raisins was bought for 3 dollars, a firkin of butter for 15 dollars, and were both sold for 20 dollars; how much was gained?
- 17. A farmer sold a cow for 29 dollars, which was 5 dollars more than she cost; how much did she cost?
- 18. A drover bought some sheep for 40 dollars, some battle for 130 dollars, and sold them all for 200 dollars; how much was his gain?
- 19. A jeweler bought a watch for 20 dollars, a chain for 10 dollars, a key for 2 dollars, and sold them all for 42 dollars; how much did he gain by the bargain?

- 80. A boy bought a ball for 6 cents; for how much must he sell it to gain 4 cents?
- 81. A merchant bought a hogshead of molasses for 4? dollars, and paid 3 dollars for cartage; for how much must he sell it to gain 12 dollars?
- 32. A grocer bought a hogshead of sugar for 30 dollars; for what must he sell it to gain 18 dollars?
- 33. A drover bought sheep as follows: of one man he bought 24, of another 8, and of another 22; he then sold 20 of them; how many remained unsold?
- 34. A watch cost 40 dollars; for how much must it be sold to gain 13 dollars?
- 35. Four boys together bought a melon; one gave 3 cents, another 4, another 8, and another 6; how much did they pay for the melon?

- 36. Mary bought 16 plums at one store, and 13 at another; on her way home she ate 11 of them; how many had she left?
- 37. Matthew had 9 nuts, Mary gave him 10 more, and John gave him enough to make his number 39; how many did John give him?
- 38. A farmer had 25 sheep in one field, and 15 in another; he then bought as many more as made his number 56; how many did he buy?
- 39. John has 34 marbles, and Albert 25; how many have both? How many more has John than Albert?
- 40. A butcher has 57 sheep, and 44 lambs; how many more sheep has he than lambs? How many sheep and lambs together?
- 41. Paid \$97 for sugar, and \$43 for molasses; how much more did the sugar cost than the molasses? How much did both cost?

## III. MULTIPLICATION.

- 1. Multiplication is the process of taking one number as many times as there are units in another.
- 2. The terms in multiplication are, the multiplicand, the multiplier, and the product.
- 3. The number repeated, or multiplied, is called the multiplicand.
- 4. The number that shows how many times the multiplicand is to be taken is called the multiplier.
  - 5. The result is called the product.

6. The sign of multiplication is x, and is read multiplied by, or times.

Thus,  $$7 \times 5$  is read \$7 multiplied by 5, or 5 times \$7.

7. The multiplicand and multiplier are factors of the product.

Nor.—When the product of more than two numbers is found by multiplying the first by the second, that result by the third, etc., the process is called *continuous multiplication*, and the final result the *continued product*.

#### SECTION IX.

#### How many are:

- 1. Two times 1? | 5. Two times 5? | 9. Two times 9?
- 2. Two times 2? | 6. Two times 6? | 10. Two times 10?
- 3. Two times 3? 7. Two times 7? 11. Two times 11?
- 4. Two times 4? | 8. Two times 8? | 12. Two times 12?
  - 13. What will 2 oranges cost, at 3 cents each?

ANALYSIS.—If 1 orange cost 3 cents, 2 oranges will cost two times 8 cents, or 6 cents.

- 14. There are 2 rows of squares, and 4 squares in each row; how many squares in all? Two times 4 squares are how many squares?
  - 15. What will 2 apples cost, at 3 cents each?
  - 16. What will 2 pine-apples cost, at 8 cents each?
  - 17. What will 2 pencils cost, at 8 cents each?
  - 18. What will 2 quails cost, at 11 cents each?
  - 19. What will 2 primers cost, at 12 cents each?
  - 20. What will 2 citrons cost, at 10 cents each?
  - 21. What will 2 tops cost, at 9 cents each?
  - 23. What will 2 lemons cost, at 4 cents each?

Read and complete the following:

23. 3 times 2 = ?	34. 4 times 2 = ?
24. 3 times 3 = ?	35. 4 times $3 = ?$
25. 3 times 4 = ?	36. 4 times 4 = ?
26. 3 times $5 = ?$	37. 4 times $5 = ?$
27. 3 times 6 = ?	38. 4 times 6 = ?
28. 3 times 7 = ?	39. 4 times 7 = ?
29. 3 times 8 = ?	40. 4 times $8 = ?$
30. 3 times 9 = ?	41. 4 times $9 = ?$
31. 3 times 10 = ?	42. 4 times 10 = ?
32. 3 times 11 = ?	43. 4 times 11 = ?
33. 3 times 12 = ?	44. 4 times $12 = ?$

45. Three times 4 squares are how many squares?

ANALYSIS.—Three times 4 squares are 12 squares.

46. If one orange cost 5 cents, how many cents will 3 oranges cost?







AWALYSIS.—If one orange cost 5 cents, 8 cranges will cost 8 times 5 cents, or 15 cents.

- . 47. What will 3 oranges cost, at 6 cents apiece?
  - 48. What will 3 yards of ribbon cost, at 7 cents a yard?
  - 49. What will 4 quarts of chestnuts cost, at 6¢ a quart?
  - 50. What will 4 yards of edging cost, at 5¢ a yard?
  - 61. What will 3 lbs. of sugar cost, at 8¢ a pound?
  - 52. What will 4 ounces of cinnamon cost, at  $7\phi$  an oz.?
  - 63. What will 3 pounds of cheese cost, at 10¢ a pound?

- 54. At 8¢ a sheet, what will 4 sheets of wadding cost?
- 55. What will 3 yards of calico cost, at 11 cents a yard?
- 56. At 9 cents a skein, what will 4 skeins of silk cost?
- 57. What will 3 yards of ribbon cost, at 12 cents a yard?
- 58. If starch is worth 12¢ a pound, what will 4 lbs. cost?
- 59. What will 4 candlesticks cost, at 11 cents each?
- 60. Find the cost of 4 tops, at 10 cents each.
- 61. If one apple cost 4 cents, what will 5 apples cost?

## Read and complete the following:

62. 
$$5 \times 5 = ?$$
 70.  $5 \times 11 = ?$  78.  $6 \times 11 = ?$  63.  $5 \times 6 = ?$  71.  $6 \times 5 = ?$  79.  $7 \times 6 = ?$  64.  $5 \times 7 = ?$  72.  $6 \times 6 = ?$  80.  $7 \times 8 = ?$  65.  $5 \times 9 = ?$  73.  $6 \times 8 = ?$  81.  $7 \times 7 = ?$  66.  $5 \times 8 = ?$  74.  $6 \times 7 = ?$  82.  $7 \times 10 = ?$  67.  $5 \times 5 = ?$  76.  $6 \times 10 = ?$  83.  $7 \times 9 = ?$  68.  $5 \times 10 = ?$  76.  $6 \times 9 = ?$  84.  $7 \times 12 = ?$  69.  $5 \times 12 = ?$  77.  $6 \times 12 = ?$  85.  $7 \times 11 = ?$ 

- 86. Find the cost of 5 barrels of flour, at \$6 a barrel.
- 87. At 5 dimes a bushel, what will 5 bu. of potatoes cost?

### Find the cost of:

- 88. 6 primers, at 6 cents each.
- 89. 5 barrels of fish, at 7 dollars a barrel.
- 90. 6 pounds of mutton, at 7 cents a pound.
- 91. 5 barrels of sugar, at 12 dollars a barrel.
- 92. 6 pounds of almonds, at 12 cents a pound.
- 93. 6 pounds of candles, at 9 cents a pound.
- 94. 5 coats, at 9 dollars each.
- 95. 6 handkerchiefs, at 11 cents each.
- 96. 6 inkstands, at 8 cents each.
- 97. 7 lamps, at 9 dimes each.
- 98. 7 plows, at 8 dollars each.
- 99. 7 quires of paper, at 12¢ a quire.
- 100. 7 letter-folders. at 11 cents each.

#### How many are:

- 101. 8 times 8? | 106. 9 times 9? | 109. 9 times 10?
- 102. 8 times 10? | 106. 8 times 9? | 110. 8 times 11?
- 103. 9 times 8? | 107. 9 times 11? | 111. 9 times 12?
- 104. 8 times 7? | 108. 8 times 12? | 112. 8 times 6?

#### Find the cost of:

- 113. 9 bunches of roses, at 9 cents a bunch.
- 111. 8 pen-knives, at 12 cents each.
- 115. 9 bunches of grapes, at 12 cents a bunch.
- 116. 11 yards of calico, at 11 cents a yard.
- 117. 10 balls of cotton, at 12 cents a ball.
- 118. 11 pounds of ginger, at 12 cents a pound.
- 119. 10 blocks of tape, at 8 cents a block.
- 120. 12 yards of cloth, at 12 dimes a yard.

#### SECTION X.

#### DITION, SUBTRACTION, AND MULTIPLICATION COMBINED

- 1. At 7 cents each, what will 9 pine-apples cost?
- 2. If the postage on 1 letter is 5 cents, what will be the pustage on 8 letters?
- 3. If it require 8 yards of calico to make 1 dress, how many yards will it require to make 7 dresses?
- 4. If John obtain 2 credit-marks in one day, how many will he have in 15 days?
- $\delta$ ... A man hired a horse to ride 12 miles, at the rate of 5 cents a mile; how much must he pay?
- 6. Margaret's cloak contains 7 yards of merino, worth 9 limes a yard; what is the value of her cloak?
- 7. If a stage-coach go 9 miles in an hour, how far will it go in 7 hours? How far in 9 hours?
- 8. At 8 dollars a week, how much will 5 weeks' board amount to?

- 9. If the fare by railroad from Albany to Buffalo is 6 dollars for 1 person, how much will it be for 9 persons?
- 10. Helen had 8 rose bushes, and there were 7 roses on each; how many roses had she in all?
- 11. At 3 dimes a gallon, what will 15 gallons of molasses cost? How many cents?

Note.—One dime = 10 cents,

- 12. There are 10 rows of trees in an orchard, and 12 trees in each row; how many trees in all?
- 13. A traveler gave 3 dimes to each of 13 beggars; how many dimes did he give to all?
- 14. A woman bought 11 yards of cloth, and paid for it with butter, giving 9 pounds for a yard; how many pounds of butter did it take to pay for the cloth? How much did the cloth cost, provided the butter was worth 10 cents a pound?
- 15. In a certain corn field there are 24 rows, and 30 hills in each row; how many hills in the field?
  - 16. What will 40 steel pens cost, at 2 cents each?
  - 17. What will 8 books cost, at 3 dimes each?
- 18. When 2 dimes are paid for 1 duck, what will be the cost of 8 ducks? of 10 ducks? of 12 ducks?
- 19. When hay is worth 8 dollars a ton, what is the value of 2 tons? of 4 tons? of 3 tons? of 7 tons? of 5 tons? of 10 tons? of 12 tons? of 14 tons?
- 20. At 2 dimes each, how many cents will 4 books cost? 6 books? 10 books? 12 books? 11 books? 7 books? 16 books? 13 books? 14 books?
- 21. If 5 cents will buy one primer, what will be the cost of 4 primers? of 6? of 9? of 8? of 10?
  - 22. 6 plates, at 5 dimes each, will cost how much?

- 23. At 5 dimes each, how much will 4 handkerchiefs cost? 6? 8? 10? 12? 14? 11? 16?
- 24. At 6 dimes each, how many cents will 2 geese cost? 4? 5? 8? 10? 12? 9? 7?
- 25. At 12 cents each, how much will 3 candlesticks cost? How much will 6? 5? 8? 9? 10? 7?
- 26. If I pay 5 cents for riding 1 mile, how much must I pay for riding 7 miles? 8 miles? 9? 6? 10? 12?
- 27. At 7 cents a yard, how much will 5 yards of ribbon cost? 6 yards? 8 yards? 9 yards? 12 yards?
  - 28. If a tooth-brush cost 18¢, how much will 4 cost?
  - 29. 9 turkeys will cost how much, at 8 dimes each?
- 30. At 14 cents a quire, how much will 2 quires of paper cost? 3 quires? 4 quires? 5 quires?
- 31. How much will 7 pictures cost, at 5 cents each? at 6 cents each? at 8 cents each? at 10 cents each?
- 32. How much will 8 knives cost, at 6 dimes each? at 10 dimes each?
- 33. At 10 dimes each, how much will 4 caps cost? 5? 6? 8? 9? 12? 14? 17? 19? 21? 25?
- 34. At 40 cents a day, how much will 2 days' work amount to? 5 days' work?
- 35. If one paper of candy cost 6 cents, how much will 3 papers cost? 5 papers? 8 papers? 12 papers?
- 36. At 7 dollars a hundred feet, how much will 4 hundred feet of cedar boards cost? 9 hundred feet? 10 hundred feet?
- 37. If 1 bushel of wheat cost 60 cents, how much will 6 bushels cost? 4 bushels? 5 bushels?
  - 38. How much will 8 muffs cost, at 12 dollars each?
  - 39. How much will 19 pencils cost, at 5 cents each?

- 40. How much will 11 boxes of cheese cost, at 4 dollars a box? at 5 dollars a box? at 8 dollars a box?
- 41. How much will 12 barrels of pork cost, at 5 dollars a barrel? at \$8? at \$9? at \$10?
  - 42. What will 9 tons of hay cost, at \$13 a ton?
- 43. James is 9 years old, and his father is 4 times as old; how old is his father?
- 44. Jane's gown contains 7 yds. of silk, at 8 dimes a yard; what is the silk worth? If the making cost \$2, what is the entire cost?
- 45. If a barrel of flour will serve 12 men 8 days, how long will it serve 1 man?
- 46. If I earn 12 dollars in a month, and spend 8, how much shall I have at the end of 12 months?
- 47. If I earn \$12 a month, and pay 25 cents a week for washing, and \$2 a week for board, how much shall I have at the end of 40 weeks (10 months)?
- 48. If I buy 9 tons of hay, at \$12 a ton, and sell 6 tons, at \$15 a ton, and the 3 remaining tons, at \$10 a ton, how much shall I gain?
- 49. Bought 11 yards of broadcloth, at 4 dollars a yard, but, as it was damaged, I lost 18 dollars by the sale of it; how much did I receive for it?
- 50. If I buy 12 barrels of pork, at \$8 a barrel, and sell it all for \$108, how much shall I gain?
- 51. A man bought a horse for \$80, paid \$2 a week for his keeping, and received \$4 a week for his work; at the expiration of 10 weeks he sold him for \$70; how much did he gain?
- 52. For how much must I sell 4 barrels of wheat which cost me \$8 a barrel, to gain \$8?
  - 53. What is the cost of 9 cows, at 25 dollars each?

- 54. If a man travel 20 miles in a day, how many miles will he travel in 6 days?
- 55. How much will 8 months' wages amount to, at 18 dollars a month?
- 56. If 18 pounds of butter last 10 men 1 week, how long would it last one man?
- 57. If 80 dollars will pay for 4 dinners for 20 men, how many dinners will it buy for 1 man?
- 58. Bought 3 yards of cloth for a coat, at \$7 a yard, the buttons and cord cost \$2, buckram and wadding \$1, paid for making it \$6; for how much must I sell it to gain \$5?
- 59. If 17 men can do a piece of work in 9 days, how many days will it take 1 man to perform the same work?
- 60. Two men start from the same place, and travel in opposite directions, one at the rate of 7 miles an hour, the other, 9 miles an hour; how far areat will they be in 2 hours?
- 61. Two men start from the same place, and travel in the same direction, one at the rate of 3 miles an hour, the other, 8 miles an hour; how far apart will they be at the end of 8 hours?
- 62. Two men are 50 miles apart, and approach each other, one at the rate of 2 miles an hour, the other, 3 miles an hour; how far apart will they be at the end of 5 hours?
- 63. If 1 orange is worth 4 apples, how many apples must be given for 13 oranges?
- 64. A boy earned 80 cents a day, and paid 50 cents a day for his board and washing; how much had he left at the expiration of 6 days?
- 65. Jane bought 8 yards of silk at \$2 a yard, 3 shawls at \$10 each, and some muslin for \$2; she paid 5 ten-dollar bills; how much ought she to receive back?

- 66. Mary bought 5 yards of silk, at 8 dimes a yard, and 8 yards of linen, at 9 dimes a yard; how many yards did she buy, and how much did all cost? How many dollars and cents?
- 67. In a certain school there are 12 girls, and 3 times as many boys, less 8; how many boys in the school? How many boys and girls together?
- 68. John has 7 books, and Mary has 18 less than 4 times as many; how many has Mary, and how many have both?
- 69. Albert has 9 marbles, Aaron 3 times as many, less 7, and Amos has twice as many as both, less 8; how many has each, and how many have they together?
- 70. Perry worked for Elisha 4 days, at 6 dimes a day; Elisha gave him 7 bushels of corn, at 3 dimes a bushel; how much was then due Perry?
- 71. A merchant bought 25 pounds of sugar for 125 cents, and sold 15 pounds of it, at 6 cents a pound, and the remaining 10 pounds, at 4 cents a pound; how much did he gain by so doing?
- 72. If the interest on 1 dollar for a year is 6 cents, how much is the interest on 13 dollars for the same time?
- 73. When beef is 5 cents a pound, and pork 9 cents, how much more will 9 pounds of pork cost than 9 pounds of beef?
- 74. A farmer sold 9 sheep, at \$8 each, and 5 lambs at \$3 each; how much did he get for all?
- 75. If a man earn 50 dollars in 5 weeks, and pay of his earnings 3 dollars a week for board, how many dollars will he have left?
- 76. A and B start at the same time in the same direction; A travels 21 miles a day, B 27 miles. In how many days will they be 72 miles apart?

# IV. DIVISION.

1. Division is the process of finding how many times one number is contained in another of the same kind.

Also, of finding one of the equal parts of a number.

- 2. The number divided is called the dividend.
- 3. The number by which the dividend is divided is called the divisor.
  - 4. The result is called the quotient.

The quotient indicates the number of times one number is contained in another; or it is one of the equal parts into which a number is divided.

- 5. When the divisor is not contained an exact number of times in the dividend (the division being incomplete), the part left over is called the *remainder*.
- **6.** The sign of division is  $\div$ , and is read divided by. It denotes that the number on the left is to be divided by the one on the right.

Thus, 12+4=3, is read 12 divided by 4 equals 3, or 4 is contained in 12 three times.

# Two Pears Two Pears Two Pears Two Pears Two Pears Two Pears

1. 8 are how many times 2?

ANALYSIS.—8 are as many times 2 as 2 is contained times in 8, which are 4 times.

- 2. 6 are how many times 2? | 12. 21 are how many times 3?
- 3. 4 are how many times  $2? \mid 13$ . 24 are how many times 3?
- 4. 10 are how many times 2? | 14. 16 are how many times 2?
- 5. 12 are how many times 2? | 15. 18 are how many times 2?
- 6. 14 are how many times 2? | 16. 20 are how many times 2?
- 7. 6 are how many times 3? 17. 22 are how many times 2?
- 8. 9 are how many times 3? 18. 24 are how many times 2?
- 9. 12 are how many times 3? 19. 26 are how many times 2?
- 5. 12 are now many times 5: 15. 20 are now many times 2:
- 10. 15 are how many times 3?  $\mid 20$ . 28 are how many times 2?
- 11. 18 are how many times 3?  $\mid 21$ . 30 are how many times 2?
- 22. At 2 cents each, how many apples can you buy for 4 cents?

ANALYSIS 1ST.—If for 2 cents I can buy 1 apple, for 4 cents I can buy as many apples as 2 cents is contained times in 4 cents, which are 2 times. Therefore, at 2 cents each, for 4 cents I can buy 2 apples.

ANALYSIS 2D.—If 2 cents will buy 1 apple, 4 cents will buy as many apples as 2 is contained times in 4, which are 2 times; therefore, etc.

- 23. At 2 cents each, how many oranges can I buy for 6 cents?
  - 24. At 2 cents each, how many peaches for 8 cents?
- 25. At 3 dimes a yard, how many yards of calico can be bought for 12 dimes?
  - 26. At 3 cents each, how many lemons for 9 cents?
  - 27. At 2¢ a yard, how many yds. of tape for 10 cents?
- 28. At 2 dimes a bushel, how many bushels of apples can be had for 12 dimes?
- 29. How many pounds of ginger, at 2 dimes a pound, can be had for 14 dimes?
- 30. How many baskets of strawberries, at 3 cents a basket, can be had for 15 cents?
- 31. For \$16, how many yds. of cloth can be had, at 2 dollars a yard?

- 32. For 18 apples, how many oranges can be bought, at the rate of 2 apples for 1 orange?
- 33. How many primers, at 2 cents each, can be bought for 24 cents?
- 34. How many barrels of flour, at 5 dollars a barrel, can be bought for 20 dollars?
- 35. For 22 dollars, how many sheep can be bought, at 2 dollars each?
- 36. How many melons can be had for 18 dimes, at 3 dimes each?
  - 37. At 3 cents each, how many tops will 6 cents buy?
  - 38. At 3 dimes a peck, how many beans will \$2.10 buy?
  - 39. At 3 cents a mile, how far can I ride for 24 cents?
  - 40. At 4 dimes a bushel, how much rye will \$1.20 buy?
- 41. How many books, at 4 dimes each, can be bought for 20 dimes?
  - 42.  $8 \div 4 = ?$  47.  $20 \div 5 = ?$  52.  $36 \div 4 = ?$  43.  $12 \div 4 = ?$  48.  $28 \div 7 = ?$  53.  $40 \div 5 = ?$
  - 44.  $16 \div 4 = ?$  49.  $32 \div 4 = ?$  54.  $44 \div 4 = ?$
  - 45.  $10 \div 5 = ?$  | 50.  $30 \div 5 = ?$  | 55.  $30 \div 6 = ?$
  - 46.  $10 \div 5 = ?$  |  $60. 30 \div 5 = ?$  |  $66. 30 \div 6 = ?$  |  $66. 48 \div 8 = ?$
  - 57. 24 contains 8 how many times? 4? 12? 3?
    ANALYSIS.—24 contains 8, 3 times [because 3 times 8 are 24].
  - 58. 36 contains 9 how many times? 6? 3? 2?
  - 59. 54 contains 2 how many times? 3? 9?
  - 60. 75 contains 3 how many times? 5? 15?
  - 61. 64 contains 2 how many times? 4? 8? 16?
- 62. At 5 dimes each, how many chickens can be had for 25 dimes?
- 63. If the cost of 1 book is 4 dimes, what will be the cost of 9 books?

- 64. How many days will a boy be required to work for 12 dimes, if he receive 4 dimes a day?
- 65. If a boy spends 5 cents a day, how many days will it take him to spend 15 cents?
- 66. John had 20 marbles, and divided them equally among 5 boys; how many did each receive?

ANALYSIS.—If 5 boys receive 20 marbles, one boy will receive onefifth of 20 marbles, or 4 marbles. Therefore, each boy received 4 marbles.

Note.—When the divisor and dividend are of the same kind we say, in the analysis, contained in, as in Example 1, when of different kinds, the analysis must be as in Example 66.

- 67. A boy divided 28 cents equally among 4 poor women; how many cents did each receive?
- 68. A farmer gave 4 of his laborers 32 bushels of corn; how many bushels did each receive?
  - 69. If 5 pencils cost 30 cents, what will 1 cost?
- 70. At 5 cents a yard, how many yards of ribbon can be had for 35 cents? how many for 50 cents?
- 71. How many pine-apples, at 8 cents each, can be obtained for 40 cents? for 56 cents?
- 72. If a man travel 36 miles in 9 hours, how many miles does he travel in 1 hour?
- 73. If a man travel 5 miles in an hour, how many hours will it take him to travel 40 miles?
- 74. How many yards of cloth, at 4 dollars a yard, can you buy for 32 dollars?
- 75. In a certain orchard are 48 trees standing in rows, and 6 trees in each row; how many rows are in the orchard?

- 76. For 56 dollars, how many barrels of pork can be bought, at 8 dollars a barrel?
- 77. If a man can travel 6 miles in an hour, in how many hours can he travel 42 miles?
- 78. How many yards of cloth, at 4 dollars a yard, can you buy for 36 dollars?
- 79. A butcher gave 39 dollars for sheep, at the rate of 3 dollars each; how many sheep did he buy?
- 80. 45 dollars were given for 9 barrels of flour; how much was it a barrel?

# SECTION XII.

- 1. 20 are how many times 2? 4? 5!
- 2. 22 are how many times 11?
- 3. 24 are how many times 3? 4? 2?
- 4. 25 are how many times 5?
- 5. 28 are how many times 2? 7? 14?
- 6. 30 are how many times 2? 3? 5? 6?
- 7. 32 are how many times 2? 4? 16? 8?
- 8. 34 are how many times 17?
- 9. 40 are how many times 2? 4? 5? 8?
- 10. 44 are how many times 2? 4? 11?
- 11. 46 are how many times 23?
- 12. 48 are how many times 2? 3? 4? 6? 8? 12
- 13. 50 are how many times 2? 10?
- 14. 56 are how many times 2? 7? 14?
- 15. 57 are how many times 3?
- 16. 60 are how many times 2? 3? 4? 5? 6?
- 17. 64 are how many times 2? 4? 8? 16?
- 18. 66 are how many times 2? 3? 6? 11?
- 19. 68 are how many times 2? 4?
- 20. 70 are how many times 10? 2?
- 21. 72 are how many times 2? 4? 6? 8? 12?

- 22. 5 are how many times 2, and how many remaining?

  REMARK.—Whenever there is a remainder, it may be mentioned simply as a remainder.
  - 23. 7 are how many times 2?
  - 24. 17 are how many times 4? 2? 5? 8?
  - 25. 18 are how many times 6? 4? 2?
  - 26. 34 are how many times 4? 6? 5? 2?
  - 27. 25 are how many times 5? 4? 2? 3?
  - 28. 16 are how many times 9? 4? 8? 7
  - 29. 32 are how many times 7? 5? 6?
  - 30. 63 are how many times 9? 4? 5? 6?
  - 31. 74 are how many times 2? 4? 6? 7?
  - 32. 80 are how many times 2? 3? 4? 5? 6? 7? 8?
  - 33. 84 are how many times 2? 3? 4? 5? 6? 7? 8?
  - 84. 15 are how many times 4? 6? 7? 8?
  - 35. 29 are how many times 2? 3? 4? 5? 6? 7?
  - 36. 90 are how many times 2? 4? 6? 8? 9? 11?
  - 87. 144 are how many times 2? 4? 6? 8? 12?

# SECTION XIII.

2. At 2 cents each, how many lemons can I buy for 14 cents?

ANALYSIS 1ST.—If for 2 cents I can buy 1 lemon, for 14 I can buy as many lemons as 2 is contained times in 14, which are 7 times.

- A NALYSIS 2D.—If for 2 cents I can buy 1 lemon, for 1 cent I can buy 1 half of a lemon, and for 14 cents, 14 times 1 half, which are 14 halves, or 7 lemons.
- 2. How many boxes of cheese, at 4 dollars a box, can be had for 12 dollars?
- 3. If one hundred pounds of hay cost 3 dollars, how many hundred pounds can be had for 15 dollars?
- 4. If one barrel of flour support 20 persons one week, how many persons will it support 4 weeks?

- 6. If 1 man can ride 1 mile for 4 cents, how far can 2 men ride for 80 cents?
- 6. If 10 men accomplish a certain piece of work in 2 days, how long will it take 1 man to do the same?
- 7. If 3 yards of cloth make 1 coat, how many coats will 18 yards make?
- 8. If I receive 12 dollars interest in one year, in how many years shall I receive 144 dollars interest?
- 9. A man traveled 7 miles in 1 hour; at the same rate how long would it take him to travel 63 miles?
- 10. If 1 cow cost 13 dollars, how many cows can be had for 65 dollars?
- 11. How many pens can you buy for 27 cents, if 1 pen cost 3 cents?
- 12. If 8 apples are worth 40 chestnuts, how many chestnuts is 1 apple worth?
- 13. How many cents is 1 lemon worth, if 12 lemons are worth 48 cents?
- 14. How much will 1 cord of wood cost, if 20 cords cost 40 dollars?

ANALYSIS.—If 20 cords of wood cost 40 dollars, one cord (which is one-twentieth of 20 cords) will cost one-twentieth of 40 dollars, or \$2.

- 15. If 1 pound of beef cost 7 cents, how much will 19 pounds cost?
- 16. For 147 cents, how many pounds of sugar can be bought, at 7 cents a pound?
- 17. If 9 yards of cloth cost 53 dollars, for how much must it be sold a yard to gain 10 dollars?
- 18. If 7 barrels of flour cost 38 dollars, and were sold at 7 dollars a barrel, what was the gain?
- 19. How many peaches, at 4 cents each, can be bought for 96 cents?

- 20. How many yards of cloth, at 4 dollars a yard, can be bought for 116 dollars?
- 21. How many oranges, at 3 cents each, must be given for 18 lemons worth 4 cents each?
  - 22. If 15 sheep cost 75 dollars, what will 1 sheep cost?
- 23. Will 4 barrels of wheat flour, at 9 dollars a barrel, cost more than 12 barrels of corn at 4 dollars a barrel? How much more?
- 24. How many barrels of beef, at 3 dollars a barrel, can be bought for 54 dollars?
- 25. How many pounds of fish, at 5 cents a pound, can be had for 95 cents?
- 26. At 7 cents a pound, how many pounds of lead can be had for 84 cents?
- 27. How long will it require to travel 105 miles, at the rate of 5 miles an hour?
- 28. A person divided 72 peaches equally among 6 boys; how many did each receive?
- 29. 148 marbles were divided equally among some boys; how many boys were there, provided each boy received 2 marbles?
- 30. How many pounds of butter, at 14 cents a pound, can be bought for 28 apples, at 3 cents each?
- 31. At 7 cents a bottle, how many bottles of ink can you buy for 14 sheets of paper, at 2 cents a sheet?
- 32. In how many days can 2 men do as much work as 6 men in 3 days?

ANALYSIS.—If 6 men can do a certain amount of work in 8 days, 1 man can do the same work in 6 times 3 days, which are 18 days; and 2 men can do it in one-half of 18 days, which is 9 days.

Or, 6 men in 3 days can do 18 days' work, and 2 men can do 18 days' work in one-half of 18 days, or 9 days.

- 33. In how many days can 1 man do as much as 7 men in 8 days?
- 34. In how many days can 4 men earn as much as 8 men in 6 days?
- 35. In how many days can 15 men earn as much as 3 men in 25 days?
- 36. In how many months will 6 horses eat as much as 18 horses in 5 months?
- 57. How many men can in 7 days earn as much as 28 men in 4 days?
- 38. In 10 days 6 men will earn as much as how many men in 5 days?
- 39. How many yards of cloth, at \$4 a yard, may be had for 4 sets of chairs, at \$12 a set?
- 40. Gave 13 bbls. of flour, worth \$4 a bbl., for 26 yards of cloth; how much was the cloth a yard?
- 41. The dividend is 108, and the divisor is 12; required the quotient.
- 42. The dividend is 96, and the quotient is 4; what is the divisor?
- 43. The quotient is 7, and the divisor is 9; what is the dividend?

#### SECTION XIV.

#### THE FOUR FUNDAMENTAL RULES COMBINED.

1. 4 times 6 are how many times 2?

ANALYSIS.—4 times 6 are 24. 24 are 12 times 2. Therefore, 4 times 6 are 12 times 2.

- 2. 4 times 9 are how many times 3?
- 3. 4 times 8 are how many times 2?
- 4. 4 times 10 are how many times 5?
- 5. 4 times 12 are how many times 6?

- 6. 4 times 14 are how many times 7?
- 7. 5 times 9 are how many times 15?
- 8. 5 times 8 are how many times 4?
- 9. 5 times 12 are how many times 15? 6?
- 10. 6 times 7 are how many times 2?
- 11. 6 times 8 are how many times 12? 3?
- 12. 4 times 6 are how many times 8?
- 13. 7 times 15 are how many times 5?
- 14. 12 times 7 are how many times 21?
- 15. 8 times 7 are how many times 4?
- 16. How many times 12 are 9 times 4?
- 17. How many times 20 are 5 times 4?
- 18. How many times 9 are 3 times 21, +9?
- 19. How many times 5 are 7 times 15, +10-5?
- 20. How many times 9 are 3 times 36, -2+11?
- 21. How many times 12 are 9 times 4, +24-12?
- 22. How many times 21 are 9 times 14, +42?
- 23. How many times 7 are 3 times 14, +21-14?
- 24. How many times 5 are 8 times 10, +5-15?
- 25. How many times 5 are 10 times 6, +15+5?
- 26. How many times 5 are 6 times 15, +10+15?
- 27. 10 times 4, +2, are how many times 7? 2?
- 28. 8 times 9, -2, are how many times 5?
- 29. 12 times 8, -8, are how many times 2?
- 30. 26 times 11, -6, are how many times 28?
- 31. 7 times 8, +4, are how many times 12?

#### SECTION XV.

# QUESTIONS COMBINING MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION,

1. If 2 apples cost 4 cents, how many cents will 3 apples cost?

ANALYSIS.—If 2 apples cost 4 cents, 1 apple will cost 1 half of 4 cents, which is 2 cents. If 1 apple costs 2 cents, 8 apples will cost 3 times 2 cents, which are 6 cents.

- 2. If 2 pears cost 16 cents, how much will 5 pears cost?
- 3. If 4 quinces cost 12 cents, how much will 3 quinces cost?
- 4. If 6 oranges cost 18 cents, what will be the cost of 9 oranges? of 7? of 12?
- 5. If 7 peaches cost 21 cents, how many peaches can be bought for 27 cents?
- 6. If 4 lemons cost 24 cents, how much will 7 lemons cost? How many lemons for 48 cents?
- 7. If 3 yards of tape cost 18 cents, how much will 6 yards cost?
- 8. If 7 hair-brushes cost 28 dimes, how many cents will 6 hair-brushes cost?
- 9. If 9 yards of muslin cost 108 cents, how much will 7 yards cost?
- 10. If 11 books cost 44 dimes, how many cents will 7 books cost?
  - 11. If 12 ink-stands cost 96 cents, what will 2 cost?
- 12. If 10 lead-pencils cost 30 cents, how much will be the cost of 7? of 9? of 2? of 15? of 12?
- 13. How much will 13 yards of silk cost, if 5 yards cost 45 dimes?
- 14. If a man travel 15 miles in 3 hours, how far, at this rate, can he travel in 9 hours? 5 hours? 7 hours?
- 15. If the cartage of a load of plaster 20 miles cost 4 dollars, how far could it be carried for 12 dollars?
- 16. How many pairs of pantaloons can be cut out of 21 yards of cloth, if 3 pairs can be cut out of 9 yards of the same kind of cloth?
- 17. How much will 30 pounds of sugar cost, if 6 pounds cost 42 cents?

- 18. How much will 18 pounds of veal cost, if 6 pounds cost 42 cents?
- 19. How much will 75 pounds of pork cost, if 9 pounds cost 75 cents?
- 20. How much will 20 weeks' board amount to, if 7 weeks' board cost 35 dollars?
- 21. How much will be the wages for 1 year, if 4 months' wages amount to 48 dollars?
- 22. How much will be the cost of 25 bushels of apples, if 13 bushels cost 260 cents?
- 23. How much will 14 pounds of cheese cost, if 6 pounds cost 54 cents?
  - 24. What cost 36 quarts of milk, at 35 cts. for 7 quarts?
- 25. If 4 men can do a piece of work in 12 days, in how many days can 3 men do the same work?
- 26. If 4 books cost 48 cents, how many can I buy for 72 cents?
- 27. If \$32 will buy 8 yds. of cloth, how many yds. will \$56 buy?
- 28. How many bbls of flour can you buy for \$48, if 3 bbls. cost \$18?
- 29. I gave 72 dollars for a quantity of cotton, and sold it for 12 yards of cloth; how much did the cloth cost me a vard?
- 30. Gave 15 pounds of sugar for 5 pounds of butter; how much did the butter cost a pound, provided 8 pounds of sugar were worth 56 cents?
- 31. If 4 chestnuts are worth 8 walnuts, how many walnuts are 27 chestnuts worth?
- 32. If 7 yards of broadcloth are worth 35 dollars, how many boxes of butter, at 3 dollars a box, would 9 yards of this cloth buy?

- 83. A man bought 4 barrels of flour for 20 dollars, and gave 3 of them for cider, at 3 dollars a barrel; how many barrels of cider did he get?
- 34. A man bought 14 barrels of cider for 56 dollars, and gave 5 barrels of it for cloth, at 2 dollars a yard; how many yards did he receive?
- 35. A merchant having 15 yards of cloth worth 75 dollars, gave 10 of them for pork, worth 10 dollars a barrel; how many barrels did he receive?
- 36. When 9 bushels of rye were worth 45 dimes, 12 bushels were given for 15 yards of cloth; how much did the cloth cost a yard?
- 37. If 35 yards of cloth cost 140 dollars, how much will 95 yards of the same cloth cost?
- 38. Two boys are 32 rods apart, and both running in the same direction; the hindermost boy gains on the other 4 rods each minute; in how many minutes will he overtake him?

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- 39. How many boxes will be required to contain 56 bushels, provided each box contains 8 bushels?
- 40. How many barrels of onions, at 3 dollars a barrel, must be given for 21 boxes of raisins, at 2 dollars a box?
- 41. A farmer bought 9 yards of cloth, at 4 dollars a yard, and paid for it with apples, at 3 dollars a barrel; how many barrels did it take?
- 42. How long would it take a man to save 24 dollars, if he save 2 dollars a week?
- 43. A farmer agreed to give a laborer 6 dollars for every 3 days' work; how much did he receive a week, allowing 6 working days in a week? how much a month, allowing 4 weeks to the month?
- 44. If 4 oranges are worth 12 cents, how many oranges must be given for 6 pine-apples, worth 12 cents each?

- 45. How many yards of cloth, at \$2 a yard, can be bought for 4 reams of paper, at 5 dollars a ream?
- 46. If 2 apples are worth 1 orange, and 2 oranges are worth 1 lemon, how many lemons can be bought for 48 apples?
- 47. Bought 5 firkins of butter for 35 dollars; for what must I sell it to gain 10 dollars; what is the gain on each firkin?

# SECTION XVI.

#### DRILL EXERCISES.

In the table below may be found all the products from 6 to 144 inclusive, of any two factors, not less than 2 nor greater than 12.

These should be thoroughly learned, and may be repeated in the reverse, as well as in the direct order.

$$3 \times 3 = 6$$
.  $2 \times 12 = 24$ .  $6 \times 7 = 42$ .  $8 \times 9 = 72$ .  $8 \times 4 = 8$ .  $3 \times 8 = 24$ .  $4 \times 11 = 44$ .  $6 \times 12 = 72$ .  $8 \times 3 = 9$ .  $4 \times 6 = 24$ .  $5 \times 9 = 45$ .  $7 \times 11 = 77$ .  $8 \times 5 = 10$ .  $5 \times 5 = 25$ .  $8 \times 10 = 80$ .  $8 \times 10 = 80$ .  $8 \times 4 = 12$ .  $8 \times 7 = 28$ .  $8 \times 10 = 80$ .  $8 \times 4 = 12$ .  $8 \times 10 = 30$ .  $8 \times 10 = 30$ .  $8 \times 11 = 88$ .  $8 \times 5 = 15$ .  $8 \times 10 = 30$ .  $8 \times 11 = 88$ .  $8 \times 5 = 15$ .  $8 \times 6 = 30$ .  $8 \times 11 = 85$ .  $8 \times 12 = 96$ .  $8 \times 11 = 85$ .  $8 \times 12 = 96$ .  $8 \times 12 = 96$ .  $8 \times 13 = 99$ .  $9 \times 13 =$ 

As a table for division, the numbers in the third column may be used as dividends, and those in either the first or second as divisors Thus, 2 times 3 are 6; 3 times 2 are 6. 3 in 6, 2 times; 2 in 6, 3 times, 4 of 6 is 3; 4 of 6 is 2.

The products in the multiplication table from 2 to 144, are shown in the following table.

Name the factors, or several sets of factors of each number.

Thus, 24. Ans. 8 times 8, 8 times 8, 4 times 6, 6 times 4, 12 times 2, 2 times 12, etc.

2	9	18	28	42	55	72	99
3	10	20	<b>3</b> 0	44	56	77	100
4	11	21	32	<b>4</b> 5	60	80	108
5	12	22	<b>3</b> 3	48	63	81	110
6	14	24	35	49	<b>64</b>	88	121
7	15	25	<b>3</b> 6	50	66	90	132
8	16	27	40	<b>54</b>	70	96	144

# 1. 4 times 12 is how many times 16?

ANALYSIS.—4 times 12 is 48; 48 is 3 times 16 (or 48 is as many times 16 as 16 is contained times in 48, or 3 times); therefore, 4 times 12 is 3 times 16.

- 2. 5 times 15 = how many times 25?
- 3. 6 times 10 = how many times 12?
- 4. 3 times 21 = how many times 7?
- 5. 6 times 9 = how many times 3?
- 6. 6 times 12 = how many times 9?
- 7. One-fourth of 64 = how many times 8?

# How many are:

- 8. 3 times 15? 16? 17? 18? 20? 24? 25? 30?
- 9. 4 times 15? 16? 17? 18? 20? 24? 25? 30?
- 10. 5 times 15? 16? 17? 18? 20? 24? 25? 30?
- 11. 6 times 15? 16? 20? 24? 25? 30? 40? "

## 44 COMPOUND DENOMINATE NUMBERS.

12. Separate each of the following numbers into as many sets of two factors each as possible:

Thus,  $56 = 7 \times 8$ ,  $8 \times 7$ ;  $4 \times 14$ ,  $14 \times 4$ ;  $2 \times 28$ ,  $28 \times 2$ .

28	39	51	66	75	99
<b>3</b> 0	42	<b>54</b>	68	80	105
34	45	62	72	90	120
36	48	64	74	96	125

Note.—Frequent drills upon the most commonly recurring combinations of numbers should make the pupil thoroughly familiar with the composition and relation of all numbers under 100, especially those that are composite with factors greater than 2.

# V. COMPOUND DENOMINATE NUMBERS.











TABLE OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY.

10 mills (m.)	make	1	cent,	marked	ct.
10 cents	66	1	dime,	"	d.
10 dimes	66	1	dollar,	•	₿.
10 dollars	"	1	eagle,	46	E.

NOTE.—In business, as a general thing, only the dollar and cent are named; thus, instead of 3 eagles, 7 dollars, 6 dimes, 2 cents, and 5 mills, we write, \$37.62\frac{1}{4}, read 37 dollars, 62\frac{1}{4} cents.

# 1. How many mills in 4 cents?

ANALYSIS.—In 1 cent there are 10 mills, and in 4 cents there are 4 'mes 10 mills, or 40 mills.

- 2. How many mills in 3 cents? In 5 cents? In 8?
- 3. How many cents in 2 dimes? In 4 dimes? In 5 dimes? In 6 dimes? In 9 dimes? In 10 dimes?



- 4. How many dimes in \$1? In \$2? In \$3? In \$4? In \$5? In \$6?
  - 5. How many dimes in 1 E. and \$4? In 2 E. and \$8?
  - 6. How many cents in \$1? In \$2? In \$3? In \$4?
  - 7. How many dollars in 80 dimes?

ANALYSIS 1ST.—There are 10 dimes in \$1; therefore, 1 tenth of the number of dimes equals the number of dollars. 1 tenth of 80 is 8. Therefore, in 80 dimes there are \$8.

ANALYSIS 2D.—Since 10 dimes make 1 dollar, 80 dimes are as many dollars as 10 is contained times in 80, or 8 times; therefore, in 80 dimes there are \$8.

- 8. How many dimes in 60 cents? In 70 cents?
- 9. How many dollars in 200 cents? In 500 cents? In 800 cents? In 360 cents? In 705 cents?
- 10. If 3 yards of muslin cost 6 dimes, how many yards can be bought for \$1?

# SECTION XVIII.

#### TABLE OF ENGLISH MONEY.

Farthings are now usually written as fourths of a penny; thus, 9d. 3  $far. = 9\frac{3}{4}d$ .

4 farthings (far.)	make	1 penny,	marked	₫.	
12 pence	"	1 shilling,	"	8.	
20 shillings	66	1 pound.	46	£.	

A sovereign (sov.) is equal in value to £1.

1. How many shillings in £4 15 shillings?

ANALYSIS.—In £1 there are 20 shillings, and in £4 there are 4 times 20 shillings, which are 80 shillings. 80 shillings + 15 shillings, are 95 shillings.

- 2. How many pence in 1 shilling? In 4 shillings? In 3 shillings? In 7 shillings? In 9 shillings?
  - 3. How many shillings in £1? In £2? In £3?
  - 4. How many pence in £2 10 shillings 5 pence?
  - 5. How many pounds in 60 shillings? In 80s.?
  - 6. How many pounds in 480 pence? In 720d.?
- 7. At 4 shillings a bushel, how many pounds will 40 bushels of potatoes cost?
- 8. At 10 pence each, how many pounds will 48 pine-apples cost?
- 9. At 5 shillings a yard, how many yards of cloth can be bought for £2 15 shillings?

# SECTION XIX.

#### TABLE OF TROY WEIGHT.

<b>24</b> grains ( <i>gr</i> .)	$\mathbf{make}$	1 pennyweight,	marked <i>dwt.</i>
20 pennyweights	66	1 ounce,	" oz.
12 ounces	"	1 pound,	" <i>b</i> .

- 1. How many pennyweights in 240 grains?
- 2. How many pennyweights in 4 ounces? In 5 ounces? In 6 ounces?
- 3. How many ounces in 1 pound? In 3 pounds? In 5 pounds? In 8 pounds?
- 4. In 24 ounces how many pounds? In 48 ounces? In 36 ounces? In 60 ounces? In 84 ounces?
- 5. How many ounces in 20 pennyweights? In 40? In 60? In 70?

- 6. If 7 grains of gold cost 2 dimes and 8 cents, how much will 10 pennyweights cost?
  - 7. How many pounds in 480 pennyweights?
  - 8. How many grains in 2 oz. 2 pwt. 2 gr.?

## SECTION XX.

# TABLE OF AVOIRDUPOIS WEIGHT.

16 ounces (oz.)	make	1	pound,	marked	Ть.
25 pounds	"	1	quarter,	66	qr.
4 quarters, or 100	lb. "	1	hundred-weigh	ıt, "	owt.
20 cwt. or 2000 lb.	66	1	ton,	66	T.



- 1. How many ounces in 2 lb.? In 4 lb.? In 8 lb.?
- 2. How many quarters in 100 pounds? In 400 pounds? In 600 pounds? In 1200 pounds?
  - 3. How many pounds in 3 qr.? In 2 qr.? In 7 qr.?
  - 4. How many quarters in 2 hundred-weight?
  - 5. In 8 quarters how many hundred-weight?
  - 6. What will 2 tons of iron cost, if 1 lb. cost 1 dime?
  - 7. What will 40 tons of hay cost, at 2 dimes a qr.?

#### SECTION XXI.

#### TABLE OF LONG MEASURE.

12	inches (in.)	make	1	foot,	marked	ft.
8	feet	66	1	yard,	46	yd.
51	yards, or 161 feet,	66	1	rod,	46	rd.
820	rods	"	1	mile,	46	mi.

The following are sometimes used:



40 rd. = 1 furlong; 8 furlongs = 1 mile; 3 miles = 1 league; 69\frac{1}{2} miles = 1 degree 860° = 1 circle of the earth.

- 1. How many inches in 1 ft.? In 2 ft.? In 4 ft.?
- 2. How many feet in 2 yd.? In 6 yd.? In 5 yd.?
- 3. How many yards in 2 rods? In 4 rd.? In 8 rd.?
- 4. How many inches in 4 yd. 2 ft. 10 in.?
- 5. In 216 inches, how many yards? In 288 in.?
- 6. How many rods in 1 mile?
- 7. How many feet in 2 rods 3 yd. 2 ft. 11 in.?
- 8. How many feet in 1 mile?
- 9. In 1 yd. how many inches? How many feet?
- 10. How many inches in 1 vd.? In 1 of a vd.? In 1?
- 11. How many inches in \$ of a yd.? In \$? In \$?

# SECTION XXII.

# TABLE OF CLOTH MEASURE.

In Cloth Measure, the yard is the unit of measure, and is divided into halves, fourths, eighths, and sixteenths. The following table was formerly used:

21	inches	make	1 nail,	marked	na.
4	nails	66	1 quarter of a yard,	"	qr.
4	quarters	66	1 yard,	"	yd.
8	quarters	66	1 Ell Flemish,	u	E. Fl.
5	quarters	"	1 Ell English,	"	E. E.
6	quarters	44	1 Ell French.	66	E. Fr.

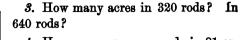
- 1. In 4 yd. 3 qr., how many quarters?
- 2. In 7 yd. 2 qr., how many Ells French?
- 3. In 3 yd. 3 qr., how many Ells Flemish?

# SECTION XXIII.

#### TABLE OF LAND MEASURE.

144	square	inches (sq.	in.) make	1	square foot,	89. ft.
	square				square yard,	sq.yd.
301	square	yards	44	1	square rod, or pole,	P.
160	square	roda	46		acre,	<b>4.</b>
640	acres		46	1	square mile.	80. 98.

- 1. How many square feet in 4 sq. yd.? In 8 sq. yd.?
- 2. How many rods in 4 acres? In 6 acres?



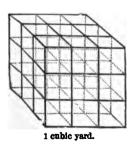
1 square inch.

- 4. How many square yards in 81 sq. ft.? In 108 sq. ft.?
- 6. How many square yards in 1 rod? 10 rods?
- 6. What is the difference between a surface that contains 12 square inches, and one that is 12 inches square? Explain what is meant by each.
- 7. How many square yards in a square that is 12 feet on each side?

# SECTION XXIV.

# TABLE OF CUBIC MEASURE.

1728 enbic inches (on. in.)	make 1 cubic foot,	ou.ft.
27 cubic feet	" 1 cubic yard,	cu. yd.
24} cubic feet	" 1 perch of stone,	pch.
16 cubic feet	" 1 cord foot,	c. ft.
8 cord feet, or ) 128 cubic feet	" 1 cord of wood,	o.



- 1. How many cubic feet in 4 cubic yards?
- 2. How many cubic feet in 4 perch of stone?
- 3. How many cords in 96 cord feet? In 72 c. ft.?
- 4. How many cords in 128 cu. ft.? In 384 cu. ft.?

Note.—If each edge of the cut above represents 3 linear feet, and each of the small squares a square foot, then it will be seen that there are  $2 \times 2 \times 8 = 27$  cubic feet in a cubic yard.

- 5. How many cord feet in 4 cords? In 6 cords?
- 6. What is the difference between a cubic yard and 9 cubic feet? Explain.



#### SECTION XXV.

# TABLE OF LIQUID MEASURE.

4 gills (gi.) make 1 pint, marked pt.
2 pints "1 quart, "qt.
4 quarts "1 gallon, "qal.

The following are sometimes used:

42 gallons	make	1	tierce,	marked	tier.
811 gallons	46	1	barrel,	"	bar.
2 barrels, or 63 gallons,	"	1	hogshead,	"	hhd.
2 hogsheads	"	1	pipe,	66	pi.
2 pipes	"	1	tun,	•	tun.

Note.—Barrels, tierces, hogsheads, pipes, and tuns are not measures, but vessels of variable capacity, which are gauged, the contents being sold by the gallon.

#### APOTHECARIES' LIQUID MEASURE.

# (USED IN COMPOUNDING LIQUID MEDICINES.)

60 minims (M)	make	1 dram,	marked	<i>f</i> 3.
8 drams	44	1 ounce,	. 46	f3.
16 ounces	44	1 pint,	44	<i>o</i> .
8 pints	44	1 gallon,	41	Cong.

Note.—Cong. is an abbreviation of congius, or gallon; and O. an abbreviation of octavius, an eighth (of a gallon, i. e., a pint). A minim of most freely flowing liquids is about a drop. A pint of pure water weighs a little more than a pound.

- 1. How many gills in 3 pints? In 4 pints?
- 2. In 3 qt., how many gills?
- 3. In 12 gallons, how many pints?
- 4. What will 5 gal. of vinegar cost, if 4 gi. cost 10 cents?
- 5. How many pints in 2 pipes?

- 6. A merchant bought a hogshead of molasses for 20 dollars, and sold it at the rate of 15 cents for 3 pints; how much did he gain by the bargain?
  - 7. What will 1 gal. of cream cost, at 21 cents for 7 gi.?
  - 8. In 4 quarts and 2 pints, how many gills?

# SECTION XXVI.

# TABLE OF DRY MEASURE.

2 pints	$\mathbf{make}$	1 qua	rt,	marked	qt.
8 quarts	66	1 peck	Σ,	44	pk.
4 pecks	66	1 busl	nel,	66	bu.



- 1. In 1 peck, how many pints?
- 2. 2 pecks will fill how many pint measures?
- 3. In 3 pecks and 3 quarts, how many pints?
- 4. In 1 bushel and 3 pecks, how many quarts?
- 5. In 1 bushel, how many quarts? How many pints?
- 6. If 8 pints of nuts cost 24 cents, what will 3 pecks cost?
- 7. A person sold 2 bushels and 1 peck (or 144 pints) of currants, at 2 cents a pint, and in payment received 1 bushel (or 64 pints) of gooseberries, at 4 cents a pint; how much remains due?

- 8. A market woman bought 4 quarts of strawberries for 29 cents, and sold them at 5 cents a pint; how much did she gain?
  - 9. What will 5 quarts of wheat cost, at 128¢ a bushel?

#### SECTION XXVII.

#### TABLE OF TIME.

60 seconds (sec.)	make	1 minute,	marked	m.
60 minutes	"	1 hour,	44	hr.
24 hours	"	1 day,	46	d.
7 days	"	1 week,	44	w.
865 days, } 12 months, }	"	1 common year,	44	yr.
866 days	4	1 leap year,	"	yr.
100 years	"	1 century,	"	C.

NOTE.—In leap year, February has 29 days. Any year the number of which is exactly divisible by 4, but not by 100, is a leap year. When the number is divisible by 400, it is also a leap year.

The solar year has 365 da. 5 hr. 48 m. 49.7 seconds.

# Names of the months, and number of days in each:

1.	January,	31 days.	7.	July,	31 days.
2.	February,	28, 29 days.	8.	August,	31 days.
3.	March,	31 days	9.	September,	30 days.
4.	April,	30 days.	10.	October,	31 days.
5.	May,	31 days.	<i>11</i> .	November,	30 days.
6.	June,	30 days.	12.	December,	31 days.

- 1. Name the months that have 31 days each.
- 2. Name the months that have only 30 days.
- 3. When has February only 28 days? When 29?

IF In our calculations on interest we shall reckon 30 days to the month, and 12 months to the year, although not strictly accurate. [See Sheldons' Complete Arithmetic, page 235.]

- 4. In 2 hours, how many seconds?
- 5. In 2 weeks and 5 days, how many days?

- 6. In 48 hours, how many days?
- 7. In 7200 seconds, how may hours?
- 8. In 1 da. 12 hr. and 10 min., how many minutes?
- 9. How many hours in a week? In 4 weeks?
- 10. If a boy can do a certain piece of work in 40 minutes, how many hours would it take him to perform 12 times as much work?
- 11. If I can do a piece of work in 10 minutes, how many hours would it take to perform 12 times as much work?

# SECTION XXVIII. MISCELLANEOUS TABLE.

- 1 dozen

L	umios	_		uozen.
12	dozen	=	1	gross.
12	gross	=	1	great gross.
20	units	=	1	score.
24	sheets of paper	=	1	quire.
20	quires	=	1	ream.
56	pounds	=	1	bushel of corn or rye.
60	pounds	=	1	bushel of wheat.
196	pounds	=	1	barrel of flour.
200	nonnde	_	1	harmal of nork or fleh

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * One Dozen.	1. What will 2 reams of paper cost, at 15 cents a quire?
* * * * * * * * * * * *	•
*********	2. How many sheets of paper in
* * * * * * * * * * * *	1 ream?
*********	I ream!
* * * * * * * * * * *	3. How many years in "3 score
*********	
*********	years and 10"?
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	4. How many units in a gross?
* * * * * * * * * * * *	5. What will 31 doz. pencils cost,
*********	•
*********	at \$2.88 a gross?
One Grees	0 II

One Gross. 6. How many pounds in one-eighth of a barrel of flour? In one-quarter of a barrel?

# VI. METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES-

# SECTION XXIX.



- 1. The meter (= 39.87 + inches) is the basis of the metric system, and the standard unit to which all others are related.
- 2. The square meter is the unit of surface, but in measuring land the are (= a surface 10 meters square, or containing 100 square meters) is the unit. The are is equal to 4 square rods nearly.
- 3. The *liter* (letter) is the unit of measures of capacity, and is equal to a cubic decimeter (or 61 cubic inches nearly), and contains  $2\frac{1}{10}$  pints, or 33.8 fluid ounces.
  - 4. The unit of measure for very small quan-

tities of fluids, as in compounding certain medicines, and in chemical ex-



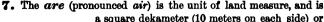
periments is the *milliliter*, the one thousandth of a liter, = 1 cubic millimeter, = 16 minims nearly.

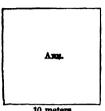
5. The unit of weight is the gram, equal to the weight of one cubic centimeter of pure water (or about 154 grains Troy).



**6.** The *kilogram* (often written *kilo*), and equal to the weight of one cubic decimeter of water, is the common business standard = 2.2 lbs. nearly. One *tonneau*, or ton, is 1000 kilos, or 2200 lbs.

Note.—The scale in square measure is 100, and in cubic measure, 1000. Why? See tables, p. 56.





10 meters.

a square dekameter (10 meters on each side) or 100 square meters, and is equal to 4 square rods nearly.

- 8. The hektare (100 ares) is the business standard for large quantities of land, and equals 21 acres nearly.
- 9. The cubic meter is equal to 35.3166 cubic feet. When used to measure wood, stone. or other bulky solids, it is called a stere (stair).

Ten steres (1 dekastere) are equal to about 24 cords.

- 10. Each of these units is divided decimally. Tenths, hundredths. etc., of the unit are designated by the Latin prefixes, deci, 10; centi, 100; milli, 1000; whilst the larger denominations are multiples of the unit (10 times, 100 times, etc.), and have the Greek prefixes, deka, hekto, etc.
- 11. The franc is the unit of value, and is a coin of the value of \$.186 U.S. currency; gold weight, 5 grains, silver, 🖧 of an ounce.
- 12. The metric system uses the decimal scale, as in U.S. money: and several denominations of the same unit may be written together as one number. Thus, 9 Mm. 7 Km. 5 Hm. 3 Dm.

 $8 \text{ m.} \cdot 4 \text{ dm. } 6 \text{ cm. } 5 \text{ mm. may be written } 97538.465 \text{ m}$ or 9.7538 Mm.



- 13. The 5-cent nickel (old coinage) weighs five grams, and is 2 centimeters in diameter.
- 14. The 25-cent piece weighs 4 of an ounce. and is \$1 of an inch in diameter (241 mm. nearly).

METRIC WEIGHT.

#### METRIC LINEAR MEASURE.

1 millimeter, mm.  10 mm. = 1 centimeter, cm.  10 cm. = 1 decimeter, dm.  10 dm. = 1 meter, m.  10 m. = 1 dekameter, Dm.  10 Dm. = 1 hektometer, Hm.	1 milligram, mg. 10 mg. = 1 centigram, cg. 10 cg. = 1 decigram, dg. 10 dg. = 1 gram, g. 10 g. = 1 dekagram, Dg.
10 $Hm. = 1$ kilometer, $Hm.$	10 $Dg$ . = 1 hektogram, $Hg$ . 10 $Hg$ . = 1 kilogram, $Kg$ .
10 $Km_c = 1$ myriameter, $Mm_c$	1000 kilos. = 1 ton, T.

## METRIC SOUARE MEASURE.

#### METRIC CAPACITY MEASURE.

<u> </u>	
1 sq. millimeter, sq. mm.	1 milliliter, ml
100 sq. $mm. = 1$ sq. centimeter, sq. $cm.$	10 $ml. = 1$ centiliter, $cl.$
100 sq. cm. = 1 sq. decimeter, sq. dm.	10 $cl. = 1$ deciliter, $dl.$
100  sq.  dm. = 1  sq.  meter,  sq.  m.	10 dl. = 1 liter, l.
100  sq. m. = 1  sq. dekameter, sq.  Dm.	10 $l$ . = 1 dekaliter, $Dl$
100 sq. $Dm. = 1$ sq. hektometer, sq. $Hm$ .	10 $Dl. = 1$ hektoliter, $Hl.$
100 sq. $Hm. = 1$ sq. kilometer, sq. $Km$ .	10 $Hl. = 1$ kiloliter, $Kl.$
1 sq. $Dm. = 1$ are, land measure.	·

#### METRIC LAND MEASURE.

100 centares (ca.) = 1 are, 100 ares = 1 hektare, Ha.

#### METRIC CUBIC MEASURE.

# FRENCH CURRENCY.

	1 cubic millimeter, cu	.mm. 10 millimes = 1 centime.
1000 cu. mm.	= 1 cu. cm.	10  centimes = 1  decime.
1000 cu. cm.	= 1 cu. dm.	10 decimes $= 1$ franc.
1000 cu, dm.	= 1 cu. m.	5 franc piece (silver).
1 cu m.	= stere, wood measure.	20 franc piece, or Napo-
10 steres	= 1 dekasteres.	leon (gold).
	•	Mrs malus ad the duese in 00 100

The value of the franc is \$0.185.

- 1. How many decimeters are in 1 meter? In 3 meters? In 8 meters? In 1 dekameter?
  - 2. How many centimeters are in 1 meter?
- 3. How many millimeters are in 1 meter? In 1 decimeter? In 1 dekameter? In 1 hektometer? In 1 kilometer? In 1 myriameter?
  - 4. Then how many meters are in 1 myriameter?
- 5. One meter is equal to how many inches of Long Measure? A myriameter to how many inches?
  - 6. How many liters in 2 hektoliters?
  - 7. In 1 dekaliter how many pints? How many quarts?
  - 8. How many hektares in 10 acres? In one square mile?
  - 9. How many cords of wood in 20 steres?

# VII. FRACTIONS.

# SECTION XXX.

# 

1. John has 6 nuts, and Joel 1 half as many; how many has Joel?

ANALYSIS.—If John has 6 nuts, and Joel 1 half as many, Joel must have 1 half of 6 nuts, which is 3 nuts.







- 2. If two cords of wood cost ten dollars, how much will one cord cost?
- 3. Jacob is 8 years old, and John is 1 half as old; how old is John?
- 4. Moses had 2 marbles, and gave 1 half of them to his brother; how many had he left?
- 5. If you divide 6 apples equally between 2 boys, what part of them will each have?
  - 6. What is 1 half of 6?
  - 7. How many halves in 1?
- 8. If an orange cost 8 cents, and a peach 1 half as much, what was the cost of the peach?
- 9. James had 12 cakes, and John 1 half as many; how many had John?
- 10. If 3 apples cost 6 cents, what part of 6 cents will 1 apple cost? 2 apples? 3 apples?



- 48. Albert is 15 years old, and Ebenezer is 4 fifths as old; how old is Ebenezer?
- 49. Augustus has 40 cents, and Augusta has 5 eighths as many; how many has she?
- 50. Morgan had 36 marbles, and gave 4 sixths of them to Martin; how many did he give to Martin, and how many had he left?
- 51. Moses had 24 fire-crackers, and Nathan has 7 sixths as many; how many has Nathan?
- 52. Mifflin had 45 cents, and Matthew had 5 ninths as many; how many had Matthew?
- 53. Dubois is 20 years old, and his father is 9 fourths as old; what is his father's age?
- 54. A farmer had 84 sheep, and a wolf killed 1 third of them; how many had he remaining?
- 55. In a certain school there are 12 girls, and 7 fourths as many boys; required the number of boys, and the number of boys and girls together.
- 56. In a recitation 36 questions were answered, and 1 ninth of them answered wrong; how many were correctly answered?
- 57. 4 fifths of all the words given out in a lesson were spelled correctly, and 8 were misspelled; of how many words did the lesson consist?
- 58. Montgomery bought 9 walnuts for 1 cent; what part of a cent did 1 cost? 2? 3? 6? 7? 9?
- 59. A colt was bought for \$60, and sold for 7 fifths of what it cost; how much was the gain?
- 60. A received \$140 for 14 weeks' labor, and paid 1 fifth of it for board; how much did he save each week?
  - 61. How many are 4 fifths of 75?
  - 82. How many are 7 eighths of 24?

- 63. Mr. A.'s wife is 40 years old, and 9 eighths of her age equals his; what is his age?
- 64. What is 2 ninths of 36? 4 ninths? 3 fourths? 4 sixths? 5 sixths? 4 twelfths? 9 twelfths?
- 65. How many are 3 fourths of 48? 4 sixths? 5 eighths? 7 eighths? 5 sixths? 2 thirds?
  - 66. 3 ninths of 27 are how many? 4 ninths? 7 ninths?

# $\frac{3}{4}$ of 12 = 9.

67. 3 fourths of 12 are how many times 3?

ANALYSIS.—1 fourth of 12 is 8, and 3 fourths are 3 times 8, which are 9. 9 are 3 times 3.

- 68. 5 sevenths of 63 are how many times 3?
- 69. 3 eighths of 64 are how many times 6?
- 70. 9 thirds of 18 are how many times 3?
- 71. 4 fifths of 25 are how many times 2?
- 72. 6 ninths of 18 are how many times 6?
- 73. 7 ninths of 90 are how many times 2?
- 74. 4 thirds of 39 are how many times 2?
- 75. 15 seventeenths of 34 are how many times 6?
- 76. How many times 17 are 17 eighteenths of 36?
- 77. How many times 8 are 12 thirteenths of 26?
- 78. How many times 5 are 10 thirds of 36?
- 79. How many times 4 are 2 thirds of 27, -2?
- 80. How many times 6 are 3 halves of 48, +12?
- 81. Stephen having 40 apples, gave 3 fifths of them to one companion, and 3 eighths of them to another; how many had he remaining?
- 82. A had \$120; 1 third of it he spent for a watch, 1 fourth of it for a suit of clothes, and 3 tenths of it for a sleigh; how much had he remaining?
- 83. B, being asked the cost of his hat, replied, 2 thirds of \$30 is 4 times its cost; required its cost.

- 84. 14 ninths of \$27 is equal to 7 times the cost of a pair of boots; required the cost of the boots.
- 85. An individual, having \$90 on interest, received 2 forty-fifths of the principal for the interest; how much interest did he receive?
- 86. The interest received on \$360, was 1 eighteenth of the principal; how much was the interest?
- 87. B is worth \$2000, and 3 fourths of his fortune is 3 nes A's; required A's fortune.
- 88. 3 eighths of the number of hours in a day, is 3 times the number of hours I work; how many hours do I work?
- 89. A pole, whose length is 16 feet, is in the air and water; and 3 fourths of the whole length, less 4 feet, equals the length in the air; required the length in the water.
- 90. 3 fifths of \$2000, +\$120, equals B's fortune; how much is B worth?
- 91. The building of a house cost \$560, and 4 sevenths of this, +\$80, is 1 tenth of the cost of the farm on which it stands; required the cost of the farm.
  - 92. 5 eighths of 72, +13, are how many times 2?
- 93. The interest on \$960 for 5 years, was equal to 1 third of the principal; how much was the yearly interest?
- 94. What will 2 thirds of 12 pounds of coffee cost, at 13 cents a pound?
- 95. What will 3 fourths of a gallon of alcohol cost, at 9 cents a pint?
- 96. What will 1 sixteenth of a bushel of flax-seed cost, at 5 cents a pint?
- 97. How much will 7 fifteenths of 30 pine-apples cost, at 2 dimes each?
- 98. How much will one ninth of a hogshead of molasses cost. at 4 dimes a gallon?

- 99. How many certs will 3 liftlin of 1.10 evanges over at 1 half dime each?
- 100. If I pennyweight of guld cost \$1, how much will \$ fifths of an ounce cost?
- 101. What will be the cost of 2 thirds of 36 pounds of butter, at 2 dimes a pound?
- 102. 2 thirds of 24, + 3 fourths of 16, are how many times ??
- 103. 2 thirds of 30, + 3 fifths of 40, are how many times 8?
- 104. 3 sevenths of 21, +3 eighths of 40, are how many times 6?
- 105. How far can I walk in 3 eighths of a day, at the rate of 3 miles an hour?
- 106. If Marcus earn 1 dime in an hour, how many cents can he earn in 3 eighths of a day?

## SECTION XXXI.

1. If 1 third of an orange cost 2 cents, what will 1 orange cost?

ANALYSIS.—If 1 third of an orange cost 2 cents, 3 thirds, or 1 orange, will cost 3 times 2 cents, which are 6 cents.

- 2. If 1 half of a pound of raisins cost 8 cents, what will 1 pound cost?
- 3. Bought 1 third of a barrel of sugar for \$8; how much will 2 thirds of a barrel cost, at the same rate?
- 4. If 1 third of a pound of pork cost 5 cents, how much will 2 pounds cost?
  - 5. 2 is 1 third of what number?

ANALYSIS.—If 1 third of some number is 2, 8 thirds, or the number are 3 times 2, which are 6. Or, 2 is 1 third of 8 times 2, or 6.

- 6. 5 is 1 half of what number?
- 7. If 1 fourth of a lemon cost 2 cents, what will 1 cost?
- 8. If 1 fourth of a melon cost 5 cents, what will 1 cost?
- 9. 3 is 1 fourth of what number?
- 10. 7 is 1 third of what number?
- 11. 12 is 1 fifth of what number?
- 12. 7 is 1 fourth of what number?
- 13. What will 4 fifths of a pound of cinnamon cost, if 1 fifth of a pound cost 5 cents?
- 14. If 1 fifth of a yard of cloth cost \$2, what will a yard cost?
- 15. If 1 sixth of a gallon of vinegar cost 2 cents, what will 1 gallon cost?
- 16. A man, being asked the value of his horse, said, 1 eighth of its value is \$12; what was its value?
- 17. A man gave 15 cents for his lodging, which was 1 seventh as much as his breakfast cost; how much did his breakfast cost?
- 18. Bought 1 eighth of a yard of cloth for 4 dimes; what will 1 yard cost at this rate?
- 19. If 1 tenth of a yard of cloth cost 47 cents, how much is the price of a yard?
- 20. What will 1 yard of cloth cost, if 1 ninth of a yard cost 5 cents?
- 21. What will 1 bushel of corn cost, if 1 seventh of a bushel cost 5 cents?
- 22. What will a hogshead of molasses cost, if 1 eighth of a hogshead cost \$3?
- 23. What will be the cost of 2 cords of wood, if 1 eleventh of a cord cost 30 cents?
- 24. If 1 twelfth of the distance from Albany to Wilbraham is 9 miles, what is the entire distance?

- 25. 9 is 1 tenth of what number?
- 26. 15 is 1 seventh of what number?
- 27. 16 is 1 fifth of what number?
- 28. 12 is 1 fifth of 6 times what number?
- 29. 15 is 1 sixth of 5 times what number?
- 30. 18 is 1 fourth of 6 times what number?
- 31. 10 is 1 eighth of 20 times what number?
- 32. 15 is 1 seventh of 5 times what number?
- 33. 20 is 1 eighth of 16 times what number?
- 34. 30 is 1 third of 6 times what number?
- 35. A boy's hat cost \$3, which was 1 fifth of the cost of his coat; the cost of the coat is required.
- 36. Mr. B's saddle cost \$9, which was 1 fortieth of 6 times the cost of his horse; the cost of the horse is required.
- 37. Henry gave 5 cents for a piece of pie, which was 1 twentieth of 4 times as much as his breakfast cost; what was the cost of his breakfast?
- 38. A man, being asked his age, answered that his youngest son's age, which was 12 years, was just 1 twelfth of 3 times his age; required the father's age.
- 39. Mrs. B's shawl cost \$9, which was 1 tenth of 3 times the cost of her dress; what was the cost of her dress?
- 40. John said to James, who is now 10 years old, your age is 1 eighth of 4 times my age; how old is John?

# SECTION XXXII.

1. If 2 thirds of a melon cost 4 cents, what will 1 melon cost?

ANALYSIS.—If 2 thirds of a melon cost 4 cents, 1 third will cost 1 half of 4 cents, which is 2 cents, and 3 thirds, which is 1 melon, will cost 3 times 2 cents, which are 6 cents.

- 2. If 2 thirds of an orange cost 6 cents, what will 1 orange cost?
- 3. If 3 fourths of a pound of cotton cost 9 cents, what will 1 pound cost?
- 4. If 4 thirds of a pound of spice cost 16 cents, what will 1 pound cost?
- 5. If 3 fourths of a pound of cinnamon cost 12 cents, what will 1 pound cost?
- 6. If \$4 will buy 2 fifths of a barrel of fish, what will 1 fifth of a barrel cost?
- 7. What will 1 yard of cloth cost, if 4 sixths of a yard cost 120 cents?
- 8. What will 1 hogshead of molasses cost, if 5 sevenths of a hogshead cost \$15?
  - 9. 8 is 2 thirds of what number?

ANALYSIS.—If 2 thirds of some number is 8, 1 third of that number is 1 half of 8, which is 4; and 3 thirds are 3 times 4, or 12. Therefore, 8 is 2 thirds of 12.

Note.—Representing the conditions and solutions of questions by symbols, will aid young pupils in comprehending the more difficult parts of arithmetical analysis. The condition and analysis of the preceding question may be represented, thus:

If § of some number = 8,

- 10. 12 is 2 thirds of what number?
- 11. 4 is 2 thirds of what number?
- 12. 10 is 2 sevenths of what number?
- 13. 9 is 3 fourths of what number?
- 14. 12 is 3 fourths of what number?

#### FRACTIONS.

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15. 12 is 6 elevenths of what number?

16. 14 is 7 eighths of what number?

17. 14 is 2 sevenths of what number?

18. 6 is 3 tenths of what number?

19. 9 is 3 sevenths of what number?

20. 15 is 5 sixths of what number?

21. 15 is 3 halves of what number?

22. 18 is 9 eighths of what number?

23. 20 is 5 thirteenths of what number?

24. 24 is 8 fifths of what number?

25. 26 is 13 ninths of what number?

26. 2 thirds of 12 is 2 fifths of what number?

27. 3 fourths of 12 is 3 eighths of what number?

28. 3 fourths of 8 is 2 sevenths of what number?

29. 3 fifths of 25 is 5 fourths of what number?

30. 2 sevenths of 14 is 4 ninths of what number?

31. 4 sevenths of 21 is 3 tenths of what number?

32. 2 thirds of 15 is 5 fourths of what number?

33. 7 eighths of 48 is 3 halves of what number?

34. 8 ninths of 36 is 4 fifths of what number?

35. 7 thirds of 18 is 3 fifths of what number?

36. A watch cost \$16, and 3 halves of the cost of the watch was 8 thirds of the cost of the chain; what was the cost of the chain?

37. A horse was sold for \$96, which was 8 sevenths what it cost; what was the cost of the horse?

**38.** In a certain school there are 36 girls, and 5 fourt of the number of girls equals 3 fifths of the number boys; how many boys were there in the school?

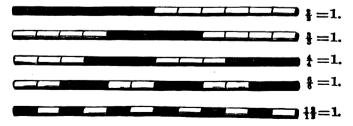
39. Mary is 14 years old, and 4 sevenths of her age is thirds of Hezekiah's age; what is his age?

- 40. A piece of cloth containing 12 yards was sold for \$60, which was 5 fourths of the cost; how much did it cost, and what was the gain on each yard?
- 41. A has 48 geese, and 3 fourths of his number is equal to 9 sevenths of B's number; how many geese has B?
- 42. The head of a fish is 12 inches long, and 3 fourths of the length of the head is 3 fifteenths of the length of the body; required the length of the fish.
- 43. A farm was sold for \$1200, which was only 6 sevenths of what it was worth; how much was lost by the bargain?
- 44. \$48 is 3 fifths of the cost of 12 yards of cloth; for what must it be sold a yard to gain \$16 on the whole?
- 45. A man gave \$60 for a suit of clothes, which was 1 fifth of his yearly income; 1 sixth of the remainder he spent for a watch, and what then remained was 4 fifths of his brother's yearly income. What was the yearly income of each?

#### SECTION XXXIII.

1 half is written thus, \frac{1}{2}.
1 third is written thus, \frac{1}{3}.
1 fourth is written thus, \frac{1}{4}.
1 sixth is written thus, \frac{1}{4}.
1 seventh is written thus, \frac{1}{3}.
2 thirds\_is written thus, \frac{2}{3}.

3 fourths is written thus, \( \frac{1}{2} \). 7 eighths is written thus, \( \frac{1}{2} \). 5 tenths is written thus, \( \frac{1}{2} \). 5 sevenths is written thus, \( \frac{1}{2} \). 2 fifths is written thus, \( \frac{1}{2} \). 5 thirds is \( \frac{1}{2} \), etc.



Note.—The above expressions are called *fractions*. The figure above the short horizontal line is called the *numerator*, and the figure below the line is called the *denominator*. For example, in the fraction  $\frac{1}{4}$ , the 3 is the numerator, and the 4 is the denominator.

The denominator of a fraction shows into how many equal parts the thing is divided; and the numerator shows how many of these parts are taken.

- 1. If you cut an orange into 3 equal parts, what is 1 of these parts called?
- 2. If a lemon be cut into 4 equal pieces, what will 1 of these pieces be called? 2 pieces? 3? 4?
- 3. If a bushel of apples be divided into 6 equal parts, what will 1 of these parts be called? 3? 4? 6?
- 4. If a basket of peaches be divided in 8 equal parts, what will 3 of these parts be called? 5? 6? 7?
  - 5. How can you find 2 thirds of an apple?
  - 6. How can you find 3 fourths of an orange?
  - 7. In 4 how many times 1?

ANALYSIS 1st.—In 1 there are 2 halves; therefore, 1 half the number of halves equals the number of ones. 1 half of 4 is 2; therefore, 4 equals 2.

ANALYSIS 2D.— $\frac{2}{3}=1$ ;  $\frac{4}{3}=$  as many times 1 as 2 is contained times in 4, which is twice; therefore, etc.

Or, the pupil may divide the numerator by the denominator, and say at once  $\frac{4}{3} = 2$ ,  $\frac{4}{3} = 3$ , etc.

- 8. In \( \frac{1}{2}\) how many times 1? | 17. In \( \frac{1}{2}\) how many times 1?
- 9. In \(\frac{3}{2}\) how many times 1? \(\frac{18}{8}\) low many times 1?
- 10. In  $\frac{10}{8}$  how many times 1? | 19. In  $\frac{21}{8}$  how many times 1?
- 11. In 12 how many times 1? 20. In 3 how many times 1?
- 12. In  $\frac{14}{3}$  how many times 1? | 21. In  $\frac{14}{3}$  how many times 1?
- 13. In § how many times 1? 22. In 16 how many times 1?
- 14. In 12 how many times 1? 23. In 20 how many times 1?
- 15. In } how many times 1? 24. In 24 how many times 1?
- 16. In 14 how many times 1? 25. In 14 how many times 1?

- 26. In  $\frac{4}{8}$  how many times 1? | 34. In  $\frac{48}{8}$  how many times 1?
- 27. In  $\frac{1}{2}$  how many times 1? | 35. In  $\frac{1}{2}$  how many times 1?
- 28. In 25 how many times 1? 36. In 45 how many times 1?
- 29. In  $\frac{1}{4}$  how many times 1? | 37. In  $\frac{1}{4}$  how many times 1?
- 30. In  $\frac{55}{5}$  how many times 1? 38. In  $\frac{98}{12}$  how many times 1?
- 31. In  $\frac{60}{5}$  how many times 1? | 39. In  $\frac{50}{5}$  how many times 1?
- 32. In  $\frac{18}{6}$  how many times 1? | 40. In  $\frac{63}{6}$  how many times 1?
- 33. In  $\frac{3.6}{9}$  how many times 1? | 41. In  $\frac{44}{9}$  how many times 1?

Note.—This is called reducing fractions to whole or mixed numbers. A mixed number is a whole number with a fraction added to it. Thus, 3\frac{1}{4} is a mixed number.

When the numerator is less than the denominator, the value is less than a unit, and the expression is called a proper fraction. When the numerator is equal to, or greater than, the denominator, the value is equal to, or greater than, a unit, and the expression is called an improper fraction.

- 42. What kind of fraction is it called, when the numerator is less than the denominator?
- 43. What kind of fraction is it called, when the denomnator is greater than the numerator?
  - 44. When is the value of a fraction greater than a unit?
- 45. When the *denominator* is less than the numerator, what kind of a fraction is it called?
- 46. What kind of fraction is it called, when the numerator is larger than the denominator?
  - 47. Reduce 7 to a mixed number.
  - 48. Reduce §. | 53. Reduce 4. | 58. Reduce 4.
  - 49. Reduce 14. | 54. Reduce 12. | 59. Reduce 14.
  - 50. Reduce  $\frac{19}{8}$ . | 55. Reduce  $\frac{94}{8}$ . | 60. Reduce  $\frac{37}{6}$ .
  - 51. Reduce 23. | 56. Reduce 25. | 61. Reduce 34.
  - 52. Reduce 21. 57. Reduce 37. 62. Reduce 21.
  - 63. What is a fraction?
  - 64. What is the denominator, and what does it show?
  - 65. What is the numerator? Why is it so called?

#### SECTION XXXIV.

## ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF FRACTIONS.

- 1. James had 2 of an apple, and John gave him 1 more; how many had he then?
- 2. Mary had \$ of an orange, and her father gave her \$ of an orange more; how many had she then?
- 3. Robert had § of a melon, and bought § of another; how many had he then?
- 4. Susan had # of a pint of walnuts, and gave # of a pint to her sister; how much had Susan left?
- 5. James bought 12 of a pound of candy, and on his way home ate 3 of a pound; how much had he left?
- 6. John gave  $\frac{1}{6}$  of a pound of raisins to James,  $\frac{4}{6}$  of a pound to Mary, and kept  $\frac{3}{6}$  of a pound himself; how many fifths had he at first?
- 7. Mortimer gave 4 of a dollar for a hat, \$14 for a vest, and had \$34 remaining; how much had he at first?
- 8. Jane had 5 pounds of cinnamon, and Harriet had 22 pounds; how many more had Jane than Harriet?
- 9. What is the sum of  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a dollar,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a dollar?

10. 
$$\frac{8}{9} + \frac{4}{9} = ?$$
 18.  $\frac{9}{10} + \frac{8}{10} = ?$ 
 16.  $\frac{14}{9} + \frac{6}{9} = ?$ 

 11.  $\frac{7}{9} + \frac{6}{9} = ?$ 
 14.  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = ?$ 
 17.  $\frac{14}{9} + \frac{16}{9} = ?$ 

 12.  $\frac{6}{9} + \frac{6}{9} = ?$ 
 16.  $\frac{16}{9} + \frac{4}{9} = ?$ 
 18.  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{14}{4} = ?$ 

19. § — § are how many ninths?

20. \(\frac{27}{8} - \frac{1}{8}\) are how many? \(\frac{25}{8} - \frac{1}{8}\) are how many?

- 30.  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{6}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \text{how many?}$
- 31.  $\frac{3}{3} + \frac{4}{3} + \frac{4}{3} = \text{how many?}$
- 32.  $\frac{7}{10} + \frac{8}{10} + \frac{9}{10} = \text{how many?}$
- 33.  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = \text{how many?}$
- 34.  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} = \text{how many?}$
- 35.  $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{5}{8} \frac{2}{8} = \text{how many?}$
- 36.  $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{17}{5} \frac{2}{5} = \text{how many?}$
- 37.  $\frac{14}{18} \frac{18}{18} = \text{how many?}$
- 38.  $\frac{1}{4}$  of  $60-\frac{1}{4}$  of 24 = how many?

# SECTION XXXV.

#### MULTIPLICATION OF FRACTIONS.

1. At § of a cent each, what will 2 apples cost?

ANALYSIS.—If 1 apple cost  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a cent, 2 apples will cost twice  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a cent, which are  $\frac{4}{3}$ , or  $1\frac{1}{4}$  cents.

- 2. At § of a cent each, what will 5 apples cost?
- 3. At 4 of a dime a pound, what will 10 pounds of sugar cost?
- 4. At 13 dimes a pound, how many cents will 8 pounds of starch cost?
  - 5. At 4 of a cent each, what will 25 filberts cost?
- 6. At § of a dime each, how many cents will 9 chickens cost?
  - 7. At \$\ a yard, what will 15 yards of linen cost?
- 8. If a man spend ? of a dollar a day, how much, at this rate, will he spend in 23 days?
- 9. If 1 pound of sugar cost 11 dimes, what will 12 pounds cost?
  - 10. At 5% a lb., what will 6 lbs. of soap cost?
  - 11. At 91¢ a lb., what will 8 lbs. of pork cost?
  - 12. At 61 cents each, what will 12 lemons cost?
  - 18. At 74 cents each, what will 20 rabbits cost?

- 14. At 121 cents a dozen, what will 4 doz. eggs cost?
- 15. At 114¢ a lb., what will 6 lbs. of honey cost?
- 16. At \$74 a bbl., what will 10 bbl. of tobacco cost?
- 17. At \$9\frac{2}{3} a bbl., what will 10 bbl. of pork cost?
- 18. What will 6 boxes of raisins cost, at \$3\ a box?
- 19. What will 14 bushels of wheat cost, at \$1\ a bushel?
- 20. What will 7 bbl. of cider cost, at \$33 a barrel?
- 21. If a barrel of flour cost \$4, what will 53 bbl. cost?
- 22. 5 times 4 and 1 of 4 are how many?
- 23. 7 times 6 and 4 of 6 are how many?
- 24. 9 times 7 and 4 of 7 are how many?
- 25. 12 times 9 and 2 of 9 are how many?
- 26. 5 times 10 and 4 of 10 are how many?
- 27. 13 times 4 and 3 of 4 are how many?
- 28. 8 times 7 and 3 of 7 are how many?
- 29. 10 times 13 and 14 of 13 are how many?
- 30. 7 times 20 and 3 of 20 are how many?
- 31. How many are 4 times \??
- 32. How many are 4 times 22?
- 33. How many are 3 times 47?
- 34. How many are 5 times 34, + 4?
- 35. How many are 7 times  $9\frac{2}{3}$ ,  $+\frac{2}{3}$ ?
- 36. How many are 8 times 124, 4?
- 37. How many are 9 times  $10\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $-\frac{3}{4}$ ?
- 38. How many are 6 times  $12\frac{2}{3}$ ,  $+2\frac{1}{3}$ ?
- 39. How many are 12 times  $9\frac{7}{4}$ ,  $+\frac{4}{5}$ ?

# SECTION XXXVI.

- 1. If you give to 6 persons each \( \frac{2}{3} \) of a dollar, how many dollars will be given to all?
- 2. What will be the cost of 4 yards of cloth, at  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a dollar a yard?
  - 3. If 1 yard of cloth cost \$1\$, what will 10 yards cost?

- 4. How many oranges will it require to give to each of 9 boys 11 oranges?
- 5. How many barrels of flour does that man give away, who gives to each of 12 persons \ of a barrel?
- 6. Anthony gave to each of his 7 companions § of a pound of candy, and had § of a pound left; how many pounds had he at first?
- 7. John bought 9 yards of cloth at \$\ a \text{yd., and had \$7} remaining; how much had he at first?
- 8. James gave  $\frac{1}{12}$  of an orange to Jackson,  $\frac{5}{12}$  to Joseph, and  $\frac{2}{12}$  to John; what part of an orange had James remaining?
- 9. Harmon meeting 3 poor women and 5 poor men, gave to each woman  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a dollar, and to each man  $\frac{4}{3}$  of a dollar, and had only \$4 remaining; how much had he at first?
- 10. How many quarts of chestnuts must that boy have, who gives to each of 20 persons  $\frac{7}{8}$  of a quart, and has ? quarts remaining?
- 11. Mary, after giving to each of her 12 companions as many pinks as she had roses, which were 2, had no flowers remaining but her roses; how many flowers had Mary at first?
- 12. What will 1 quart of vinegar cost, if 1 pint cost \ of a cent?
- 13. If 1 gill of molasses cost \ of a cent, what will 2 quarts cost?
  - 14. If 2 pints of beans cost 4 cents, what will 1 peck cost?
- 15. If 3 pecks of buckwheat cost 96 cents, what will 1 pint cost?
- 16. What will 10 yards of silesia cost, if 1 yard cost 184 cents?

- 17. How many cents will 41 yards of silk cost, if 1 yard cost 6 dimes?
- 18. What will a of a yard of muslin cost, if 1 yard cost 10 cents?
- 19. What will 7 spools of thread cost, if 1 spool cost 7\frac{1}{2} cents?
- 20. What will 8% yards of silk cord cost, at 6 cents a yard?
- 21. If a boat sail 1 mile in 5 minutes, in what time, at the same rate, will it sail 94 miles?
- 22. What will 62 yards of muslin cost, if 1 yard cost 8 cents?
  - 23. What will 5 pictures cost, at 8% cents each?
  - 24. What will 93 bbls. of cider cost, at \$4 a barrel?
  - 25. What will 12 hats cost, at \$3\frac{2}{2} each?
  - 26. What will 53 melons cost, at 4 dimes each?
- 27. What will be the cost of 13 yards of bishop lawn at \$148 a yard?
  - 28. What will be the cost of 8 glasses, at \$15\frac{3}{4} each?
- 29. What amount of money will be required to purchase 30 pounds of rice, at 6% cents a pound?
- 30. What will be the cost of 23 pounds of crackers, at 81 cents a pound?
  - 31. What will 9 barrels of fish cost, at \$12\frac{2}{3} a barrel?
- 32. If a man's income is 91 dimes in 1 hour, how much will it be in 24 hours?
  - 33. If 1 gold pen cost \$23, how much will 6 cost?
- 34. How many pounds of meat, at 5 cents a pound, can you buy for \$3\frac{2}{3}?
- 35. What will be the cost of 3 quarts of nuts, at 64 cents a peck?

- 36. If railroad fare is 5½ cents a mile, what is the price of a ticket for 12 miles?
- 37. How many dollars, dimes, and cents will 12 yards of cloth cost, at 62 cents a yard?
- 38. How many dollars and cents will 4 pecks of grass-seed cost, if 1 pint cost 5 cents?
- 39. How much is 13 pounds of cotton worth, at 132 cents a pound?
- 40. How many cents will 16 bushels of potatoes cost, at 2\frac{1}{2} dimes a bushel?

#### SECTION XXXVII.

An integer is any whole number.

There are two methods of multiplying a fraction by an integer:

Rule I.—Multiply the numerator by the integer. Rule II.—Divide the denominator by the integer.

Note.—See Sheldons' Complete Arithmetic, page 135, Art. 350.

1. How many are 5 times  $\frac{7}{10}$ ? Analysis 1st.—5 times  $\frac{7}{10}$  are  $\frac{25}{10}$ , or  $\frac{31}{10}$ . Analysis 2b.—5 times  $\frac{7}{10}$  are  $\frac{7}{10}$ , or  $\frac{31}{10}$ .

2. How many are 3 times 4?

3. 9 times $\frac{4}{27}$ ?	8. 7 times 🔐?	13. 5 times 17?
4. 5 times \$7?	9. 8 times 13?	14. 6 times 43?
5. 6 times 37?	10. 11 times $\frac{13}{22}$ ?	15. 7 times 17?
6. 9 times $\frac{4}{18}$ ?	11. 13 times $\frac{15}{25}$ ?	16. 8 times 3.
7. 9 times $\frac{16}{36}$ ?	12. 2 times 2?	17. 12 times 14!

- 18. 8 times 48 are how many times 5?
- 19. 9 times 48 are how many times 12?
- 20. 11 times § are how many times 8?
  - 25 times 400 are how many times 100?

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- 40. 4 men can mow a certain field in 61 days; in how many days could 5 men perform the same work?
- 41. How many kegs of butter, at \$4 a keg, will pay for 6 barrels of cider, at \$3\frac{3}{4} a barrel?
- 42. A merchant bought 6 yards of cloth, and sold it for \$20, which was 10 of what it cost; what did it cost a yard?
- 43. Bought 36 yards of cloth at \$1 a yard, and sold § of it for \$25; how much would I have gained by selling the whole at the same rate?
- 44. 7 men in # of a day can earn \$10; how long would it take 1 man to earn the same?
- 45. James is 3% years of age, which is % of the age of Henry; and Henry is 9 times as old as George; what is the age of Henry and of George respectively?
  - 46.  $\frac{1}{3}$  of 36 is 3 times  $\frac{1}{4}$  of what number?
  - 47. § of 60 is § of 2 times what number?
- 48. § of 40 is § of as many dollars as Mr. B's horse cost; what was the cost of his horse?
- 59. A person, being asked his age, said, that  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 80 was  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 10 times his age; what was his age?
- 50. Morgan is 20 years old, and 4 of his age is 4 of the age of his brother; what is his brother's age?

# SECTION XXXVIII.

# REDUCTION OF MIXED NUMBERS.

1. How many thirds are there in 3?

ANALYSIS 1ST.—In 1 there are 8 thirds, and in 8 there are 8 times 3 thirds, which are 2.

ANALYSIS 2D.—In 1 there are 3 thirds; therefore, 3 times the number of whole ones equal the number of thirds. 3 times 3 are 9. Therefore, in 3 there are \$\frac{3}{4}\$.

- 2. How many fourths are there in 3?
- 3. How many halves are there in 6?

- 4. How many fifths are there in 4? in 5?
- 5. How many fifths are there in 7? in 8?
- 6. How many sixths are there in 4? in 3? in 5?
- 7. How many sevenths are there in 2? in 4? in 6?
- 8. How many eighths are there in 7? in 4? in 5?
- 9. How many fifteenths are there in 2? in 3? in 6?
- 10. How many tenths are there in 4? in 6? in 7?
- 11. How many fourths are there in 3 and 2?
- 12. How many thirds are there in 4 and \{ ?
- 13. How many thirds are there in 3 and \$?
- 14. How many halves are there in 8 and 1?
- 15. Reduce 64 to an improper fraction.
- 16. Reduce 94 to an improper fraction.
- 17. Reduce 7% to an improper fraction.
- 18. Reduce 53 to an improper fraction.
- 19. Reduce 43 to an improper fraction.
- 20. Among how many men can 57 bales of cotton be distributed, provided each receives 7 of a bale?
- 21. Among how many boys can 7\frac{3}{6} oranges be divided, provided each receives \frac{1}{6} of an orange?
  - 22. 8 and 2 are how many times ??

ANALYSIS.—8 and # equal 74. # is contained in 74 87 times.

- 23. 9 are how many times ??
- 24. 9% are how many times ??
- 25. 74 are how many times ??
- 26. 12% are how many times §?
- 27. 75 are how many times ??
- 28. 7% are how many times 3?
- 29. 4% are how many times ??
- 30. 104 are how many times 3?
- 31. 84 are how many times §?
- 32. 124 are how many times #?
- 33. 4 times 31 are how many times ??
- 34. 9 times 1 are how many times 4?

- 35. 5 times 6% are how many times 4?
- 36. 8 times 8 are how many times \$?
- 37. 6 times 24 are how many times 4?
- 38. A boy distributed 9% apples equally among his companions, giving to each 4 of an apple; how many companions had he?
- 39. Homer distributed \$124 equally among some poor women, giving to each \$13; how many women were there?
- 40. Mary gave \( \frac{2}{3} \) of a pie to each of her 9 visitors; how many pies did it take?
- 41. Bought 8 yards of cloth, at \$5\frac{1}{3} a yard; how much silk, worth \$1\frac{1}{3} a yard, will pay for it?
- 42. Bought 9 yards of cloth, worth \$15 a yard, and paid for it with raisins, at \$15 a box; how many boxes did it take?
- 43. How many bushels of turnips, at \$\frac{2}{3}\$ a bushel, can be bought for 8 bushels of apples, at \$\frac{2}{3}\$ a bushel?
- 44. How many apples, at \( \frac{3}{4} \) of a cent each, can be bought for 6 oranges, at 24 cents each?
- 45. How many yards of cloth, at \$\ a \ yard, can be bought for 10 firkins of butter, at \$5\ a \ firkin?
- 46. How many geese, at \$\frac{3}{6}\$ each, can be bought for 14 ducks, at \$\frac{3}{6}\$ each?
- 47. How many boxes of cheese, worth \$2\$ a box, may be had for 17 firkins of butter, at \$1\$ a firkin?
- 48. How many barrels of flour, at \$5\frac{2}{3} a barrel, may be had for 17 bundles of cotton, at \$1\frac{1}{3} a bundle?
- 49. How many sheep, at \$1\frac{1}{3} a head, may be had for 8 calves, at \$3\frac{3}{3} each?
- 50. How many quarts of pease, at  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a cent a pint, may be had for 12 quarts of molasses, at  $\frac{4}{3}$  cents a quart?

- 51. Mary and Jane together picked 5 times 2\\$ quarts of strawberries, and shared them equally with their companions; how many companions had they, provided each received 1\\$ quarts?
- 52. How many yds. of cloth, at \$1\frac{1}{2} a yard, can be got for 4 days' work, at \$3\frac{1}{2} a day?

# SECTION XXXIX.

# DIVISION OF FRACTIONS.

There are two methods of dividing a fraction by an integer:

RULE I.—Divide the numerator by the integer.

RULE II.—Multiply the denominator by the integer.

Note.—See Sheldons' Complete Arithmetic, page 140.

- 1. If 2 yards of cloth cost \$4, what will 1 yard cost?

  ANALYSIS.—If 2 yards of cloth cost 4 of a dollar, 1 yard will cost 4 of a dollar, which is 4 of a dollar.
  - 2. If 3 apples cost \$ of a cent, what will 1 apple cost?
  - 3. If 2 oranges cost \$ of a cent, what will 1 orange cost?
- 4. If 3 yards of cord cost 18 of a cent, what will 1 yard cost?
- 5. If 2 pounds of sugar cost 8\frac{2}{3} (or \frac{2}{3} cents), what will 1 pound cost?
- 6. If 2 pine-apples cost 14% cents, what will 1 pine-apple cost?
- 7. If § of a melon is worth 2 oranges, how much is 1 orange worth?
- 8. If 3 apples are worth 24 quinces, what is 1 apple worth?
  - 9. How many times 7 are #1?

- 10. How many times 13 are 74?
- 11. How many times 7 are 91?
- 12. How many times 21 are 164?
- 13. How many times 8 are 334?
- 14. How many times 7 are 101?
- 15. How many times 11 are 401?
- 16. How many times 18 are 14#?
- 17. How many times 3 are 44?
- 18. How many times 9 are 74?
- 19. How many times 6 are 64?
- W. How many times 15 are 331?
- 21. If 9 oranges are worth  $\$_{10}^9$ , how many cents is 1 orange worth?
- 22. If 4 boxes of figs cost \( \) of an eagle, how many dollars will 1 box cost?
- 23. If 7 pounds of cheese cost  $\$_{10}$ , how many cents will 1 pound cost?
- 24. If 3 cakes cost  $\frac{2}{10}$  of a dime, how many cents will 1 cake cost?
- 25. If 4 pounds of chocolate cost 44 dimes, how many cents is that a pound?
  - 26. What will 1 portfolio cost, if 3 cost  $\frac{9}{10}$  of an eagle?
- 27. If 8 quarts of alcohol cost 32 dimes, how many cents will 2 gills cost?
- 28. What will 1 pound of sugar cost, if 4 pounds cost 18% cents?
- 29. If 6 pounds of cheese cost 31½ cents, what will 1 pound cost?
  - 30. If 12 eggs cost 9 cents, what will be the cost of 1 egg?
  - 31. If 7 yards of cloth cost \$241, what will 1 yard cost?
  - 32. If 5 silk shawls cost \$271, how much will 1 cost?

- 33. If 9 pairs of boots cost \$32‡, how much is that a pair?
- 34. If 9 oranges are worth 30% walnuts, how many walnuts is 1 orange worth?
- 35. A boy gave 8 apples for 184 marbles; how many marbles did he get for 1 apple?
- 36. A boy gave 7 cents for 171 crackers; how many did he get for 1 cent?
- 37. Mary gave 10 pins for 234 chestnuts; how many did she get for 1 pin?
- 38. If 3 yards of broadcloth are worth 184 yards of muslin, how many yards of muslin may be had for 1 yard of broadcloth?
- 39. If John can walk 13 miles while Josiah is walking 321 miles, how far can Josiah walk while John is walking 1 mile?
- 40. If 2 chestnuts are worth  $\frac{2}{10}$  of a cent, and 20 chestnuts are worth  $\frac{2}{7}$  of a lemon, how many cents is 1 lemon worth?
- 41. If 2 oranges cost § of a cent, what will 1 orange cost?

  ANALYSIS.—If 2 oranges cost § of a cent, 1 orange will cost § of a cent, which is § of a cent.
  - 42. If 3 yards of linen cost \$1\frac{3}{5}, what will 1 yard cost? Note.—Reduce the mixed number to an improper fraction.
- 43. If 7 yards of tape cost 13\frac{1}{2} cents, what will 1 yard cost?
- 44. If 2 pints of molasses cost 1 dimes, how many cents will 1 gallon cost?
  - 45. How many times 8 are 61?
  - 46. How many times 6 are 5 ??
  - 47. How many times 4 are 41?
  - 48. How many times 2 are 131?

- 49. How many times 7 are 74?
- 50. How many times 8 are 9 times ??
- 51. How many times 3 are 6 times 111?

ANALYSIS.—111 equals 112. 6 times 112 are 12. 8 is contained in 12, 12, or 32 times.

- 52. How many times 9 are 10 times  $2\frac{3}{20}$ ?
- 53. How many times 7 are 5 times 316?
- 54. How many times 5 are 15 times  $3\frac{3}{80}$ ?
- 55. How many times 7 are 15 times 128?
- 56. How many times 5 are 3 times 24?
- 67. How many times 6 are 4 times 5%?
- 58. If 13 yards of cloth are worth \$21, what is 1 yard worth?
- 59. If 6% bunches of grapes are worth 40 cents, how many cents is 1 bunch worth?
- 60. If 32 baskets of peaches are worth \$51, what is 1 basket of peaches worth?

#### SECTION XL.

# 1. What is 1 of 2?

ANALYSIS.— $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 is  $\frac{1}{2}$ ; if  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 is  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 2 is twice  $\frac{1}{2}$ , or  $\frac{3}{2}$ . Therefore,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 2 is  $\frac{3}{2}$  of 1.

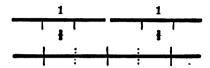
- 2. What is 1 of 4? of 8?
- 3. What is 1 of 2? 3? 5? 7? 9?
- 4. What is 1 of 3? 5? 7? 9? 11?
- 5. What is 1 of 2? 3? 4? 7? 8?
- 6. What is 1 of 2? 3? 5? 7? 9?
- 7. What is 1 of 2? 3? 5? 4? 6? 9? 11?
- 8. What is 1 of 2? 4? 3? 5? 6? 7? 9?
- 9. What is 1 of 2? 4? 7? 6? 3? 12? 11?
- 10. What is 1 of 7? 2? 4? 6? 9? 14? 15?

- II. If 2 apples cost 3 cents, what will 1 apple cost?
- ANALYSIS.—If 2 apples cost 8 cents, 1 apple will cost \( \frac{1}{2} \) of 8 cents, Thich is \( \frac{1}{2} \), or 1\( \frac{1}{2} \) cents.
  - 12. If 2 apples cost 5 cents, what will 1 apple cost?
  - **23.** If 3 pens cost 8 cents, what will 1 pen cost?
  - **74.** If 3 yd. tape cost 14¢, what will 1 yd. cost?
  - 25. If 5 bbl. of flour cost \$21, what will 1 bbl. cost?
- 16. If 7 pecks of dried apples cost 23 dimes, what will 1 Peck cost?
  - 27. If 4 chickens cost 9 dimes, what will 1 chicken cost?
  - 28. What will 1 pound of tamarinds cost, if 6 pounds cost 27 dimes?
    - 19. What will 1 bbl. of flour cost, if 3 bbl. cost \$25?
    - 20. If you divide 7 bushels of wheat equally among 5 persons, how much will each receive?
    - 21. Joshua had 13 marbles, and Lewis had 1 as many +1 of a marble; how many had Lewis?
    - 22. A divided 3 barrels of flour equally among 11 families; what part of a barrel did each receive?
    - 23. A farmer divided 5 bushels of rye equally among 7 of his poor neighbors; what part of a bushel did he give to each?
    - 24. Calvin had 4 pints of nuts, and shared them equally with 6 of his companions; how much did each receive?
    - 25. Margaret, having 7 quarts of raspberries, shared them equally with 8 of her playmates; what part of a quart did each receive?
    - . 26. What will 1 pound of prunes cost, if 5 pounds cost 48 dimes?
      - 27. What cost 2 boxes of figs, at 29 dimes

- 28. What will 4 quarts of strawberries cost, if 9 quarts cost 7 dimes?
  - 29. What is 1 of 2?

Analysis.— $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 is  $\frac{1}{4}$ ;  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 2 is 2 times  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 1, or  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 1;  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 2 is  $\frac{3}{4}$ 

30. If 1 of 2 is 1, what is 1 of 2?



31. What is \ of 5?

ANALYSIR--1 of 5 is 1, and 2 are 2 times 1, which are 10, or 81.

- 32. What is \(\frac{1}{2}\) of 3? of 5? 6? 7? 9? 11?
- 33. What is \$ of 2? of 3? 4? 9? 11? 13?
- 34. What is \ of 2? of 3? 5? 7? 9? 15?
- 35. What is 4 of 3? of 5? 8? 9? 12? 20?
- 36. What is 3 of 4? of 6? 8? 12? 11? 17?
- 37. What is \ of 3? of 5? 6? 9? 10? 15?
- 38. What is 3 of 2? of 4? 5? 6? 10? 12?
- 39. What is  $\frac{5}{18}$  of 2? of 4? 3? 9? 15? 21?
- 40. What is 7 of 7? of 8? 9? 12? 15? 25?
- 41. How many cents will § of a pound of candy cost, if 1 pound cost 2 dimes?
- 42. What will be the cost of 3 of a box of raisins, if 1 box cost \$3?
- 43. What will be the cost of  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a yard of cloth, at 7 dimes a yard?
  - 44. If a ton of hay cost \$10, what will 2\frac{2}{3} tons cost?
- 45. Jeremiah is 91 years old, and \$\frac{2}{3}\$ of his age equals the age of his oldest son; how old is he?
- 46. Bought 24 yards of cloth for \$48; but, being damaged, I sold \(\frac{2}{4}\) of it, at \$1\frac{1}{6}\) a yard, and the remainder for what it cost; how much did I lose?

- 47. Bought 14 yards of cloth, and sold ‡ of it, at \$2 a yard, which amounted to \$2 less than the whole cost; what did it cost a yard?
- 48. A horse was sold for \$97, which was 1‡ times as much as it cost; what did the horse cost?
  - 49. If 9 yards of cloth cost \$17, what will 3 yards cost?
  - 50. If 7 yards of cloth cost \$25, what will 9 yards cost?
- 51. What will 2 pounds of sugar cost, if 5 pounds cost 42 cents?
- 52. If 5 pounds of indigo cost \$32, what will 2 pounds cost?
- 53. A wagon was sold for \$90, which was 4 of what it cost; how much did it cost?
- 54. Two men started from the same place, and traveled the same way; one at the rate of 92 miles in 10 hours; the other at the rate of  $1\frac{1}{10}$  miles in  $\frac{1}{10}$  of an hour; how far apart will they be in 2 hours?
- 55. By a pipe 4# gallons of water ran into a cistern in 1 minute; how much did the vessel hold, provided it was filled in 9 minutes?
- 56. If 7 men can perform a piece of work in 13# days, how long would it take 4 men to do the same?
- 57. If 5 persons consume a barrel of flour in 9 weeks, what part of a barrel would they consume in 5 weeks?
- 58. If a man earn \$7 in a day, and a boy \$8, how much will both earn in 6 days?
- 59. Anthony spent \$\frac{2}{4}\$ of all his money, and the remainder he gave for 8 yards of cloth, at \$2\frac{2}{4}\$ a yard; how much had he at first?
- 60. From a piece of cloth a tailor cut 5 garments, each containing 3% yards; and there remained 2% yards; how many yards did the piece at first contain?

- 61. What will 9 pounds of rice cost, if 7 pounds cost 43 cents?
- 62. An individual, after spending 13 of all his money, had only \$40 remaining; how much had he at first?
- 63. An old lady bought 30 eggs, at the rate of 2 for 5 cents; what did they cost?
- 64. How much will 13 pounds of coffee cost, if 26 pounds cost \$7?
- 65. What will 7 gallons of molasses cost, if 6 pints cost 27 cents?
  - 66. If 5 lamps cost \$71, what will 7 lamps cost?
- 67. If 5 horses can, in 4% days, consume 20 bushels of cats, in how many days can 11 horses consume the same?
  - 68. If 15 gold pens cost \$20, what will 5 of them cost?
- 69. If  $\frac{7}{8}$  of an acre of land be worth \$14, what are 10 acres worth?
- 70. \$25 is § of the cost of B's watch; what was the cost of his watch?
- 71. Mortimer's hat cost \$5, and  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the cost of his hat is  $\frac{1}{12}$  of the cost of his coat; what was the cost of his coat?
- 72. If a man in  $\frac{4}{16}$  of a day walk 8 miles, how far can he walk in 5 days?
- 73. From a piece of cloth containing 25 yards, a tailor cut 8 suits of clothes, each containing 23 yards; how many yards remained?
- 74. If a man can cut 1 cord of wood in 5 hours, how many cords can he cut in 4 days, by working 12 hours a day?
- 75. A man bought 7 sheep, at the rate of 9 for \$5\frac{1}{4}; what did they cost him?
- 76. A boy bought 13 oranges, giving 9 apples for 3 ranges; how many apples did his oranges cost?

- 77. If 25 cents buy " lemms, how many cents will \$ lemons cost?
- 78. § of 45 equals § as many bolism as Andrew has; hew many dollars has Andrew?
- 79. \$36\$ is \$ of all the money A had; how much money had A?
- 80. What will 3 pecks of flax-seed cost, if 3 pints cost 3 dimes?
- 81. What will I quart of clover seed cost, if 2 pecks cost \$3 and 2 dimes?
  - 82. 41 times 7 is 1 of what number?
  - 83. 4 of 36 is 4 of what number?
  - 84. 4 of 36 is 42 times what number?
- 85. § of A's age is 3 times B's age, and B is 9 years old; what is A's age?
- 86. A man, being asked the number of hours he worked each day, answered, 14 times the number of hours in a day is 3 times as many hours as I work; how many hours did he work each day?
  - 87. § of 15 is § of what number?
  - 88. 4 of 21 is 11 times what number?
  - 89. 4 of 24 is 14 times what number?
- 90. Wright is 16 years old, and 12 times his age is 12 times Charles's age. How old is Charles?
- 91. If I pay 36 cents for 9 pencils, how many pencils can I get for 44 cents?
- 92. A person being asked his age, said that \ of 80 was \ of 5 times his age; how old was he?
  - 93. 4 of 30 is 4 of how many times 4 of 21?
  - 94. 4 of 36 is a of how many sevenths of 63?
- 95. How many bushels of potatoes, at 11 of a dollar a bushel, will pay for 8 days' work at \$11 a day?

#### SECTION XLI.

#### PROPORTION AND ANALYSIS.

NOTE.—Pupils must exercise their judgment to emplo. the shortest of the methods given in Sections XXXV and XXXVI, for multiplying and dividing fractions.

1. If 3 barrels of flour cost \$132, what will 6 cost?

ANALYSIS.—\$13\frac{2}{3}\$ equals \$\frac{5}{4}\$. If 8 barrels of flour cost \$\frac{5}{4}\$, 6 barrels, which are 2 times 8 barrels, will cost 2 times \$\frac{5}{4}\$, which are \$\frac{5}{4}\$, or \$27\frac{1}{4}\$.

- 2. If 5 pounds of opium cost \$271, what will 20 cost?
- 3. If 3 caps cost \$17\\ , what will 24 caps cost?
- 4. How many apples will pay for 9 oranges, if 8 apples are worth 124 oranges?

ANALYSIS.—12‡ oranges equal  $\frac{4}{5}$  oranges. If  $\frac{4}{5}$  oranges are worth 8 apples,  $\frac{1}{5}$  of an orange is worth  $\frac{1}{5}$ 4 of 8 apples, which is  $\frac{4}{5}$ 4, or  $\frac{1}{5}$  of an apple; and  $\frac{4}{5}$ , or 1 orange, are worth 5 times  $\frac{1}{5}$ , or  $\frac{5}{5}$  of an apple, and 9 oranges are worth 9 times  $\frac{4}{5}$ , which are  $\frac{4}{5}$ , or  $\frac{5}{5}$  apples.

NOTE.—In solving questions in Proportion, never seek the value of a unit of the denomination like the answer.

- 5. How many chestnuts will pay for 9 walnuts, if 7 thestnuts are worth 10% walnuts?
  - 6. If 8 barrels of flour cost \$33%, what will 20 bbl. cost?
- 7. If it require 9 yards of cloth to make 3 coats, how many yards will it require to make 8 coats?
- 8. If 10 men can perform a piece of work in 9\ days, how long will it take 8 men to perform the same?
  - 9. What will be the cost of 6 sheep, if 15 cost \$101?
- 10. If 1 person, in 6 months, consume  $10\frac{1}{26}$  bushels of wheat, how much will 13 persons consume?
- 11. If 97 cents will buy 4 peaches, what will be the cost of 9 peaches?

- 12. If \$915 will pay for 5 weeks' board, how many dollars will pay for 8 weeks' board?
- 13. If 6 pipes fill a vessel in 3\frac{1}{4} hours, how many of the same size will be required to fill it in \frac{1}{16} of an hour?
- 14. If 9 men can build a boat in 5\frac{3}{4} days, in how many days could 6 men build it?
- 15. If 2 men in 4 days earn \$12, how many dollars can 7 men earn in the same time?
- 16. If I pay 17% cents for riding 4 miles, how much must I pay for riding 6 miles?
  - 17. What will 1 year's board cost, at \$214 for 4 weeks?
  - 18. If 9 barrels of fish cost \$541, what will \$7 cost?
- 19. How many dollars will 1 barrel of tobacco cost, if 17 barrels cost 51\frac{1}{2} eagles?
- 20. If 13 pounds of tea cost 10% dimes, what will 5 pounds cost?
- 21. If 73 tons of hay keep 6 horses through the winter, how many tons will keep 9 horses the same time?
- 22. A fox is 40 rods before a hound, and runs 3 rods to the hound's 5; how many rods must the hound run to overtake the fox? How far did the fox run?
- 28. How many dollars will a man earn in 14 days, if he earn \$3\$ in 4 days?
- 24. A merchant bought 8 pieces of cloth, each piece containing 5 yards, for \$32½; how much did it cost a piece, and how much a yard?
- 25. If in a certain time 6 horses eat 143 bushels of oats, how many bushels will 8 horses eat in the same time?
- 26. A boy sold 3 lemons, at the rate of 6 for 8 cents; how much did he receive for them?
- 27. A boy gave 41 cents for oranges, at the rate of 5 oranges for 71 cents; how many did he buy?

- 28. If a piece of mahogany, weighing 9 pounds, is worth \$2\frac{1}{2}, what is the value of 12 pounds, at the same rate?
- 29. If a pole 8 feet long cast a shadow 44 feet, what will be the length of the shadow of a pole which is 15 feet long, at the same time of day?
- 30. At a certain time of day, a pole 5 feet long casts a shadow 7½ feet; what is the length of that pole which at the same time casts a shadow 4½ feet?
- 31. If it require \$21\frac{2}{3} worth of provisions to serve 8 men 2 days, how many dollars' worth will serve 5 men 4 days?
- 32. What is the length of a pole the shadow of which is 12 feet long, at the same time, a pole 2 feet in length casts a shadow 4 feet long?

#### SECTION XLII.

To reduce a fraction to a fraction having a given denominator,

Multiply both numerator and denominator of the giver fraction by a number that will cause the denominator to become the required denominator.

[Divide the required denominator by the denominator of the given fraction, and multiply both terms of the fraction by the quotient.]

See Sections XXXVII and XXXIX; also, Sheldons' Complete Arithmetic, §§ 329-331, p. 126.

1. } is how many eighths?

ANALYSIS 1ST.—There are  $\frac{a}{5}$  in 1, and in  $\frac{1}{5}$  there is  $\frac{1}{5}$  of  $\frac{a}{5}$ , or  $\frac{a}{5}$  and in  $\frac{a}{5}$  there are 3 times  $\frac{a}{5}$ , or  $\frac{a}{5}$ .

Analysis 2D .- 4 equal 4.

- 2. 1 is how many eighths?
- \$. 1 is how many tenths?



- 4. 1 is how many sixths?
- 6. 1 is how many sixths?
- 6. 1 and 1 are how many sixths?
- 7. # are how many sixths?
- 8. 4 are how many twelfths?

# 

- 9. ‡ are how many twelfths?
- 10. \* are how many eighteenths?
- 11. } are how many tenths?
- 12. \* are how many tenths?
- 13. 4 are how many twentieths?
- 14. 4 is how many fifteenths?
- 16. Harris gave § of an orange to his sister; how many fifteenths did he give her?
  - 16. How many sixteenths in §?
  - 17. How many sixteenths in §?
  - 18. How many sixteenths in 3?
  - 19. How many fourteenths in #?
  - 20. How many fourteenths in \$?
  - 21. How many fourteenths in 4?
  - 22. How many ninths in §?
  - 23. How many twentieths in §?
  - 24. How many fortieths in 3?
  - 25. How many forty-ninths in 4?
  - 26. How many fifteenths in §?
- 27. A man gave  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a bushel of potatoes to one poor woman, and  $\frac{3}{44}$  of a bushel to another; what part of a bushel did he give to both?
- 28. How could you divide an apple so as to give § of it to 1 boy, and 2 of it to another?

30. What is the sum of \ and \ ??

One (Unit). 
$$1 = \frac{1}{4}.$$
 Two-thirds. 
$$1 = \frac{1}{4}.$$

31. 🛊 + 🛊 are how many fifteenths?

Analysis.— $\frac{3}{5}$  equals  $\frac{6}{15}$ , and  $\frac{3}{5}$  equals  $\frac{10}{15}$ .  $\frac{6}{15}$  and  $\frac{10}{15}$  are  $\frac{16}{15}$ , or  $1\frac{1}{15}$ 

32.  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$  are how many eighteenths?

33.  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8}$  are how many twentieths?

34. 3 + 3 are how many twenty-fourths?

What is the sum of:

Find the value of:

$$47.$$
 $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}.$ 
 $53.$ 
 $9 - \frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $59.$ 
 $14 - 3\frac{1}{3}.$ 
 $48.$ 
 $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $54.$ 
 $5 - \frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $60.$ 
 $7 - 2\frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $49.$ 
 $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $56.$ 
 $9 - 2\frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $61.$ 
 $9 - 3\frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $50.$ 
 $2\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $57.$ 
 $6 - 3\frac{1}{3}.$ 
 $62.$ 
 $10 - 3\frac{1}{3}.$ 
 $52.$ 
 $3 - \frac{2}{3}.$ 
 $58.$ 
 $7\frac{1}{3} - 6\frac{1}{3}.$ 
 $64.$ 
 $13 - 7\frac{1}{3}.$ 

Find the value of:

- 77. 21 are how many times 4. ?
- , 78. 31 are how many times 4.?
  - 79.  $\frac{3}{18}$  are how many times  $\frac{3}{16}$ ?
  - 80. 1 are how many times 4?
  - 81. 4 are how many times 4?
  - 82. 11 are how many times 3.?
  - 83. 7 are how many times 3?
  - 84. Is are how many times ...?
  - 85. 8% are how many times 21?
  - 86. 104 are how many times  $\frac{3}{15}$ ?
  - 87. 121 are how many times 11?
  - 88.  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$  is how much less than a unit?
  - 89.  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{8} + \frac{2}{8}$  is how much less than a unit?
- 90. A lady gave 1 of all her money for a dress, and 4 of it for a shawl; what part remained?
- 91. 1 of an army was killed, and 1 taken prisoners; what part of the army escaped?
- 92. § of an army was killed, § taken prisoners, and 500 escaped; how many were there in the army?
- 93. § of the length of a pole is in the ground, § of it in the water, and 12 feet in the air; what is the length of the pole?
- 94. A market woman sold § of all her oranges to one man, § of them to another, and then had only 9 remaining; how many had she at first, and how many did she sell to each?
- 95. A man, after spending ‡ of his fortune, found that § of what remained equaled \$20; what was his fortune?

- 96. Said A to B, if to my age you add 1 and 2 of itself, the sum will be 38; how old was he?
- 97. A hawk caught \$ of Euphemia's chickens, a cat killed \$ of them, \$ of them died, and she had 13 remaining; how many had she at first, and how many were destroyed by the hawk and cat respectively?
- 98. A is 40 years old, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of his age is  $\frac{3}{4}$  of twice as much as his wife's age; how old is his wife?

#### SECTION XLIII.

To reduce a fraction to its simplest form, or lowest terms.

Divide each term of the given fraction by the largest number that is contained in each of them without a remainder.

Note.—A fraction is in its simplest form, or lowest terms, when no number greater than 1 will divide both numerator and denominator without a remainder.

Reduce the following fractions to their simplest forms:

- 16. Why does the value of the fraction remain the same, when you divide both numerator and denominator by the same number?
- 17. When you multiply both numerator and denominator by the same number, why does it not change the value of the fraction?

Reduce to lowest terms:

18. 4 times 4. | 20. 8 times 21. | 22. 4 times 11. 19. 7 times 4. | 21. 6 times 12. | 22. 12 times 13.

# SECTION XLIV.

- 1. If you cut an apple into 2 equal pieces, what part of 1 apple will 1 of these pieces be called?
- 2. If you cut 1 of an apple into two equal pieces, what part of a whole apple will 1 of these pieces be called?
- 3. If Alice has \( \frac{1}{4} \) of a lemon, and gives \( \frac{1}{4} \) of it to Ann, what part of a lemon will Ann receive?

ANALYSIS.—1 equals 2. Therefore, Ann receives 1 of 2 of a lemon, which is 1 of a lemon.

- 4. George, having 1 of a melon, gave 1 of it to Marcus; what part of a melon did Marcus receive?
- 5. Crary had \(\frac{1}{2}\) of a dollar, and gave \(\frac{1}{2}\) of it to Joshua; what part of a dollar did Joshua receive?
- 6. Robert had 1 of a dollar, and gave 1 of it for a cake; how many cents did the cake cost him?
- 7. Margaret had  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a pound of candy, and Mary had  $\frac{1}{4}$  as much; how much had Mary?
- 8. Jane had ; of a pound of sugar, and Ann ; as much; how much had Ann?
- 9. A boy bought 1 of a quart of chestnuts, and gave 1 of them to his sister; what part of a quart did she receive?
- 10. A man owned } of a share in a bank, and sold } of it; what part of a share had he remaining?
- 11. B owned \( \frac{1}{2} \) of a ship, and sold \( \frac{1}{2} \) of his share; what part of a whole ship did he sell?
  - 12. What is 1 of 1?

ANALYSIS 1sr.—} equals  $\frac{1}{16}$ ,  $\frac{1}{6}$  of  $\frac{1}{16}$  is  $\frac{1}{16}$ ; therefore,  $\frac{3}{6}$  of  $\frac{1}{6}$  equals  $\frac{1}{16}$ .

ANALYSIS 2D .-- of 1 is 1.

- 13. What is 1 of 1?
- 15. What is 1 of 1?
- 24. What is 1 of 1?
- 16. What is 1 of 1?

- 78. Matilda bought # of a quart of milk for tea, and spilled # of it; what part of a quart had she remaining?
- 79. Edwin picked  $\frac{7}{8}$  of a pailful of blackberries, and on his way home spilled  $\frac{7}{8}$  of them; what part of a pailful had! he remaining?
- 80. A merchant bought 4 of a hogshead of molasses, and lost 4 of it by leakage; what part of a hogshead had he remaining?
- 81. Miriam had § of a pound of candy, and gave § of it to Augusta; what part of a pound did she give Augusta?
- 82. Elisha found \$2, and gave \$ of it to Ephraim; what part of a dollar had Elisha remaining?
- 83. Andrew bought \$ of a pound of maple-sugar, and gave \$ of it to Walter; what part of a pound did Walter receive?
- 84. Jacob, having a pine-apple, gave § of § of it to the one that could tell how much that would be; what part of it had Jacob remaining?
- 85. James gave \ of \ of a dime for a top; how many cents did the top cost him?
- 86. Robert gave 4 of a dollar for a cap; how many cents did the cap cost him?
- 87. Mary gave  $\frac{7}{8}$  of  $1\frac{8}{8}$  dimes for a comb; how many cents did the comb cost her?
- 88. Clarinda gave \ of 6 dimes for a pair of gloves; how many cents did the gloves cost?
- 89. A man, having 4% barrels of flour, sold % of it; how much remained unsold?
- 90. A man gave \ of \\$3\ for a silver pencil; what was the cost of the pencil?
- 91. B gave \$32\footnote{1} for a cow, which was \footnote{1} as much as A were for his; how much more did A's cow cost than B's?

- 92. Jane worked 81 hours in a day, and Delilah worked only 1 of as many; how many hours in a day did Delilah work?
- 93. Darius is 18½ years old, which is ½ of Daniel's age; how old is Daniel?
  - 94. If 1 yd. of cloth cost \$5\frac{2}{3}, what will \frac{2}{3} yd. cost?
  - 95. If 4 yd. of cloth cost \$91, what will 4 yd. cost?
  - 96. If 5 bbl. of beef cost \$181, what will 1 bbl. cost?
- 97. If  $\frac{3}{4}$  of an apple cost  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a cent, what will 1 apple cost?
- 98. If  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an orange cost  $1\frac{1}{4}$  cents, what will  $\frac{5}{16}$  of an orange cost?
- 99. If 4 pounds of rice cost 61 dimes, how many cents will 12 pounds cost?

#### SECTION XLV.

- 1. If 4 bbl. of flour cost \$14%, what will % of a bbl. cost?
- 2. If 3 bu. of pears cost \$54, what will 14 bu. cost?
- 3. If 2½ bushels of apples cost 6½ dimes, how many cents will 4 of a bushel cost?
- 4. If \( \frac{3}{4} \) of an apple cost \( \frac{3}{4} \) of a cent, what will 1 apple cost?
- 5. If § of an orange cost § of a cent, what will § of an orange cost?
  - 6. If 24 yd. of silk cost \$35, what will 51 yd. cost?
  - 7. If 5% yd. of satin cost \$540, what will 2 yd. cost?
- 8. If in 34 hours, A can do a piece of work, how long will it take him to do a piece 14 times as large?
- 9. \$\frac{2}{4}\$ of A's age is \$\frac{2}{4}\$ of B's; and \$\frac{2}{4}\$ of B's age is \$\frac{2}{4}\$ of C's age. How old are A and B respectively, provided C is 81 years old?

- 10. Bought 3\\$ boxes of goods, at  $66\frac{6}{11}$  a box; how many sheep, at \$2 each, will pay for them?
  - 11.  $7 \div \frac{3}{4} = ?$  Or, 7 divided by  $\frac{3}{4}$  equals how many?

ANALYSIS.—

is contained in 1, 

times, and in 7, 7 times 

, which are 

n, or 17

times.

12. 
$$2 \div \frac{1}{3} = ?$$
 | 14.  $5 \div \frac{1}{4} = ?$  | 16.  $9 \div \frac{1}{4} = ?$  | 17.  $12 \div \frac{1}{4} = ?$ 

18. How many times ‡ is ‡?

ANALYSIS 18T.— $\frac{3}{8}$  equals  $\frac{3}{10}$ , and  $\frac{3}{4}$  equals  $\frac{15}{10}$ .  $\frac{3}{10}$  is contained in  $\frac{15}{10}$ ,  $\frac{15}{10}$ , or  $1\frac{7}{4}$  times.

ANALYSIS 2D.—1 is contained in  $\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$  times. If 1 is contained in  $\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$  times,  $\frac{1}{4}$  is contained in  $\frac{3}{4}$ , 5 times  $\frac{3}{4}$  times, which are  $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 times, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  is contained in it,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of  $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 times, which is  $\frac{1}{4}$ 5, or  $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 times.

- 19. How many times 4 is 4?
- 20.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 26.  $3\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 32.  $3\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 27.  $2\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{3}{8} = ?$  | 33.  $4\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 28.  $2\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{3}{8} = ?$  | 28.  $2\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{3}{8} = ?$  | 34.  $2\frac{1}{8} \div 1\frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 29.  $5\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 36.  $1\frac{1}{8} \div 2\frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 29.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 36.  $5\frac{1}{8} \div 2\frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 26.  $\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 27.  $5\frac{1}{8} \div 4\frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 27.  $5\frac{1}{8} \div 4\frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 28.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 37.  $\frac{1}{8} \div 4\frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 38.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 38.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 39.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 39.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 39.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 39.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 39.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 39.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} = ?$  | 39.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{$
- 38. A farmer sold a quantity of rye for \$96, which was only 4 of its value; how much did he lose?
- 39. A man sold a cow for 1\frac{3}{6} times what she cost him, and by so doing gained \$6; how much did the cow cost him?
- 40. A merchant sold a quantity of goods for 18 of what they cost him, and by so doing lost \$15; how much did the goods cost?
- 41. A farmer, having lost 12 sheep, had only ‡ of his flock remaining; how many sheep had he left?

- 43. A man, being asked how many geese he had, answered, if to § of his flock 24 geese were added, the number would equal 1% times his original flock; how many geese had he?
- 44. A boy, being asked his age, said, that 81 years equaled 8 of twice his age; how old was he?
  - 45. If \ of my steamboat fare was \$7\ , what was \ of it?
- 46. What will § of a barrel of flour cost, if § of a barrel cost \$24?
- 47. What will \{ \} of an orange cost, if \{ \} of an orange cost 2\{ \} cents ?
- 48. How many yards of cloth will be required to make a coat, if 14 yards will make 4 of a coat?
  - 49. 3 of 2 are how many times 3?

1

50.  $\frac{3}{16}$  of 8 are how many times  $\frac{1}{2}$ ?

51. 
$$3 \div \frac{3}{8} \times 7 = ?$$
 | 53.  $\frac{3}{8} \times 6 \div \frac{3}{4} \times 12 = ?$  52.  $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{3}{4} \times 8 = ?$  | 54.  $\frac{3}{8} \times 2 \div \frac{3}{8} \times 7 = ?$ 

- 55. If § of 3 yards of cloth cost \$1, what will § of 7 yards cost?
- 56. If \$ of 6 yards of cloth cost \$2\$, how much will \$ of 7 yards cost?
- 57. If \( \frac{2}{3}\) of a barrel of flour cost \( \frac{2}{3}\), what will \( \frac{1}{3}\) of \( \frac{2}{3}\) of a barrel cost \( \frac{2}{3}\)

#### SECTION XLVI.

1. 12 is § of what number?

ANALYSIS.—If § of some number is 12, § of that number is § of 12, or 6; and § is 3 times 6, or 18. Therefore, 12 is § of 18.

2.	15 is \ of?	1	5. 26 is § of	?	8.	32 is 4 of?
<i>3</i> .	18 is # of?	1	6. 25 is 4 of	?	9.	36 is # of?
4.	20 is 4 of ?	i	7. 30 is 4 of	P	<i>1</i> 0.	36 is A of?

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11. 36 is $ of? | 14. 12 is $ of? | 17. 16 is $ of? | 18. 24 is $ of? | 15. 38 is $ of? | 18. 16 is $ of? | 18. 9 is $ of? | 16. 16 is $ of? | 19. 40 is $ of?
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20. 40 is \$ of what number?

ANALYSIS.-40 is # of 45.

Note.—When pupils are familiar with the analysis of these questions, the intermediate steps may be omitted, as in the above analysis.

- 21. 72 is § of what number?
- 22. 72 is 30 of what number?
- 23. 12 is a of how many times 2?
- 24. 16 is 4 of how many times 3?
- 25. 18 is \$ of how many times 9?
- 26. 32 is 4 of how many times 4?
- 27. 46 is \$ of how many times 23 ?
- 28. 48 is 4 of how many times 5?
- 29. 48 is 4 of how many times 4?
- 30. 36 is \$ of how many times 2?
- 31. 30 is 4 of how many times 4 of 12?
- 32. 30 is 4 of how many times 4 of 10?
- 33. 16 is 4 of how many times 4 of 9?
- 34. 16 is 45 of how many times 4 of 16?
- 35. 24 is \$ of how many times \$ of 12?
- 36. 25 is \$ of how many times \$ of 9?
- 37. 35 is 5 of how many times 3 of 9?
- 38. 40 is \$ of how many times \$ of 10?
- 89. 48 is 50 of how many times 4 of 25?
- 40. 96 is \$ of how many times \$ of 16?

### SECTION XLVII

- 1. 4 of 6 is 4 of what number?
- 2. % of 10 is % of what number?
- 3. 4 of 8 is 4 of what number?
- 4. 4 of 21 is 4 of what number?

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5. 4 of 15 is 3 of what number?
 6. \frac{3}{10} of 40 is 4 of what number?
 7. 4 of 27 is 4 of what number?
 8. 4 of 27 is 4 of what number?
 9. § of 81 is 3 of what number?
10. $ of 49 is 5 of what number?
11. 4 of 12 is 4 of how many times 2?
12. 3 of 16 is 3 of how many times 2?
13. 4 of 10 is # of how many times 4?
14. 1 of 16 is 3 of how many times 6?
15. 4 of 15 is # of how many times 6?
16. % of 20 is % of how many times 3?
17. 4 of 12 is 4 of how many times 5?
18. 4 of 20 is 4 of how many times 3?
19. 7 of 36 is $1 of how many times 4?
20. § of 72 is § of how many times 12?
ANALYSIS.—2 of 72 is 64. 64 is 2 of 96. 96 is 8 times 12.
21. } of 96 is } of how many times 90 ?
22. I of 117 is I of how many times 4?
23. $ of 56 is $ of how many times 8?
24. 4 of 60 is 4 of how many times 5?
25. 4 of 36 is 3 of how many times 12?
26. 3 of 72 is 3 of how many times 5?
27. 7 of 40 is 4 of how many times 21?
28. 4 of 32 is 4 of how many times 9?
29. 4 of 15 is 4 of how many times 2?
30. 4 of 15 is 4 of how many times 9?
31. § of 24 is § of how many times 3?
32. 3 of 45 is $ of how many times 3?
33. 4 of 14 is 4 of how many times 5?
34. 4 of 18 is 4 of how many times ??
35. \frac{9}{10} of 40 is \frac{3}{2} of how many times 6?
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36.  $\frac{4}{5}$  of 45 is  $\frac{6}{11}$  of how many times 3? 37.  $\frac{4}{5}$  of 35 is  $\frac{4}{5}$  of hew many times 2?

- 38. § of 81 is § of how many times 9?
- 39. § of 5 is § of how many times 7?
- 40. \(\frac{3}{4}\) of 7 is \(\frac{3}{4}\) of how many times 3?
- 41. B's horse cost \$60, and \$ of the cost of the horse is \$ of 2 times the value of his wagon; what is the value of his wagon?
- 42. A coat cost \$20, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the cost of the coat is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 8 times the price of a hat; the price of the hat is required.
- 43. If a cow cost \$30, and \( \frac{2}{3} \) of this is \( \frac{2}{3} \) of 10 times the price of a sheep?
- 44. A's farm is worth \$1200, and \$ of its value is \$ of 10 times the value of its yearly productions; what is the value of the yearly productions?
- 45. All the articles in a certain store cost \$500, and  $\frac{3}{10}$  of their cost is  $\frac{3}{5}$  of 3 times the amount paid for the silks; how much was the cost of the silks and of the other articles respectively?
- 46. A's wedding clothes cost \$180, and § of the cost of his clothes is § of 6 times the cost of his bride's wedding dress; how much was the cost of her dress?
- 47. The insurance of a ship amounted to \$800, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of that is  $\frac{1}{20}$  of 2 times the value of the cargo; what is the value of the cargo?
- 48. A's house cost \$1400, and 7 of its cost is 31 times 1 of the cost of the furniture contained in it; what was the cost of the furniture?
- 49. Provided a house was worth \$1200, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of its value was  $\frac{3}{8}$  of  $\frac{1}{2}$  times the value of the farm on which it stood, what was the value of the farm?
- 50. If a sleigh cost \$100, what would be the cost of a wagon, if  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the cost of the sleigh was  $\frac{2}{11}$  of twice the cost of the wagon?

51. Before the war Lambert's property was worth \$2500, and  $\frac{4}{5}$  of its value then is  $3\frac{1}{5}$  times  $\frac{1}{5}$  of its value now; what is its present value?

Distances on the Railroad between Albany and Buffalo.

- 52. The distance from Albany to Schenectady is 16 miles, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of this distance is  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the distance from Albany to Rome; what is the distance to Rome?
- 53. Fort Plain is 56 miles from Albany, and  $\frac{4}{1}$  of this distance is  $1\frac{3}{5}$  times  $\frac{1}{10}$  of the distance from Albany to Rochester; what is the distance to Rochester?
- 54. Waterloo is 192 miles from Albany, and § of this distance is 1§ times the distance from Albany to Utica, and 3 miles more; what is the distance to Utica?
- 55. Buffalo is 325 miles from Albany, and  $\frac{3}{5}$  of this distance is  $7\frac{1}{5}$  times  $\frac{1}{11}$  of the distance to Batavia, and 5 miles more; what is the distance from Albany to Batavia?

Distances on the Railroad between Albany and Boston.

- 56. Boston is 200 miles from Albany, and  $\frac{2}{6}$  of this distance is  $1\frac{3}{6}$  times  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the distance to West Springfield; what is the distance to West Springfield?
- 57. From Albany to the State line is 38 miles, and 1½ times this distance is 4½ times ½ of the distance to Wilbraham; what is the distance to Wilbraham?
- 58. Kinderhook is 16 miles from Albany, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of this distance is  $\frac{3}{8}$  times  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the distance to Dalton; what is the distance to Dalton?
- 59. Brighton is 195 miles from Albany, and  $\frac{2}{5}$  of this distance is  $\frac{1}{5}$  of 2 times the distance to Worcester; what is the distance to Worcester?
- 60. Grafton is 162 miles from Albany, and § of this distance is § of 3 times the distance to Westfield, less 2 miles; how far is it to Westfield?

#### SECTION XLVIII.

- 1. I of 9 is I of how many times I of 25?
- 2. 3 of 16 is 1 of how many times 1 of 21?
- 3. 4 of 40 is 4 of how many times 4 of 16?
- 4. 7 of 80 is 7 of how many times 1 of 21?
- 5. \( \frac{2}{3}\) of 36 is \( \frac{1}{3}\) of how many times \( \frac{2}{3}\) of 12?
- 6. § of 45 is § of how many times § of 14?
- 7. 4 of 30 is 4 of how many times 4 of 10?
- 8. 11 of 48 is 1 of how many times 3 of 7?
- o. 4 of 45 in 8 of language times # of 02
- 9. ‡ of 45 is ‡ of how many times ‡ of 8?

Analysis.— $\frac{1}{2}$  of 45 is 86. 86 is  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 162.  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 8 is 6. 163 is  $\frac{37}{4}$  times 6.

- 10. \$ of 35 is 1 of how many times \$ of 113?
- 11. 7 of 54 is 3 of how many times 3 of 101?
- 12. \$ of 25 is \$ of how many times \$ of 10?
- 13. 4 of 28 is % of how many times 4 of 25?
- 14. 4 of 18 is 2 of how many times 2 of 12?
- 15. § of 36 is § of how many times § of 12?
- 16. 4 of 54 is 4 of how many times 3 of 16?
- 17. 7 of 32 is 3 of how many times 3 of 9?
- 18. § of 108 is § of how many times § of § of 15?
- 19.  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 40 is  $\frac{5}{18}$  of how many times  $\frac{1}{2}$  of  $\frac{4}{5}$  of 20?
- 20. 4 of 20 is 3 of how many times 3 of 3 of 12?
- 21. 7 of 36 is 4 of how many times 3 of 3 of 24?
- 22. 4 of 16 is how many thirds of 48?
- 23. 4 of 6 is 4 of how many eighths of 48?
- 24. How many fifths of 45 is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 27 times  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 8?
- 25. What part of 9 is 3 of 2 times 1 of 25?
- 26. § of what number is \$ of 7 times § of 16?
- 27. § of 45 is \$ of how many times § of 16?
  - ?, \$ of 45 is \$ of 7 times \$ of what number?

#### SECTION XLIX.

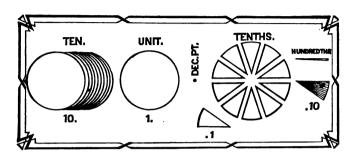
- 1. If 1 horse eat \( \frac{1}{4} \) of a bushel of oats in 1 day, how many horses will eat a bushel in the same time?
- 2. If the wages of 8 weeks amount to \$48, what will the wages of 2\frac{1}{2} weeks amount to?
- 3. A ship's crew of 12 men have provision for 5 months; how many months will it last 5 men?
- 4. A man gained \$14 by selling a watch for 13 times what it cost him; how much did it cost?
- 5. There is a pole, ‡ of its length is under water, and 9 feet out; how long is the pole?
- 6. A pole is standing in the water, so that 15 feet is above the water, which is \ of the whole length of the pole; how long is the pole?
- 7. If § be 2, what will 2 be? Or, if § of an apple cost 2 cents, how much will 2 apples cost?
- 8. If 8 horses in 1 day eat 4 bushels of oats, in how many days can 1 horse eat 1 bushel?
- 9. If 3 horses in 1 day eat 14 bushels of oats, how many bushels can 1 horse eat in 4 days?
- 10. If 1 horse in 2 days eat 6 bushels of corn, how many bushels will 4 horses eat in 3 days?
- 11. If 4 horses eat 16 bushels of grain in 2 days, how many bushels will 3 horses eat in 12 days?
- 12. How many tons of hay will 3 horses consume in 4 days, if 4 horses in 4 of a day consume 4 of a ton?
- 13. How many hundred-weight of hay can 3 horses consume in 25 days, if 2 horses in 1 of a day consume 170 of a hundred-weight?
- 14. In how many days can 4 men cut 16 cords of wood, if 1 man in 1 day cut 1 of a cord?

- 15. How many men will be required to earn 20 dimes in 4 days, if 4 men in 23 days earn 11 dimes?
- 16. If it require 6 days for 2 men to lay 36 rods of wall, how many men can in  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the time build 72 rods of similar wall?
- 17. If in 4 days 3 men accomplish a certain piece of work, how many men will be required to perform a piece of work 4 times as large in 2 days?
- 18. If 4 men in 8 days perform a certain piece of work, how many men will be required to accomplish 3 times as much work in ? of a day?
- 19. If 1 horse eat 1 bushel of oats in 4 days, in how many days would 6 horses eat 48 bushels?
  - 20. If \( \frac{2}{3} \) of 6 be 3, what will \( \frac{1}{3} \) of 40 be?
  - 21. If 3 be § of 6, what will \$ of 40 be?
- 22. If 2 men in  $\frac{1}{3}$  of a day earn  $\frac{5}{12}$  of a dollar, in how many days can 3 men earn  $\frac{5}{4}$  of a dollar?
- 23. If it require  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a bushel of oats to feed 4 horses  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a day, how many horses would it require to consume 9 bushels in  $\frac{3}{8}$  of a day?
- 24. If 18 cords of wood are worth \$54, how much are 28 cords worth?
- 25. If  $\frac{7}{4}$  of an acre of land cost £14, what will  $\frac{3}{4}$  of an acre cost?
- 26. Divide 72 into 2 parts, so that if  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the greater be taken away and added to the less, the sums will be equal.

SUGGESTION.—Review unless the pupils thoroughly understand the preceding Sections.

The study of the following sections on "Decimals" and "Arithmetical and Algebraic Problems" [Sections L. to LXV.] may be omitted until the class has learned the sections in "Interest," comencing on page 149, Section LXVII.

# SECTION L. DECIMAL FRACTIONS.



A decimal fraction, or decimal, is a fraction whose denominator is 10 or some power of 10 (100, or 1000, etc.). Decimals are written thus:  $.3 = \frac{3}{10}$ ,  $.4 = \frac{4}{10}$ ,  $.25 = \frac{25}{100}$ .

1. What is the sum of .3 and .7?

ANALYSIS.—3 tenths and 7 tenths are 10 tenths, or one.

2. Of .7 and .9?

ANALYSIS.—7 tenths and 9 tenths are 16 tenths, or 1 and 6 tenths; written 1.6.

What is the sum of:

# 12. Reduce 1 to tenths.

Note.—Annex one or more ciphers to numerator and denominator and divide both terms by the given denominator; thus,  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{10} = \frac{5}{10}$  or .5; or annex ciphers, or suppose them to be annexed to the numerator, and divide by denominator. (See Sheldons' Complete Arithmetic, p. 154.)

18. Reduce to decimals: 3, 4, 5, 7, 14, 14.

14. Change .25 to a common fraction.

Note.—Express the decimal as a common fraction, and reduce to its simplest form; thus,  $.25 = \frac{35}{100} = \frac{1}{2}$ .

Change the following to common fractions:

Note.—It may sometimes be seen by inspection that both numerator and denominator may be divided by a mixed number; as,  $\frac{71}{10}$  (divide by  $2\frac{1}{2}$ ) =  $\frac{3}{4}$ .

#### SECTION L1.

- 1. 1 is what part of 2? of 3? of 4? of 5? of 6?
- 2. 3 is what part of 4? of 5? of 6? of 7? of 8?

ANALYSIS.—1 is 1 of 4, and 3 is 8 times 1 of 4, or 2 of 4.

- 3. 7 is what part of 9? of 10? of 11? of 12?
- 4. § is what part of 21?

Analysis.— $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{4}{10}$  and  $2\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{10}$ .  $\frac{1}{10}$  is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of  $\frac{3}{10}$ , and  $\frac{4}{10}$  is 4 times  $\frac{1}{10}$  or  $\frac{4}{10}$  of  $\frac{3}{10}$ . Therefore,  $\frac{3}{6}$  is  $\frac{4}{10}$  of  $2\frac{1}{2}$ .

5. 3 quarts is what part of a gallon?

Analysis.—1 quart is  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a gallon, and 8 quarts are 8 times  $\frac{1}{4}$  or  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a gallon.

- 6. 3 inches are what part of a foot?
- 7. 1 foot and 3 inches are what part of a yard?

ANALYSIS.—1 foot and 3 inches = 15 inches, and 1 yard = 36 inches, 15 inches =  $\frac{15}{15}$  or  $\frac{5}{15}$  of a yard.

- 8. What part of a shilling is 3 pence? 4 pence? 6 pence? 7 pence? 8 pence? 9 pence? 10 pence?
- 9. What part of 2 shillings is 6 pence? 8 pence? 9 pence? 18 pence?
- 10. What part of a pound is 5 shillings? 8 shillings? 10 shillings? 12 shillings? 15 shillings? 18 shillings?

- 11. How many pence in a pound? in 2 pounds?
- 12. 2s. 6d. is what part of a pound? what part of 12 shillings?
- 13. What part of a pound is 3s. 4d.? 4 shillings? 6s. 8d.? 7s. 8d.?
- 14. What part of a yard is 2 feet? 1 ft. 6 inches? 20 inches? 27 inches? 30 inches? 9 inches? 4½ inches? 13½ inches?
  - 15. How many yards in a rod? in 2 rods? in 3 rods?
  - 16. In 16 yards how many rods? how many feet?
  - 17. In 33 feet how many rods? how many yards?
  - 18. How many yards in 4 rods? how many feet?

## SECTION LII.

#### ARITHMETICAL AND ALGEBRAIC PROBLEMS.

- 1. 24 is  $\frac{3}{4}$  of twice as much as a coat cost; what was the cost of the coat?
- 2. Bought 30 barrels of flour, and 4 of the number of barrels equaled 4 as many dollars as they all cost; what did 1 barrel cost?
  - 3. 35 is § of how many times § of 4?
- 4. A farmer, being asked how many sheep he had, answered, that 160 was § of 10 times his number; how many sheep had he?
- 5. Mr. B, being asked the value of his horse, said, \$54 is 5 of 3 times its value; what is the value of his horse?
  - 6. 72 is \$ of how many times \$ of 12?
  - 7. 36 is \ of how many times \ of 12?
  - 8. 48 is 3 of how many times 1 of 18?
  - 9. 56 is  $\frac{9}{8}$  of how many times  $\frac{7}{8}$  of 8?
  - 10. 60 is \$ of how many times \$ of 16?
  - 11. 84 is 12 of how many times 1 of 25?

- 12. A spent \$60, which was \$ of 4 times as much as he was worth; how much was he worth?
- 13. B sold 9 sheep, which was  $\frac{3}{10}$  times  $\frac{1}{5}$  of his whole flock; how many sheep had he remaining?
- 14. D lost \$20, which was 4 times 5 of all his money; how much had he?
- 15. C found \$45, which was § of 3 times as much as he already had; how much more did he find than he had at first?
- 16. A boy lost 9 marbles, which was  $\frac{2}{3}$  of twice the number he had at first; how many had he left?
- 17. A boy gave away 8 apples, which was # of twice as many as he had left; how many had he at first?
  - 18. 12 is } times } of what number?
  - 19. 36 is times \$ of how many times \$ of 131?
- 20. Jeremiah is 18 years old, and his age is \ times \ of his father's age; how old is his father?
- 21. Mary gave 6 cents for a comb, which was ? times :
  of all her money; how many cents had she?
- 22. Martha gave 8 cents for a pine-apple, which was ‡ times ‡ of all her money; how many apples could she have bought with the money she had remaining, at 2 cents each?
- 23. Henry had 20 marbles, which was  $\frac{2}{3}$  of twice as many as Harry had; how many had Harry?
- 24. Margaret is 16 years old, and her age is § of 3 times Martha's age; how old is Martha?
  - 25. I is f of twice as much what number?
- 26. A man bought a horse for \$60, which was \$ of twice as much as he sold it for; how much did he gain by the bargain?
- 27. A horse was sold for \$40, which was \$ times \$ of what it was worth; what was the value of the horse?

- 28. A man, when he was married, was 20 years of age, which was § times § of the age of his wife; how old was she?
- 29. Shepherd was worth \$160, which was  $\frac{4}{10}$  times  $\frac{1}{10}$  of his father's fortune; required the father's fortune.
- 30. A gave B \$14, which was 7% times § as much as B then had. At the first B's money equaled % of A's. How much had each at first?
- 31. B gave C \$20, which was  $\frac{1}{14}$  of what C then had more than B. Provided this sum was  $1\frac{1}{4}$  times as much as B had at first, how much had each at first?

#### SECTION LIII.

1. A boy, after spending ? of all his money, found that 16 cents was all he had remaining; how much had he at first?

ANALYSIS 1ST.—Let  $\frac{1}{4}$  equal the money he had at first. Then, after spending  $\frac{1}{4}$  of it, ne had remaining  $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{3}{4}$ , which is  $\frac{3}{4}$ . This, by the condition of the question, is 16 cents. If  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the money he had at first is 16 cents,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of it is  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 16 cents, which is 8 cents; and  $\frac{3}{4}$ , or what he had at first, are 5 times 8, or 40 cents.

ANALYSIS 2D.—He spent  $\frac{3}{5}$  of his money; therefore, he had remaining  $\frac{3}{5}$  of it, which equals 16 cents. If  $\frac{3}{5}$  of his money is 16 cents, he must have had 40 cents.

- 2. Ruth, after losing § of all her roses, had only 3 remaining; how many had she at first?
- 3. Jane gave \ of all her flowers to Ann, and had 4 remaining; how many did she give to Ann?
- 4. George, after eating  $\frac{9}{15}$  of all his oranges, had only 8 oranges remaining; how many had he at first?
- 5. A boy expended 1 of his money for a pie, 1 for a ball, 1 for a top, and had 6 cents remaining; how many cents had he at first?

- 6. In a certain school  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the scholars study grammar,  $\frac{1}{2}$  study arithmetic, and the remainder, which are 10, study geography; how many scholars in all, and how many attending to each study?
- 7. A third part of an army was killed, 1 part taken prisoners, and 300 escaped; how many were there in the army?
- 8. If from my age you subtract 1 and 2 of my age, the remainder is 2 years; how old am I?
- 9. Mr. B, being asked how many pigeons he caught, said, that if to \$\forall \text{ of the number 36 were added, the sum would equal twice the number; how many did he catch?
- 10. If to  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  of the cost of B's horse you add \$100, the sum will be twice the cost of the horse; what was the cost of the horse?
- 11. A gentleman, after spending \$ of his fortune and \$ of the remainder, had \$2400 remaining; what was his fortune?
- 12. A man, having lost  $\frac{3}{4}$  of all his money, borrowed from a friend  $\frac{3}{4}$  as much as he had lost; he then had \$90. How much had he at first?
- 13. John had stolen from him § of his money; the thief was not caught until he had spent § of all he had stolen; the remainder, which was \$40 less than John had remaining, was given back; how much money had John at first?
- 14. A traveler had stolen from him \$ of his money; the thief was not caught until he had spent \$ of what he had stolen; the remainder, \$100, was given back; how much had he at first?
- 15. If to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the cost of A's watch you add \$10, the sum will be \$21; what was the cost of his watch?
- 16. If to § of B's age, you add 15 years, the sum would be 39 years; how old is B?

- 17. A drover, being asked how many sheep he had, said, if to \(\frac{1}{3}\) of my flock you add the number 9\(\frac{1}{3}\), the sum will be 99\(\frac{1}{3}\); how many sheep had he?
- 18. § of the length of a pole is in the water, and 12 feet in the air; how long is the pole?
- 19. If to \( \frac{1}{3} \) of A's age you add 16 years, the sum will be 1\( \frac{1}{3} \) times his age; how old is he?
- 20. A man, being asked how many pigeons he caught, replied, if to \(\frac{3}{4}\) of the number I caught you add 20, the sum would lack 4 of being equal to 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) times the number: how many did he catch \(\frac{1}{4}\)

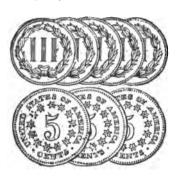
#### SECTION LIV.

1. Divide the number 36 into two parts which shall be to each other as 7 to 2.

ANALYSIS.—Since the two parts are to be to each other as 7 to 2, we must divide 36 into 7 + 2, which are 9 equal parts; and 7 of the parts will be one of the numbers, and 2 of them the other. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of 36 is 4, and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ are 7 times 4, which are 28 (the first number), and \$\frac{3}{2}\$ are 2 times 4, which are 8 (the other number). Or, in the latter part of the solution, say: \$\frac{7}{2}\$ of 36 is 28, the first number; and \$\frac{3}{2}\$ of 36 is 8, the other number.

- 2. 2 men hired a pasture for \$72; one put in 7 horses, and the other 2 horses; what ought each to pay?
- 3. A and B hired a pasture for \$14; A put in 4 cows, and B put in 3 cows; what ought each to pay?
- 4. A and B bought a horse for \$50; A paid \$30, and B paid \$20. They sold him at a profit of \$30; what was each one's share?
- 5. Two men bought 40 mules; the first paid \$5 as often as the other paid \$3. How many mules ought each to receive?

6. Mary and Elizabeth went to school 80 days, and as often as Mary went 3 days, Elizabeth went 5 days; how many days did each attend school?



- 7. John and James have each the same sum of money. John spends  $\frac{3}{5}$  of his and James  $\frac{3}{5}$  of his, when they have only 11 cents left. How much has each?
- 8. Reuben has 7 cents and Blake 4 cents; they paid all their money for 22 apples; how many apples ought each to receive?
- 9. Three men invest \$1200; the first paid \$200, the second \$700, and the third \$300. Their profits were \$240; what was each man's share?
- 10. Three men hired a pasture for \$24; the first put in 2 horses, the second put in 3 horses, and the third put in 4 horses; how much ought each to pay?
- 11. A man, failing in business, was able to pay only  $\frac{4}{5}$  of his debts; how much will that man receive to whom he owes \$90?
- 12. A man, meeting an equal number of poor women and boys, gave to each woman 7 dimes, and to each boy 2 limes; and to them all he gave \$9; how many women and boys were there respectively?
- 13. Two men bought a barrel of fish for \$9; the first paid \$4, the second \$5; what part of the barrel belongs to each?
  - 14. A farmer gave 35 bushels of rye to two neighbors; the first he gave 1 bushel as often as to the other  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a el; how many bushels did each receive?

- 15. Three men hired a pasture for \$36; the first put in 3 horses, the second 2 horses, and the third 4 horses; how much ought each to pay?
- 16. Two men hired a pasture for \$60; the first put in 4 horses for 2 weeks, and the second put in 3 horses for 4 weeks; how much ought each to pay?
- 17. Three men hired a pasture for \$15; the first put in 4 sheep for 5 weeks, the second put in 8 sheep for 5 weeks, and the third put in 10 sheep for 9 weeks. How much ought each to pay?
- 18. Two men entered into partnership; the first put in \$40 for 10 months, and the second put in \$80 for 5 months; they gained \$95; what was each man's share of the gain?
- 19. A and B agreed to cut a field of wheat for \$20; A sent 5 men for 4 days, and B sent 3 men for 10 days; how much ought each to receive?
- 20. Divide \$56 between A and B, giving to A \$1 as often as to B \ of a dollar.
- 21. A and B hired a pasture for \$24; A put in 4 sheep for 10 weeks, and B put in 2 horses for 10 weeks; what ought each to pay, provided 2 sheep in 1 week eat as much as a horse in the same time?
- 22. Simpson, Domer, and Eyer enter into a joint speculation by which they clear \$460. Simpson claims to have furnished \(\frac{3}{4}\); Domer, \(\frac{3}{4}\); and Eyer, \(\frac{1}{4}\) of the entire capital. How much, according to this supposition, ought each to receive of the profit?

Note.— $\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{8}$ , and  $\frac{1}{8}$  are to each other as 9, 8, and 6.

- 23. Divide the number 30 into two parts, such that  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the first shall equal two-thirds of the second.
- 24. Divide the number 28 into two such parts that 6 times the first shall equal 8 times the second.

#### SECTION LV.

1. Mr. B had 4 apples more than A, and together they had 14; how many had each?

ANALYSIS.—By a condition of the question, B's number is equal to A's +4 apples; to which add A's number, and we have 2 times A's number +4=14. Therefore, 2 times A's number equals 14-4, or 10; and once his number equals  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 10, or 5 apples. And B's number is 5+4=9 apples.

- 2. Heman has 6 books more than Handford, and both have 26; how many has each?
- 3. Robert has 7 marbles more than Richard, and both have 35; how many has each?
- 4. Mary has 4 roses more than Martha, and both have 24; how many has each?
- 5. Alice has 7 pins more than Abner, and both have 29; how many has each?
  - 6. % of % is 4 of what number?
- 7. The sum of two numbers is 36, and their difference is 16; what are the two numbers?
- 8. A boy bought 4 of a melon for 84 cents; how much is that for 1 melon?
- 9. Homer and Hannah each bought an equal number of peaches; on their way home Hannah had 4 more given to her, then together they had 24; how many did each buy?
- 10. Two boys had each an equal number of blocks; one lost 4; and together they then had only 12 remaining; how many had each at first?
- 11. A wagon was sold for \$17%, which was & as much as it cost; what did it cost?
  - 12. Hiram had twice as many strawberries as Eugene, nd both had 18 pints; how many had each?

- 18. Ida had 6 cents more than twice as many as Ira, and both had 36; how many had each?
- 14. Susan had } as many cents as Sarah; Sarah lost 10; then together they had 50; how many had each at first?
- 16. Thomas was returning from market with twice as many eggs as Timothy; Thomas broke 4 of his, and Timothy 6 of his; they then had 50 eggs remaining. How many had each at first?
  - 16.  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a number  $\frac{1}{4}$  14 = 44; what is that number?
- 17. A boy, being asked his age, replied, 3 times my age
   7 years are 23 years; how old was he?
- 18. Mr. A, being asked how much money he had, replied, twice what I have + \$60, is four times \$400; how much money had A?
- 19. Two boys have 49 marbles, but the first has 7 the most; how many has each?
- 20. A man bought a sheep, a cow, and a horse for \$70; the cow cost \$10 more than the sheep, and the horse cost \$20 more than the cow. What was the cost of each?
- 21. A man bought a melon for 18% cents, which was only % as much as his dinner cost; what was the cost of his dinner?
- 22. A gentleman bought a watch and chain for \$80; the chain cost \( \frac{1}{4} \) as much as the watch; what was the cost of each?
- 23. A farmer bought a plow, a harness, and a horse for \$58; for the harness he gave \$6 more than for the plow, and for the horse \$34 more than for the harness. How much did he give for each?
- 24. A boy bought twice as many oranges as lemons, and on his way home ate 4 oranges and gave 6 away; and was surprised to find he had only 14 oranges remaining. How many of each kind did he buy?

- 25. 5 times a certain number 12 is 48; what is that number?
- 26. 3 of a certain number 5 is 40; what is that number?
- 27. A boy, being asked his age, replied, 11 years are 7 years more than 2 of my age; how old was he?
- 28. A boy, being asked how many sheep his father had, replied, 40 are 5 less than 3 of his father's number; how many had he?
- 29. A boy bought 18 lemons; for § of them he paid 3 cents for 2, and for the remainder he paid 3 cents each; for what must he sell them each to gain 10 cents on the whole?
- 30. James, John, and Joseph together have 96 peaches; James has 2 more than John, and Joseph has as many as both James and John; how many has each?
- 31. Henry bought 54 oranges; for § of them he paid 2 cents for 3, and for the remainder, 3 cents for 2; and sold § of them, at the rate of 2 cents for 3, and the remainder, at 3 cents for 2. How much did he gain by so doing?

# SECTION LVI.

- 1. If a man can do a certain piece of work in 12 days, what part of it can he do in 1 day?
- 2. If a man mow a field of grass in 20 hours, what part of it can he mow in 1 hour?
- 3. If it require 9 hours to empty a vessel, what part of it can be emptied in 1 hour?
- 4. If a family consume a barrel of pork in 30 days, what part of a barrel do they daily consume?
- 5. If it require 19 days to perform a certain journey, what part of it can be performed in 1 day?

- 6. If A can do a certain piece of work in 8 days, and B could do the same in 12 days, what part of it can each do in a day?
- 7. If C could mow a certain field in 4 days, and D could do the same in 6 days, what part of it could each do in a day? How much could they together do in a day?
- 8. If C and D can, in 1 day, mow  $\frac{6}{18}$  of a field, how long would it take them to mow the whole field?
- 9. How many days would it take to perform a certain piece of work, if  $\frac{3}{16}$  of it can be performed in 1 day?
- 10. If George can do a certain piece of work in 3 days, and Grenville in 6 days, how long will it take them together to do the work?
- 11. If James can eat a bushel of apples in 10 days, and Rud in 12 days, how long would 1 bushel last both?
- 12. A can cut a field of wheat in 12 days, and B can do the same in 20 days; how long would it take them to cut a field when they work together?
- 13. A merchant bought a hogshead of molasses for \$20, 10 gallons of which leaked out; how must be sell the remainder a gallon to gain \$6.50?
- 14. § of a barrel of flour cost \$4§; what will § of a barrel cost?
- 15. A and B can build a boat in 20 days, and with the assistance of C, they can build it in 8 days. How long would it take C to build it alone?
- 16. A farmer and his son can do a piece of work in 6 days; the son can do the same in 27 days. How long would it take the father to do the work?
- 17. Three pipes, A, B, and C, can fill a cistern in 2 hours, A and B can fill it in 4 hours, and A and C can fill it in 3 hours. How long would it take each to fill it?

- 18. A box of tea usually lasted a man and his wife 9 months; when the man was absent it would last the wife 12 months. How long would it have lasted the man alone?
- 19. A, B, and C can build a boat in 20 days, A and B in 40 days, and A and C in 30 days. How long would it take each separately to build it?
- 20. A market-woman bought 30 oranges, and had  $\frac{1}{3}$  of them stolen; the remainder she sold at 3 cents each, and thereby gained  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a cent on each orange bought. How much did they cost each?
- 21. A can do a certain piece of work in 4½ days, and A and B together in 3 days. After A did ½ of the work, B did the remainder; how long did it take him?
- 22. If A can do a certain piece of work in  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a day, how much can he do in 1 day?
- 23. If a man can chop a cord of wood in \$\frac{3}{2}\$ of a day, how much can he chop in 1 day?
- 24. Isaac can make a pair of boots in § of a day, and Ira in § of a day; how many pairs can both make in a day?
- 25. Samuel can cut a cord of wood in  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a day, and Theodore in  $\frac{3}{5}$  of a day; how long would it take them to cut a cord, when they worked together?
- 26. If  $\frac{3}{4}$  of an apple cost  $\frac{4}{3}$  of a cent, what will  $\frac{4}{3}$  of an apple cost?
- 27. If a wolf can eat a sheep in  $\frac{7}{8}$  of an hour, and a bear can eat it in  $\frac{3}{4}$  of an hour, how long would it take them together to eat what remained of a sheep after the wolf had been eating  $\frac{1}{8}$  of an hour?

Note.—The wolf in  $\frac{1}{3}$  hour can eat  $\frac{4}{7}$  of the sheep, and in 1 hour he can eat  $\frac{3}{7}$  of a sheep. Therefore, in 1 hour both can eat  $\frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{52}{31}$  of a sheep. Therefore, to eat  $\frac{7}{7} - \frac{4}{7} = \frac{9}{31}$  of a sheep, it will require  $\frac{9}{33}$  of an hour = 10 min.

#### SECTION LVII.

1. Lewis bought some oranges at 2 cents each, and had 12 cents remaining; if he had given 4 cents for each, it would have taken all his money. How many oranges did he buy?

ANALYSIS.—By the last condition of the question, each orange cost 2 cents more than by the first, and all cost 12 cents more than by the first condition. Therefore, there must have been as many oranges as 2 is contained times in 12, which is 6.

- 2. A boy gave to each of his playmates 3 cents, and had 24 cents remaining; if he had given them each 7 cents, it would have taken all the money he had. How many playmates had he?
- 3. Mary gave each of her playmates 5 apples; if she had given them each 7 apples, it would have taken 12 apples more. How many playmates had she?
- 4. A number of persons gave me 10 cents each; had they given me 12 cents each, it would have amounted to 20 cents more. How many persons were there?
- 5.  $\frac{3}{5}$  of \$200 is  $\frac{3}{250}$  of  $\frac{1}{5}$  times the salary of the President of the United States; what is his salary?
- 6. \$40 is  $\frac{2}{5}$  times  $\frac{1}{80}$  of the salary of the Vice-President of the United States; what is his salary?
- 7. Divide 35 oranges between James and Joseph, so that James may have 15 more than Joseph.
- 8. A horse was sold for \$96, which was 3 of twice as much as it cost; how much did it cost?
- 9. By selling a quantity of cotton for \$560, I gained \$ of what it cost; how much did it cost?
- 10. Agnes gave 2 dimes a yard for a piece of calico; had she given 3 dimes a yard, it would have cost 20 dimes more; how many yards did the piece contain?

- 11. A and B are 187 miles apart, and are traveling towards each other, one at the rate of 8 miles an hour, and the other, 9 miles an hour; how many hours before they meet?
- 12. A was ordered to buy a certain number of oranges; if he bought those at 2 cents each, he would have had no money left; if he bought those at 3 cents each, he would have wanted 10 cents more to pay for them. How many oranges was he required to buy?
- 13. A lady wished to buy a certain number of yards of muslin; there were two kinds, some at 9 cents a yard, and some at 12 cents a yard. Had she taken that at 12 cents a yard, it would have cost 36 cents more than the other kind. How many yards did she wish to buy?
- 14. A boy, being sent to market to buy a certain number of pounds of meat, found, if he bought beef at 5 cents a pound, he would have 39 cents remaining, but if he bought pork at 8 cents a pound, he would have only 6 cents remaining. For how much meat was he sent?
- 15. If 8 times a certain number is 36 more than 5 times the same number, what is that number?
- 16. A boy, being asked his age, said, 4 times my age is 24 years more than 2 times my age; how old was he?
- 17. A boy, being asked how many sheets of paper he had, said, 4 times the number is 18 less than 7 times the number; how many had he?
- 18. A person, wishing to buy some butter, found, if he bought that which was 10 cents a pound, he would have 20 cents remaining; but if he bought that which was 12 cents a pound, he would lack 14 cents of having money enough to pay for it. How many pounds did he wish to buy?
- 19. A farmer, wishing to buy a certain number of sheep, found if he gave \$2 a head, he would have \$20 remaining;

but if he gave \$5 a head, he would lack \$40 of having money enough to pay for them. How many sheep did he wish to buy?

20. Says A to B, I am 4 times as old as you; says B to C, I am 4 as old as you; but says A to C, I am 40 years older than you. Required the age of each.

#### SECTION LVIII.

1. A laborer agreed to work 40 days upon this condition: that for every day he worked he should receive \$2, and for every day he was idle he should pay \$1 for his board. At the expiration of the time, he received \$50. How many days did he work?

ANALYSIS.—If he had labored the whole time, he would have received 40 times \$2, or \$80. But he received only \$50; he, therefore, lost by his idleness \$80 - \$50, or \$30. For every day he was idle he lost \$2 (his daily wages) + \$1 (the cost of his board), which are \$3. If he lose \$3 in 1 day, he will lose \$1 in  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a day, and \$30 in 30 times  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a day, or 10 days. Therefore, he was idle 10 days, and worked 40 - 10 days, or 30 days.

- 2. A man agreed to work 60 days on this condition: that for every day he worked he should receive \$1\frac{1}{2}, and for every day he was idle he should pay \$\frac{1}{2}\$ for his board. At the expiration of the time, he received \$68. How many days did he work?
- 3. A man was hired for 80 days, on condition, that every day he worked he should receive 6 dimes, and every day he was idle he should forfeit 4 dimes. At the end of the time, he received \$40. How many days did he work?
  - 4. How many times \ of 12 is \ of 48?
- 5. A and B bought a quantity of flour for \$50; A paid \$1 as often as B \ of a dollar; what part of the flour belongs to each?

- 6. A, B, and C built a house, which cost \$500, of which B paid \$100 more than A, and C paid as much as A and B both; how much did each pay?
- 7. A merchant sold a quantity of cloth for \$84, and thereby lost \{ \} of what it cost; what did it cost?
  - 8. 71 is 21 times 3 of how many times 11?
- 9. A farmer, having in his employ an equal number of men and boys, gave to each boy \$4, to each man \$8, and to them all, \$84; how many men were there?
- 10. Two men hired a pasture for \$35; one put in 3 cows, and the other 4; how much ought each to pay?
- 11. A man sold an equal number of ducks and turkeys for 20 dimes; the ducks at 2 dimes each, and the turkeys at 3 dimes each. How many did he sell in all?
- 12. A farmer sold an equal number of ducks and turkeys; the ducks at 4 dimes each, the turkeys at 7 dimes each; and for the turkeys he received \$3 more than for the ducks. How many of each did he sell?
- 13. Two baskets contain 37 apples; in one there are 17 more than in the other. How many in each?
- 14. Charles and Henry together have 49 marbles, and Charles has 7 more than twice as many as Henry. How many has each?
- 15. Philip has 20 apples more than Philo; and together they have 92; how many has each?
- 16. Three boys have 47 lemons; the first has 3 more than the second, and the second 7 more than the third. How many has each?
- 17. A boy bought a whistle, a whip, and a drum for 70 cents. For the whip he gave twice as much as for the drum, and for the drum, twice as much as for the whistle; how much did he give for each?

- 18. A boy was hired for 20 days, on this condition: that for every day he labored he should receive 3 dimes, and for every day he was idle he should pay 2 dimes for his board. At the expiration of the time, he received only \$1. How many days was he idle?
- 19. The sum of three numbers is 54. The first is twice, and the third 3 times the second; what are the numbers?
- 20. Sarah's age is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of Susan's, and the sum of their ages is 24; what is the age of each?
- 21. § of an army were killed, § of the remainder taken prisoners, and 400 escaped; how many were there in the army?

#### SECTION LIX.

1. A fishing rod, the length of which was 14 feet, was broken into two pieces. The shorter piece was 3 of the length of the longer. How long was each piece?

ANALYSIS.— $\frac{1}{4}$  of the length of the longer piece, which is the length of the shorter,  $+\frac{1}{4}$  (the length of the longer) =  $\frac{7}{4}$  of the length of the longer, which is the length of both, or 14 feet. If  $\frac{7}{4}$  of the longer is 14 feet,  $\frac{1}{4}$  is  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 14 feet, which is 2 feet, and  $\frac{1}{4}$  (which is the length of the longer) are 4 times 2 feet, or 8 feet. 14-8=6 feet, the length of the shorter piece.

- 2. A pole, 20 feet long, is in the air and water; § of the length in the air equals the length in the water. What is the length in the air and water respectively?
- 3. If in 2 days a man traveled 160 miles, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the distance he traveled the first day, equals the distance he traveled the second day, how far did he travel each day?
- 4. B and C together have 40 marbles; how many has each, provided & of B's number is equal to C's?
- 5. If a horse and a colt were worth \$90, and the horse was worth 1; times as much as the colt, what was the value of each?

- 6. A boy paid 70 cents for a slate and a book; how much did he pay for each, provided the book cost 1\frac{1}{2} times as much as the slate?
- 7. If a traveler pay \$1.20 for his breakfast and dinner, how much did he pay for each, provided his dinner cost § as much as his breakfast?
- 8. A pole, the length of which is 67 feet, is in the air and water; § of the length in the air + 7 feet equals the length in the water. Required the length in the air and in the water.
- 9. Divide the number 108 into two such parts, that \$ of the first + 8 shall equal the second.
- 10. Divide the number 97 into two such parts, that  $\frac{2}{7}$  of the first + 7 shall equal the second.
- 11. There is a fish the length of which is 18 feet; its tail is 4 feet, and § of the length of the body equals the length of the head. What is the length of the head and body respectively?
- 12. There is a fish the weight of which is 11 pounds, and 1 of the weight of the head + 8 pounds equals the weight of the body; what is the weight of each?
- 13. A ship-mast, 51 feet in length, was broken off in a storm, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the length broken off equaled  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the length remaining; how much was broken off, and how much remained?
- 14. A boy, being asked how many apples and oranges he had, answered, in all I have 36, and  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the number of apples equals  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the number of oranges; how many of each kind had he?
- 15. A farmer has 290 sheep in two different fields; and of the number in the first field, equals \(\frac{2}{3}\) of the number the second; how many in each?

- 16. § of one number equals § of another, and their sum is 57; what are the two numbers?
- 17. The hour and minute hands of a watch are exactly together at 12 o'clock; when are they next together?
- 18. A market-woman was requested to buy 33 fowls, consisting of two kinds; ‡ of the number of the first kind, was to equal § of the number of the second; how many of each must she buy?
- 19. A person, being asked the time of day, said, the time past noon is 1 of the time past midnight; what was the hour?

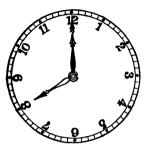
Note.—Since the time past noon is \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of the time past midnight, the time from midnight to noon, which is 12 hours, must be \$\frac{4}{2}\$ of the time past midnight.

- 20. Provided the time past 10 o'clock, A.M., equals } of the time to midnight, what o'clock is it?
- 21. What is the hour, if the time past noon is  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the time from now to midnight?

ANALYSIS.—From "now" to midnight is \( \frac{1}{2} \), and \( \frac{1}{2} \) added (the time past noon) is \( \frac{1}{2} \). Consequently, from noon to midnight (which is 12 hours) is \( \frac{1}{2} \) of the time it lacked of being midnight; and \( \frac{1}{2} \) of the time is \( \frac{1}{2} \) of 12, which is 3 hours, the time past noon.

- 22. What is the time of day, provided ‡ of the time from now to midnight equals the time past noon?
- 23. A man, being asked the hour of the day, said, \ of the time past noon equals \ of the time from now to midnight; what was the time?
- 24. The sum of two numbers is 176, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the first + 4 equals  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the second; required the numbers.

25. A pole, the length of which was 68 feet, was in the air and water; \(\frac{1}{4}\) of the length in the air equaled \(\frac{1}{4}\) of the length in the water. What was the length in the air and in the water respectively?



- 26. At what time, between 5 and 6 o'clock, are the hour and minute hands of a clock exactly together?
- 27. A person, being asked the time of day, said,  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the time past midnight equals  $\frac{3}{10}$  of the time from now to midnight again; what o'clock is it?
- 28. What is the hour of the day, if the time past noon is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the time past midnight?
- 29. Says A to B, \( \frac{3}{4} \) of my age + 4 years equals \( \frac{3}{4} \) of yours, and the sum of our ages is 74 years; what is each of their ages?
- 30. § of a boy's age exceeds § of it by 4 years; what is his age?
- 31. A pole, the length of which is 78 feet, is in the air and water;  $\frac{9}{8}$  of the length in the air + 12 feet, equals  $1\frac{1}{2}$  times the length in the water. What is the length in the air and water respectively?
- 32. A can mow 1 acre of grass in  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a day, B, in  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a day, and C, in  $\frac{4}{3}$  of a day. How much more can A and B mow in a day than C?
- 33. The sum of two numbers is 23, and their difference is 7; what are the numbers?
- 34. § of A's money is \$2 more than § of B's, and they both have \$72; how much has B?

#### SECTION LX.

1. There is a fish, the head of which is 4 inches long, and whose tail is as long as its head  $+\frac{1}{2}$  of its body, and whose body is as long as its head and tail; what is the length of the fish?



ANALYSIS.—By a condition of the question,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the length of the body + 4 inches, is the length of the tail; to which add 4 inches (the length of the head), and we have  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the length of the body + 8 inches =  $\frac{3}{2}$ , or the length of the body. Therefore,  $\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$ , or  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the length of the body, equals 8 inches; and  $\frac{4}{2}$ , or twice the length of the body, which is the length of the fish, equals 4 times 8 inches, or 32 inches.

- 2. The head of a fish is 6 inches long, its tail is as long as its head  $+\frac{1}{2}$  of its body, and the body is as long as the head and tail together; what is the length of the fish?
- 3. The head of a fish is 12 inches long, the tail is as long as the head  $+\frac{1}{2}$  of the body, and the body is as long as the head and tail; what is the length of the fish?
- 4. The head of a fish weighs 10 pounds, the tail weighs as much as the head  $+\frac{2}{3}$  as much as the body, and the body weighs as much as the head and tail; what is the weight of the tail?
- 5. § of a certain number equals § of the same number + 10; what is that number?
- 6. A boy, being asked his age, replied, 3 of my age exceeds 3 of my age by 4 years; how old was he?

- 7. James, being asked how many boys in his class, replied, \{\frac{3}{4}}\) of the number is 3 more than \{\frac{3}{4}}\) of the number; how many were there?
- 8. A farmer, after selling 3 of 15 times his grain, had 80 bushels left; how much had he at first?
- 9. A man, after spending \{ \} of all his money, and \{ \} of what then remained, had only \\$12\{ \} left; how much had he at first?
- 10. If \$\forall \text{ of a ship be worth \$\forall \text{ of her cargo, and the cargo is worth \$3000, what is the value of the ship?
- 11. Dick, being asked how much money he had, said, its \frac{1}{2} exceeded its \frac{3}{2} by \frac{3}{2}; how much had he?
- 12. A tree, by falling, was broken into three pieces; the top part was 10 feet long, the bottom part was as long as the top + \{ \} of the middle, and the middle part was as long as the other two; what was the length of the tree, and of each piece?

Top.	Middle.	Bottom.	Bottom.		
10 ft.		10 ft. + \$ mid.			

- 13. A man bought a hat, a coat, and a watch; the hat cost \$6, the watch cost as much as the hat + \ 2 of the cost of the coat, and the coat cost as much as the hat and watch; what was the cost of each, and of all?
  - 14.  $\frac{2}{3}$  of  $\frac{3}{4}$  is how many times  $\frac{2}{3}$  of  $\frac{5}{16}$ ?
- 15. If  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a ton of hay cost  $\frac{3}{5}$  of an Eagle, how many dollars will  $\frac{1}{5}$  of a ton cost?
  - 16. A third and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a third of 10 is  $\frac{4}{5}$  of what number?
- 17. If from a certain number you take its  $\frac{1}{2}$  and its  $\frac{1}{3}$ , the remainder will be 13 $\frac{3}{3}$ ; what is that number?
- 18. After spending  $\frac{2}{3}$  of my money, I earned  $\frac{2}{3}$  as much as I spent, and then had only \$20 less than what I had at first; how much had I at first?

19. The head of a fish is 8 inches long, the tail is as long as the head and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the body + 10 inches, and the body is as long as the head and tail; what is the length of the fish?



20. The head of a fish is 12 inches long, its tail is 10 inches longer than its head increased by \( \frac{1}{2} \) the length of the body, and its body is 20 inches longer than its head and tail together; what is the length of the fish?

Head.	Body.	Tail.	
12	$12 + 12 + 10 + 20 = \frac{1}{4}$ B.	12+10+1 B.	

#### SECTION LXI.

1. James is 20 years old, and John is 4 years old; in how many years will James, who is now 5 times as old as John, be only twice as old?

Note.—Four years ago James was 16, and in 16 years more he will be twice as old as John.

- 2. Sarah is 10 years old, and Sally is 4; in how many years will Sally be 1 as old as Sarah?
- 3. Jacob is 40 years old, and Alfred is 2; in how many years will Alfred be ½ as old as Jacob?
- 4. Minnie's age is  $\frac{1}{3}$  that of her mother's; in how many years will she be  $\frac{1}{4}$  as old, if Minnie is now 10? 12?
- 5. Divide 35 into two parts, that shall be to each other as 3 to 4.

- 6. Divide the number 85 into two parts, that shall be to each other as  $\frac{3}{4}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$ .
- 7. When A was married, he was 3 times the age of his wife, but 15 years after their marriage his age was only twice her age; how old was each when they were married?

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Note.—The conditions of the above question give the following:

- 8. Three times a certain number + 15 equals twice the same number + 30; what is that number, and what is 3 times the same number?
- 9. Once a certain number + 15 equals  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the same number + 30; what is that number, and what is  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the same number?
- 10. When I first met Mr. A, I was  $\frac{1}{2}$  as old as he was, and in 12 years after that I was  $\frac{3}{4}$  as old as he was; what was each of our ages when we first met?

Note.—The difference between two persons' ages is constant, does not change as the years go on.

- 11. There are two numbers, one of which is 4 times the other; but if to each 20 were added, one will be double the other; what are these numbers?
- 12. When B was married he was 3 times as old as his wife; but after they had been married 30 years, \(\frac{2}{3}\) of his age equaled hers; what was the age of each when they were married?
- 13. A hound takes 3 leaps to a fox's 4, and 3 of the hound's leaps are equal to 6 of the fox's; how many leaps rust the hound take to gain 1 on the fox?

- 14. If the hound takes 11 leaps to gain 1 on the fox, how many must he take to gain 20 on the fox?
- 15. A hare is 20 leaps before a hound, and takes 4 leaps to the hound's 3; and 3 of the hound's leaps are equal to 6 of the hare's. How many leaps must the hound take to catch the hare?
- 16. A fox is 60 leaps before a hound, and takes 5 leaps to the hound's 2; and 4 of the hound's leaps equal 12 of the fox's. How many leaps must the hound take to catch the fox?
- 17. Alfred is 60 steps before Silas, and takes 9 steps to Silas's 6; and 3 of Silas's steps equal 7 of Alfred's. How many steps, at this rate, will each take before they will be together?

## SECTION LXII.

- 1. What number is that, to which if \( \frac{1}{2} \) of itself be added, the sum will be 15?
- 2. What number is that, to which if  $\frac{1}{4}$  of itself be added, the sum will be 24?
- 3. What number is that, to which if  $\frac{1}{3}$  of itself be added, the sum will be 40?
- 4. What number is that, to which if  $\frac{1}{4}$  of itself be added, the sum will be 30?
- 5. What number is that, to which if \ of itself be added, the sum will be 88?
- 6. How old is that man, to whose age if you add its 3 and its 3, the sum will be 104 years?
- 7. What number is that, which being increased by its  $\frac{1}{4}$ , its  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and 18 more, will be doubled?
- 8. A man, being asked his age, said, my age increased by its \{\frac{3}{4}\}, and 20 more, is double my age. What was his age \{\frac{3}{4}\}

- 10. A, after spending  $\frac{1}{4}$  of all his money, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the remainder less \$4, had only \$14 remaining; how much had he at first?
- 11. Divide the number 48 into two such parts, that one shall be  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the other.
- 12. In a certain school, there are 3 times as many boys as girls, and in all there are 52 pupils; how many boys and how many girls in the school?
- 13. James and Jackson together have 45 marbles, but James has only 1 as many as Jackson; how many has each?
- 14. A man and his son together earned \$280 in a year; how much did each earn, provided the boy earned only \( \frac{1}{2} \) as much as his father?
- 15. A boy bought a melon and a citron for \$1; how much did each cost, provided the melon was in value only as much as the citron?
- 16. A man bought a horse and a saddle for \$120; the saddle cost only ; as much as the horse; what was the cost of each?
- 17. My oxen and wagon together cost \$240, and the oxen cost twice as much as the wagon; what was the cost of each?
- 18. A sheep, a hog, and a cow cost \$42; the hog cost twice as much as the sheep, and the cow 3 times as much as the sheep. What was the cost of each?
- 19. A man and his two sons earned \$560 in 1 year; the father earned twice as much as his elder son, and the elder son earned twice as much as the younger son. How much did each earn?
- 20. A, B, and C together, in 1 day, can dig 105 bushels of potatoes; A can dig ½ as much as B, and B ½ as much as C. How many bushels can each dig in a day?

- 21. A man bought 3 pieces of cloth for \$160; the first piece cost is as much as the second, and the second, is as much as the third. How much did each cost?
- 22. In an army, consisting of 20,000 men, 3 times as many were wounded as were killed, and 4 times as many remained unhurt as were wounded. How many were killed, wounded, and unhurt respectively?
- 23. ½ of A's money + ¾ of B's money equals \$5500; and ¾ of B's money is 4 times ½ of A's. How much money has each?
- 24. Herman and Byron together have 60 blocks, and Byron owns 3 as many as Herman; how many has each?
- 25. Divide the number 60 into two parts, that shall be to each other as  $\frac{1}{2}$  is to  $\frac{3}{2}$ .
- 26. Adelia and Louisa are to share 14 apples in the proportion of 4 to 3; how many ought each to receive?
- 27. The sum of Mary's and Hezekiah's ages is 25 years; how old is each, provided Hezekiah is only  $\frac{2}{3}$  as old as Mary?
- 28. Henry and his father can thrash out 35 bushels of oats in a day; how much does each, if Henry thrashes out only § as much as his father?
- 29. A pole, whose length is 70 feet, is in the air and water; how much is in the air and water respectively, if \frac{2}{3} of the length in the air equals the length in the water?
- 30. Divide the number 36 into two parts, that shall be to each other as 5 is to 4.
- 31. Divide the number 45 into two parts, that shall be to each other as 1 is to 4.
- 32. A man died, and left \$7200 to be divided between his son and daughter, in the proportion of 1 to \$. How much ought each to receive?

- 33. A and B together own \$480; but A owns only \ as much as B; how much belongs to each?
- 34. In a mixture of tea, consisting of 48 pounds, there was \frac{1}{3} as much poor as good tea; how much of each kind was there?
- 35. A man bought a cow and a horse for \$96; the cow cost \{ \frac{1}{2}\) as much as the horse; required the cost of each.
- 36. Moses has only \(\frac{2}{3}\) as many chestnuts as Aaron, and both have 40 quarts; how many quarts has each?
- 37. Divide the number 49 into two parts, that shall be to each other as 1 is to \{.}
- 38. A hound ran 60 rods before he caught a fox, and \{\frac{3}{2}\} the distance the fox ran, before he was caught, equaled the distance he was ahead when they started. How far did the fox run, and how far in advance of the hound was he, when the chase commenced?

ł	<sub>]</sub> F.	ł	F.
Ĥ.	60 rods.		H.

- 39. The sum of two numbers is 140, and the greater is to the less as 1 is to \{\xi\$; what are the two numbers?
- 40. A and B together owe \$69, but B owes only 11 as much as A; how much does each owe?
- 41. Thomas and Thornton found \$240; in the division of it, Thomas got only  $\frac{3}{4}$  as much as Thornton. How much did each get?
- 42. In a certain school, consisting of 48 pupils, there are 1‡ times as many boys as girls; how many boys, and how many girls are in the school?
- 43. A gold and a silver watch were bought for \$160; the silver watch cost only 1 as much as the gold one; how such was the cost of each?

- 44. Divide the number 17 into two parts, that shall be to each other as \(\frac{1}{2}\) is to \(\frac{1}{2}\).
- 45. A farmer had 180 sheep in two fields, and ‡ of the number in the first field equaled ‡ of the number in the second; how many in each field?
- 46. Divide 88 into two parts, that shall be to each other as 3 is to 4.
- 47. † of the distance a hare ran, after a hound started in pursuit, equaled the distance she was before the hound when they started; how far did the hare run before she was caught, provided the hound ran 80 rods to catch the hare?
- 48. A and B started from the same point, and ran in the same direction; B ran 60 rods; then  $\frac{1}{11}$  of the distance A had run equaled the distance A was ahead of B. How much did A gain on B in running 60 rods?
- 49. A fishing-rod, the length of which is 24 feet, is in two parts;  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the longer part equals the length of the shorter. How long is each part?
- 50. A hound ran 90 rods before he caught a deer; the deer ran 44 times as far as it was ahead of the hound when they started, before it was caught. How far ahead of the hound was the deer when the chase commenced?
- 51.  $\frac{2}{3}$  of A's number of sheep  $+\frac{2}{3}$  of B's number, equals 900; how many sheep has each, provided  $\frac{2}{3}$  of B's number is twice  $\frac{2}{3}$  of A's number?
- 52. The sum of two numbers is 95; ‡ of the first is equal to ½ of the second. What are the numbers?
- 53. The product of two numbers is 144, their quotient is 4; what are the numbers? Explain the principle.
- 54. The product of two numbers is 1872, their quotient is 13; what are the numbers?

#### SECTION LXIV.

1. A person had two silver cups, and only one cover for both. The first cup weighed 6 oz. If the first cup be covered, it will weigh twice as much as the second, but if the second cup be covered, it will weigh 3 times as much as the first. What is the weight of the second cup and cover?

ANALYSIS.—By the last condition of the question, 3 times 6 oz., the weight of the first cup, or 18 ounces, equals the weight of the second cup and cover. Consequently the two cups and cover weigh 18 + ounces, which are 24 ounces. And by the first condition, the first cup and cover weigh twice as much as the second cup. Therefore, the 24 ounces must be divided into two parts, which are to each other as 2 tc 1. One of these parts will be the weight of the second cup, and 2 the weight of the first cup and cover, etc.

- 2. A lady has two silver cups, and only one cover. The first cup weighs 8 ounces. The first cup and cover weigh 3 times as much as the second cup; and the second cup and cover 4 times as much as the first cup. What is the weight of the second cup and cover?
- 3. A man bought a hat, a coat, and a vest for \$40. The hat cost \$6; the hat and coat cost 9 times as much as the vest. What was the cost of each?
- 4. A boy bought a squirrel, a rabbit, and a bird. The squirrel cost 15 cts. The squirrel and rabbit cost twice as much as the bird; and the rabbit and bird cost 3 times as much as the squirrel. What was the cost of the bird and rabbit respectively?
- 5. A farmer bought a cow, an ox, and a horse; the cow cost \$20. The cow and ox together cost 3 times as much as the horse; the ox and horse together cost 4 times as much as the cow. What was the cost of the ox and horse respectively?
  - A man bought two horses and a saddle. The younger

- horse cost \$40. The saddle cost ‡ as much as both horses; and the younger horse cost ‡ as much as the other horse and saddle together. What did the saddle and older horse cost respectively?
- 7. A man traveled three successive days. The first day he traveled 30 miles, which was ‡ of the distance he traveled the other two days; and 4 times the distance he traveled the second day equaled the distance he traveled the first and third days. How far did he travel each day?
- 8. A is worth \$1000, and B and C together are worth 9 times as much as A; and C is worth  $\frac{1}{6}$  as much as A and B. How much are B and C worth respectively?
- 9. A coat cost \$20, and a vest and hat together cost 5 times as much as the coat; 3 times the cost of the vest equaled the cost of both coat and hat. What was the cost of the vest and the hat?
- 10. B's harness cost \$120, which was  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the cost of his horse and sleigh; and the harness and horse together cost twice as much as the sleigh. How much did the horse and sleigh cost respectively?
- 11. A pole in falling broke into three pieces. The top piece was 8 feet long, which was ‡ of the length of the other two pieces; and 3 times the length of the bottom piece, equals the length of the other two. How long was the pole, and how long was each piece?
- 12. Find the ages of A, B, and C, by knowing that A is 20 years old, and that the sum of B and C's ages is 4 times A's age; and that C's age is ‡ of the sum of A and B's ages.
- 13. Find the fortunes of A, B, C, D, E, and F, by knowing that A is worth \$20, which is \(\frac{1}{4}\) as much as B and C are worth, and that C is worth \(\frac{1}{4}\) as much as A and B; and, also, that if 19 times the sum of A, B, and O'a

fortunes were divided in the proportion of  $\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and  $\frac{1}{4}$ , it would respectively give  $\frac{3}{4}$  of D's,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of E's, and  $\frac{1}{8}$  of F's fortune.

14. A and B dug 100 rods of ditch for \$100. A received \$1\frac{1}{3} a rod, and B \$\frac{1}{3} a rod. How many rods did each dig, provided each received \$50?

Ans. A dug 37½ rods, and B 62½.

# SECTION LXV.

#### FRACTIONAL PARTS OF ONE DOLLAR.

```
      5 cents = \frac{1}{10} of $1.
      16\frac{1}{5} cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.
      87\frac{1}{5} cents = \frac{3}{5} of $1.
      50 cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.

      8\frac{1}{5} cents = \frac{1}{10} of $1.
      20 cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.
      62\frac{1}{5} cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.

      10 cents = \frac{1}{10} of $1.
      25 cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.
      66\frac{3}{5} cents = \frac{3}{5} of $1.

      12\frac{1}{5} cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.
      31\frac{1}{5} cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.
      75 cents = \frac{3}{5} of $1.

      14\frac{3}{5} cents = \frac{1}{5} of $1.
      87\frac{1}{5} cents = \frac{7}{5} of $1.
```

It may sometimes be convenient to consider 30% as  $\frac{1}{10}$  (.3) of a dollar, 40% as  $\frac{4}{10}$  (or  $\frac{3}{6}$ ), 60% as  $\frac{4}{10}$  (or  $\frac{3}{6}$ ), 70% as  $\frac{7}{10}$ , 80% as  $\frac{8}{10}$  (or  $\frac{4}{6}$ ), 90% as  $\frac{8}{10}$ .

On the same principle, the corresponding numbers, representing any kind of thing, may be regarded as aliquot parts of 100, and many operations may be much abbreviated.

Thus: Find the cost of 871 acres of land at \$24 per acre.

ANALYSIS.—37 $\frac{1}{2}$  is  $\frac{3}{2}$  of 100. At \$24, 100 acres would cost \$2400; and  $\frac{3}{2}$  of 100,  $\frac{3}{2}$  of \$2400, or \$900; or, take  $\frac{3}{2}$  of \$24 and multiply it by 100.

- 1. At 331 cents a pound, what will 9 lbs. of coffee cost?
- 2. How many yards of cloth, at  $75\phi$  a yard, can be bought for \$6?
  - 3. What will 16 doz. pencils cost, at  $87\frac{1}{3}\phi$  a dozen?
  - 4. Find the cost of 124 acres of land, at \$36 an acre?

5. At \$1.87\frac{1}{2} a yd., how many yards of cloth can be bought for \$5.62\frac{1}{2}?

Note.—\$1.87 $\frac{1}{4}$  = \$\frac{1}{4}\$, and \$5.62 $\frac{1}{4}$  = \$\frac{4}{4}\$.

- 6. If 5 books cost 621¢, how many can you buy for \$1.50?
- 7. Paid 75¢ for 6 books, how many can I buy for \$2.374?
- 8.  $371\phi$  is what part of  $871\phi$ ?
- 9.  $25\phi$  is what part of  $75\phi$ ? of \$1.25? of  $50\phi$ ? of  $62\frac{1}{2}\phi$
- 10. 21 is what part of 5? of 71? of 10?
- 11. What is 71 tenths of 24?
- 12. At 871¢ a yard, what will 31 yds. cloth cost?

ANALYSIS.—87½ cents is  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  of a dollar, and 8½ yds. will cost 8½ times  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  of a dollar, or 24½ eighths = \$3½.

Find the cost of:

- 13. 12 yds. of cloth, at 50¢ a yd.
- 14. 36 lbs. coffee, at  $374\phi$  a pound.
- 16. 16 yds. cloth, at 871¢ a yard.

# VIII. PERCENTAGE.

# SECTION LXVI.

#### REDUCTION.

Note.—In general business calculations of Interest, and in this book, 30 days to a month, and 12 of such months to a year, are reckoned, although such estimate would not be exact in a question wherein should be stated any of the months that contain 31 days.

1. Reduce 2 years and 4 months to the fraction of a year.

ANALYSIS.—4 months is what part of a year? There are 12 months in 1 year; therefore, 1 month is  $\frac{1}{18}$  of a year, and 4 months are 4 times  $\frac{1}{18}$ , which are  $\frac{4}{18}$ , or  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a year. In  $2\frac{1}{8}$  years, how many thirds? In one there are  $\frac{3}{8}$ ; therefore, 3 times the number of whole years equal the number of thirds. 3 times 2 are 6, and  $\frac{1}{8}$  added are  $\frac{7}{8}$  of a year.

Note.—Always reduce a fraction to its lowest terms before using it in the performance of any other operation.

If the pupil can not readily discover the greatest number that will divide both numerator and denominator, without a remainder, he should continue to divide by any number that is contained in both without a remainder, until the fraction is reduced to its lowest terms.

# Reduce to the fraction of a year:

- 2. 1 year and 3 months.
- 3. 3 years and 5 months.
- 4. 4 years and 10 months.
- 5. 7 years and 9 months. 10. 9 years and 8 months.
- 6. 8 years and 8 months. 11. 10 years and 10 months.
- 12. Reduce 2 yr. 4 mo. 15 da. to the fraction of a year.

7. 12 years and 7 months.

8. 11 years and 11 months.

9. 6 years and 6 months.

Analysis.—15 days is what part of a month? There are 30 days in one month; therefore, 1 day is  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a month, and 15 days are 15 times  $\frac{1}{80}$ , which are  $\frac{15}{80}$ , or  $\frac{1}{9}$  of a month.  $4\frac{1}{9}$  months, or  $\frac{9}{9}$  months, is what part of a year? There are 12 months in 1 year; therefore, 1 month is  $\frac{1}{18}$  of a year, and  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a month is  $\frac{1}{8}$  of  $\frac{1}{18}$ , or  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a year; and 9 halves are 9 times  $\frac{1}{44} = \frac{9}{44}$ , or  $\frac{2}{1}$  of a year.  $2\frac{2}{1}$  years  $= \frac{19}{1}$  years.

- 13. Reduce 4 years 7 months and 6 days to the fraction of a year.
  - 14. Reduce 5 years 9 months and 18 days.
  - 15. Reduce 1 year 7 months and 18 days.
  - 16. Reduce 2 years 7 months and 6 days.

Note.—Omitting the intermediate steps in the analysis, we have:

Analysis.—6 days is 40, or 1 of a month. 71 months equals 14 months. 35 months equal \$ of a year. 2\$ years equal \$\$ years.

- 17. Reduce 3 years 3 months and 6 days to the fraction of a year.
  - 18. Reduce 5 years 4 months and 24 days.
  - 19. Reduce 6 years 5 months and 18 days.
  - 20. Reduce 7 years 11 months and 6 days. Reduce 10 years 10 months and 12 days.

#### SECTION LXVII.

#### INTEREST.

- 1. Interest is money paid for the use of money.
- 2. Per cent., or rate per cent., signifies by the hundred.

Thus, by 6 per cent. is meant, 6 pounds on 100 pounds; \$6 on \$100, or  $\frac{1}{160} = \frac{2}{16}$  of the quantity.

Per cent. is now generally written by business men thus, %. 7% meaning, 7 per cent.

- 3. The principal is the sum for the use of which interest is paid.
  - 4. The amount is the sum of the principal and interest.
- 1. At 4 per cent., what part of the principal equals the interest?

ANALYSIS.—At 4 per cent., 100, or 15 of the principal, equals the interest.

What part of the principal equals the interest:

- 2. At 2 per cent.? | 5. At 8 per cent.? | 8. At 12 per cent.?
- 3. At 7 per cent.? 6. At 10 per cent.? 9. At 18 per cent.?
- 4. At 6 per cent.? 7. At 7 per cent.? 10. At 20 per cent.?
  - 11. What is the interest of \$80 for 1 year, at 15 per cent. ?

Analysis.—At 15 per cent.,  $\frac{16}{100}$ , or  $\frac{2}{100}$  of the principal, equals the interest.

- 12. What is the interest of \$120 for 1 year, at 25 per cent.?
- 13. What is the interest of \$510 for 1 year, at 20 per cent.?
- 14. What is the interest of \$750 for 1 year, at 24 per cent.?

- 15. What is the interest of \$480 for 1 year and 6 months, at 61 per cent.?
- 16. Bought goods for \$60, and sold them at a gain of 20%; what did I get for them?

NOTE.—Any number is 100% of itself.

17. A man paid \$120 for a wagon, and sold it at a gain of 30 per cent.; how much was his gain?

ANALYSIS.-If he gained 30 per cent, he gained  $\frac{80}{100}$ , or  $\frac{8}{10}$  of the cost.  $\frac{4}{10}$  of \$120 is \$36, the gain.

- 18. A tailor sold a coat that cost him \$25, at a gain of 32 per cent.; how much did he gain?
- 19. A man sold a quantity of goods that cost him \$840, at a gain of 75 per cent.; how much did he gain?
- 20. Edward spent 85 per cent. of \$120 for a suit of clothes. How much did his clothes cost?
- 21. Henry's watch cost \$180; he sold it at a loss of 15 per cent.; how much did he receive for it?
- 22. A boy sold candy that cost 50 cts., at a gain of 120 per cent.; how much did he receive?
- 23. Jacob sold a horse that cost him \$240, at a loss of 25 per cent.; how much did he receive for the horse?
- 24. Sold flour at \$9.50 a barrel that cost \$10; what was the per cent. of loss?
  - 25. Sold flour at \$10.50, gaining 20%; what was the cost?
- 26. If I sell cloth at \$2.60 a yd., and thereby gain 25%, for how much should it be sold to lose 20%?
- 27. Sold 2 watches for \$80 each. On one I gained 20%, and on the other I lost 20%. What did I give for each? Did I gain or lose, and how much?

#### SECTION LXVIII.

Note.—The principal or cost is always 100 per cent.

1. If  $\frac{3}{30}$  of the principal equals the interest, what is the rate per cent.?

Analysis 1st.—If  $\frac{2}{30}$  of the principal equals the interest, the rate per cent. is  $\frac{2}{30}$  of 100 per cent., which is 6 per cent.

ANALYSIS 2D.—If the interest of 1 cent is  $\frac{1}{50}$  of a cent, the interest of 100 cents is 100 times  $\frac{1}{50}$ , or 6 cents.

- 2. If  $\frac{1}{50}$  of the principal equals the interest, what is the rate per cent.?
- 3. If  $\frac{3}{3}$  of the principal equals the interest, what is the rate per cent.?
- 4. If 30 of the cost equals the gain, what is the rate per cent.?
- 5. If  $\frac{3}{35}$  of the cost equals the gain, what is the rate per cent.?
- 6. If  $\frac{1}{25}$  of the principal equals the interest, what is the rate per cent.?
- 7. If 1, of the cost equals the gain, what is the rate per cent.?
- 8. If the interest of \$44 for 1 year is \$4, what is the rate per cent.?

ANALYSIS.—If the interest of \$44 is \$4,  $\frac{4}{4}$ , or  $\frac{1}{11}$  of the principal, equals the interest. Therefore, the rate per cent. is  $\frac{1}{11}$  of 100 per cent., which is  $9\frac{1}{11}$  per cent.

- 9. If the interest of \$72 for 1 year is \$6, what is the rate per cent.?
- 10. If the interest of \$96 for 1 year is \$12, what is the rate per cent.?
- 11. B bought a horse for \$100, and sold it for \$109; how much did he gain per cent.?

- 12. A woman bought a quantity of oranges for 75 cents, and sold them for 84 cents; how much did she gain per cent.?
- 13. A merchant bought books for \$200, and sold them for \$228; how much did he gain per cent.?
- 14. If by laying out \$37, I gain a sum equal to \ of it, what do I gain per cent.?
- 15. Harvey bought a hogshead of molasses for \$25, and sold it for \$311; how much did he gain per cent.?
- 16. Bought a knife for 37 cents, and sold it for 573 cents; what was the gain per cent.?
- 17. A stationer sold a quantity of paper for  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  of what it cost; how much did he gain per cent.?
- 18. James received for his horse ? of what it cost; how much did he gain per cent.?
- 19. A man sold a barrel of pork for 31 of what it cost; how much did he gain per cent.?
- 20. The interest of \$500 for 4 years is \$240; what is the rate per cent.?

ANALYSIS.—If the interest of \$500 for 4 years is \$240, for 1 year it is  $\frac{1}{4}$  of \$240, or \$60. Therefore,  $\frac{6}{500}$ , or  $\frac{3}{15}$  of the principal, equals the interest. Hence, the rate per cent. is  $\frac{3}{15}$  of 100%, which is 12%.

- 21. A man, being asked at what per cent. his money was on interest, replied, I receive \$120 interest in 10 years for \$240; what was his rate per cent.?
- 22. A bought a horse for \$150, and sold it for \$180; what was his gain per cent.?
- 23. Elisha bought 10 horses for \$800, and sold 8 of them for what all cost; what was his gain per cent.?
- 24. 30 of the money C paid for books, is 1 of what he gained by selling them. How much did he gain per cent.?

- 25. 3 of the money that I have on interest, is 4 times the yearly interest received. What is the rate per cent.?
- 26. 18 of the cost of A's merchandise, is 4 of what he gained when he sold it. What was his gain per cent.?
- 27. 45 of the cost of B's wagon was § of what he gained by selling it; what did he gain per cent.?
- 28. A book was sold for  $\frac{2}{3}$  of  $\frac{4}{3}$  of what it cost; what was the loss per cent.?
- 29. 3 of 3 of the cost of a sleigh, was what the sleigh sold for; what was the gain per cent.?
- 30. A merchant bought a quantity of goods, for \$860, and sold them for \$1075; how much did he gain per cent.?

#### SECTION LXIX.

Note.—The expression of a certain rate per cent. (%) of interest means per annum, i. e., for a year, unless otherwise specified.

1. At 5 per cent. for 4 years, what part of the principal equals the interest?

ANALYSIS.—If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 5 cents, for 4 years it is 4 times 5 cents, or 20 cents. Therefore, \( \frac{10}{100} \), or \( \frac{1}{2} \), of the principal equals the interest.

What part of the principal equals the interest:

2. At 6% for 5 years?	7. At 9% for 6 years?
3. At 3% for 2 years?	8. At 8% for 5 years?
4. At 4% for 3 years?	9. At 4% for 6 years?
5. At 6% for 3 years?	10. At 6% for 8 years?
6. At 4% for 3 years?	11. At 10% for 5 years?

# 12. At 6% for 4 years and 8 months?

NOTE.—It is expected that pupils are familiar with the sections preceding this, and are, therefore, prepared to arrive at results, without giving the analysis of all parts of the question.

ANALYSIS.—8 months are  $\frac{1}{18}$ , or  $\frac{1}{6}$ , of a year. 4 $\frac{1}{6}$  years equal  $\frac{1}{2}$  years. If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 6 cents. for 14 years it  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

times 6 cents, or 28 cents. Therefore, 18, or 18, of the principal equals the interest.

What part of the principal equals the interest:

- 13. At 4 per cent. for 6 years and 6 months?
- 14. At 6 per cent. for 5 years and 4 months?
- 15. At 101 per cent. for 1 year and 6 months?
- 16. At 4% per cent. for 9 years?
- 17. At 34 per cent. for 2 years and 2 months?
- 18. At 61 per cent. for 4 months and 24 days?
- 19. At 71 per cent. for 10 months?
- 20. At 372% for 2 years 4 months and 15 days?

#### SECTION LXX.

1. What is the interest of \$50 for 4 years, at 6%?

Analysis 1st.—The interest of \$1 for 4 years, at 6%, is 24 cents: and for \$50 it is 50 times 24 cents, or \$12.

Analysis 2D.—The interest of \$1 for 4 years, at 6%, is 24 cents. Therefore, 100, or 15, of the principal equals the interest. 35 of \$50 is \$12, the interest.

What is the interest of:

- 2. \$10 for 2 yr., at 5%?
- 3. \$48 for 6 yr., at 5%?
- 4. \$70 for 7 yr., at 5%?
- 5. \$68 for 5 yr., at 6%?
- 6. \$70 for 2 yr., at 5%?
- 7. \$75 for 5 yr., at 3%?
- 8. \$120 for 8 yr., at 5%?
- 9. \$100 for 10 yr., at 6%?
- 10. \$140 for 12 yr., at 5%?
- 11. \$150 for 5 yr., at 3%?

- 12. \$145 for 6 yr., at 5%?
- 13. \$200 for 10 yr., at 8%?
- 14. \$250 for 3 yr., at 8%?
- 15. \$220 for 11 yr., at 10%?
- 16. \$500 for 9 yr., at 8%?
- 17. \$250 for 12 yr., at 6%?
- 18. \$500 for 8 yr., at 12%?
- 19. \$200 for 9 yr., at 3%?
- 20. \$405 for 10 yr., at 8%?
- 21. \$240 for 4 yr., at 61%?

22. What is the interest of \$50 for 2 years and 2 months. at 6 per cent.?

Analysis.—2 months =  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a year. 2 $\frac{1}{4}$  years =  $\frac{1}{4}$  years. If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 6 cents, for 1 years it is 1 times 6 cents, or 18 cents. Therefore,  $\frac{18}{100}$  of the principal equals the interest.  $\frac{18}{100}$  of \$50 is  $\$^{12}$ , or \$6.59, the interest.

What is the interest:

- 23. Of \$25 for 4 years and 3 months, at 4 per cent.?
- 24. Of \$80 for 5 years and 5 months, at 6 per cent.?
- 25. Of \$60 for 8 years and 6 months, at 6 per cent.?
- 26. Of \$240 for 3 years and 9 months, at 6 per cent.?
- 27. Of \$75 for 4 years and 8 months, at 9 per cent.?
- 28. Of \$50 for 2 years and 9 months, at 6 per cent.?
- 29. Of \$80 for 12 years and 10 months, at 6 per cent.?
- 30. Of \$69 for 8 years and 4 months, at 2 per cent.?
- 31. Of \$60 for 4 years and 8 months, at 3 per cent.?
- 32. What is the interest of \$600 for 2 yr. 4 mo. and 15 days, at 4 per cent.?

ANALYSIS.—15 days =  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a month.  $4\frac{1}{2}$  months =  $\frac{9}{4}$  months.  $\frac{9}{4}$  months =  $\frac{9}{4}$ , or  $\frac{9}{4}$ , of a year.  $2\frac{9}{8}$  years =  $\frac{1}{9}$  years. If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 4 cents, for  $\frac{1}{9}$  years it is  $\frac{1}{8}$  times 4 cents, or  $\frac{1}{2}$  cents. Therefore,  $\frac{1}{100}$  of the principal equals the interest.  $\frac{1}{100}$  of \$600 is \$57, the interest required.

What is the interest:

- 33. Of \$300 for 5 yr. 9 mo. 18 days, at 5%?
- 34. Of \$550 for 4 yr. 7 mo. 6 days, at 10%?
- 35. Of \$500 for 1 yr. 7 mo. 18 days, at 6%?
- 36. Of \$250 for 3 yr. 7 mo. 6 days, at 4%?
- 37. Of \$250 for 3 yr. 3 mo. 6 days, at 6%?
- 38. Of \$50 for 6 yr. 4 mo. 24 days, at 5%?
- 39. Of \$75 for 2 yr. 11 mo. 6 days, at 15%?

Note.—When the months are an aliquot part of a year, or of the years named, the interest may be found for the years and months separately, and then added.

40. Find the interest of \$1250 for 2 yr. 8 mo., at 6%.

ANALYSIS.—The interest for 1 year is  $\frac{1}{160}$  of the principal, or \$75; for 2 yr., \$150; 8 mo. is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 2 yr., and the interest for 8 mo. is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of \$150, or \$50, which, added to \$150, = \$200.

41. What is the interest of \$96, at 5%, for 3 yr. 9 mo. 27 days?

Note.—That 5% is  $\frac{1}{10}$  of the principal; 9 mo. are  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 3 yr.; and 27 da. are  $\frac{1}{10}$  of 9 mo. Int. for 1 yr. is \$4.80, and for 3 yr. \$14.40; for 9 mo. it is \$3.60, and for 27 da. \$0.36. \$14.40 + \$3.60 + \$0.36 = \$18.36.

#### SECTION LXXI.

1. What is the amount of \$75 for 2 years, at 6 per cent. per annum?

ANALYSIS.—If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 6 cents, for 2 years it is 2 times 6 cents, or 12 cents. Therefore,  $\frac{12}{100}$ , or  $\frac{2}{5}$ , of the principal equals the interest.  $\frac{2}{10}$  of \$75 is \$9, the interest; to which add \$75, the principal, and we have \$84, the amount.

#### What is the amount:

- 2. Of \$90 for 3 years, at 7 per cent.?
- 3. Of \$100 for 4 years, at 5 per cent.?
- 4. Of \$160 for 10 years, at 5 per cent.?
- 5. Of \$160 for 8 years, at 5 per cent.?
- 6. Of \$200 for 12 years, at 5 per cent.?
- 7. Of \$210 for 2 years and 6 months, at 4 per cent.?
- 8. Of \$250 for 4 years and 3 months, at 8 per cent.?
- 9. Of \$240 for 4 years and 2 months, at 3 per cent.?
- 10. Of \$500 for 3 years 3 months and 6 days, at 6%?
- 11. Of \$200 for 5 years 4 months and 24 days, at 5%?

# SECTION LXXII.

1. What principal will in 4 years, at 6 per cent., give \$12 interest?

ANALYSIS.—If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 6 cents, for 4 years it is 4 times 6 cents, or 24 cents. Therefore,  $\frac{14}{100}$ , or  $\frac{4}{10}$ , of the principal equals the interest, which is \$12. If  $\frac{4}{10}$  of the principal is \$12,  $\frac{1}{10}$  of the principal is \$12,  $\frac{1}{10}$  of the principal, is 25 times \$2, or \$50.

- 2. What principal will in 6 years, at 4 per cent., give \$36 interest?
- 3. What principal will in 4 years, at 5 per cent., give \$30 interest?
- 4. What principal will in 8 years, at 7 per cent., give \$42 interest?
- 5. What principal will in 10 years, at 7 per cent., give \$140 interest?
- 6. What principal will in 4 years and 6 months, at 6 per cent., give \$54 interest?
- 7. What principal will in 4 years and 3 months, at 5%, give \$102 interest?
- 8. What principal will in 4 years and 3 months, at 8%, give \$51 interest?
- 9. How much money at interest, for 4 years and 4 months, at 6 per cent., will give \$260 interest?
- 10. At the expiration of 2 years and 4 months, at 6 per cent., a man received \$49 interest. How much money had be on interest?
- 11. A is worth twice as much as B, and the interest of their united fortunes for 4 years and 2 months, at 6%, is \$600. How much is each worth?
- 12. The interest on the cost of B's store and house, for 1 year and 6 months, at 4%, would be \$270. What was the cost of each, if the store cost 1 as much as the house?
- 13. If the money B paid for a sheep, a cow, and a horse, were put on interest for 4 years and 6 months, at 4 per cent., it would give \$18 interest. What was the cost of all, and of each, provided the sheep cost \( \frac{1}{3} \) as much as the cow, and the cow, \( \frac{1}{3} \) as much as the horse?

Note.—By the condition of the question, the cow must have cost # times as much as the sheep, and the horse 2 times as much as the cow. or 6 times as much as the sheep.

#### SECTION LXXIII.

1. What principal will in 4 years, at 5 per cent., amount to \$360?

ANALYSIS.—If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 5 cents, for 4 years it is 4 times 5 cents, or 20 cents. Therefore,  $\frac{10}{100}$ , or  $\frac{1}{6}$ , of the principal equals the interest; to which add  $\frac{1}{6}$ , the principal, and we have  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the principal equal to the amount, \$360. If  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the principal is  $\frac{1}{6}$  360, which is \$60, and  $\frac{1}{6}$  (the principal) is 5 times \$60, which is \$300.

- 2. What principal will in 3 years, at 6 per cent., amount to \$118?
- 3. What principal will in 6 years, at 10 per cent., amount to \$120?
- 4. What principal will in 10 years, at 7 per cent., amount to \$170?
- 5. What principal will in 4 years, at 5 per cent., amount to \$660?
- 6. A is worth \( \frac{1}{3} \) as much as B; and the interest on their united fortunes for 2 years, at 5 per cent., is \$880. What is the fortune of each?
- 7. A merchant sold a quantity of cloth for \$214, and thereby gained 7 per cent.; what did the cloth cost him?
- 8. What principal will in 2 years, at 7 per cent., amount to \$1140?
- 9. What principal will in 10 years and 8 months, at 9 per cent., amount to \$490?
- 10. The amount due on a note, which had been on interest 6 years and 2 months, at 6%, was \$274; what was the face of the note?
- 11. What principal will in 12 years and 9 months, at 4%, amount to \$302?

- 12. If  $\frac{1}{2}$  of A's fortune for 4 years and 6 months, at 6%, amounts to \$127, what is his whole fortune?
- 13. If § of B's fortune, being put on interest for 3 years 3 months and 6 days, at 15 per cent., amounted to \$149, what was his whole fortune?
- 14. Mary, being asked how much money she had on interest, and at what per cent., replied, the *principal* and rate % are such that in 5 years the amount would be \$750, and in 7 years, \$810. What was the principal and the rate per cent.?
- 15. A man sold 2 horses for \$240, losing on the first 20 per cent., gaining on the other 20%; what was the value of each horse, provided he received for the second 3 times as much as for the first?
- 16. The amount of Robert's capital for a certain time, at 4%, was \$360, and for the same time, at 7%, it was \$405, required his principal and the time.

# SECTION LXXIV.

1. In what time will \$40, at 6%, give \$12 interest?

ANALYSIS 1ST.—If the interest of \$40 is \$12, then  $\frac{1}{10}$ , or  $\frac{1}{10}$ , of the principal equals the interest. If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a dollar, of \$100 it is 100 times  $\frac{2}{10}$ , or \$30. If it require 1 year for \$100 to give \$6 interest, to give \$30 interest it will require as many years as \$6 is contained times in \$30, or 5 years.

ANALYSIS 2D.—At 6% \$40 will in 1 year give  $_{180}$  of \$40, or \$2.40, and will give \$12 in as many years as \$2.40 is contained times in \$12, or 5 years.

- 2. In what time will \$60, at 5%, give \$18 interest?
- 3. In what time will \$90, at 7%, give \$27 interest?
- 4. In what time will \$100, at 6%, give \$10 interest?
- 5. In what time will \$120, at 10%, give \$120 interest?
- 6. In what time will \$250, at 6%, give \$20 interest?
- 7. In what time will \$40, at 7%, give \$8.40 interest?

- 8. In what time, at 8%, will \$30 give \$9.60 interest?
- 9. In what time, at 6%, will \$10 give \$2.40 interest?
- 10. In what time, at 4%, will \$20 give \$5.60 interest?
- 11. In what time, at 6%, will \$75 give \$9 interest?

## SECTION LXXV.

1. At what rate per cent. will \$50, in 1 year and 6 months (or 11 years), give \$6 interest?

ANALYSIS.—If the interest of \$50 for 1½, or ½ years, is \$6, for ½ of a year it is ½ of \$6, or \$2; and for  $\frac{1}{2}$ , or 1 year, it is 2 times \$2, or \$4. Therefore,  $\frac{1}{4}$ , or  $\frac{1}{2}$ , of the principal equals the annual interest. Hence, the rate per cent. is  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 100% = 8%.

- 2. At what rate per cent. will \$40 annually give \$2 interest?
- 3. At what rate per cent. will \$80 annually give \$3.20 interest?
- 4. At what rate per cent. will \$120 annually give \$12 interest?
- 5. At what rate per cent. will \$120, in 4 years, give \$20 interest?
- 6. At what rate per cent. will \$100, in 3 years, give \$30 interest?
- 7. At what rate per cent. will \$5, in 14 years, give \$7 interest?
- 8. At what rate per cent. will \$25, in 1 year and 9 months, give \$3.50 interest?
- ? 9. At what rate per cent. will \$80, in 5 years and 8 months, give \$34 interest?
- 10. At what rate per cent. will \$500, in 7 years and 6 months, give \$15 interest?
- 11. At what rate per cent. will \$600, in 2 years 4 months and 15 days, give \$57 interest?

#### SECTION LXXVI.

1. At what rate per cent. will \$10, in 4 years, amount to \$12?

Note.—From the amount subtract the principal, and the remainder will be the interest. Then proceed as in the preceding section.

- 2. At what rate per cent. will \$12, in 3 years, amount to \$13.44?
- 3. At what rate per cent. will \$20, in 6 years, amount to \$26?
- 4. At what rate per cent. will \$24, in 10 years, amount to \$36?
- 5. At what rate per cent. will \$30, in 7 years, amount to \$36.30?
- 6. At what rate per cent. will \$50, in 10 years, amount to \$75?
- 7. At what rate per cent. will \$36, in 5 years, amount to \$39.60?
- 8. At what rate per cent. will the interest for 20 years equal a given principal?

ANALYSIS.—With the interest at 100%, it would equal a given principal, or a given principal will double itself in 1 year, at 100 per cent.; and in 20 years, at  $\frac{1}{10}$  of 100 per cent., or 5 per cent.

- 9. At what rate per cent. will a given principal double itself in 4 years?
- 10. At what rate per cent. will a given principal double itself in 3 years?
- 11. At what rate per cent. will the interest equal a given principal in 5 years?
- 12. At what rate per cent. will \$80, in 7 years, give \$80 interest?

- 13. At what rate per cent. will \$640, in 6 years, give \$640 interest?
- 14. At what rate per cent. will 25 cents, in 8 years, give 25 cents interest?
- 15. At what rate per cent. will \$97, in 9 years, give \$97 interest?
- 16. At what rate per cent. will \$372, in 25 years, give \$372 interest?
- 17. At what rate per cent. will \$1, in 30 years, give \$1 interest?
- 18. At what rate per cent. will \$15, in 12½ years, give \$15 interest?
- 19. At what rate per cent. will \$42, in 14‡ years, give \$42 interest?
- 20. At what rate per cent. will 5 cents, in 16% years, give 5 cents interest?

#### SECTION LXXVII.

1. In what time will a given principal double itself, at 5 per cent.?

ANALYSIS.—A given principal will double itself in 100 years, at 1 per cent., and at 5 per cent. in 1 of 100 years, which is 20 years.

- 2. In what time will a given principal double itself, at 4 per cent.?
  - 3. In what time will \$25, at 3 per cent., give \$25 interest?
  - 4. In what time will \$275, at 6 per cent., give \$275 interest?
  - 5. In what time will the interest equal a given principal, at 2 per cent.?
    - 6. In what time will \$4, at 7%, give \$4 interest?
    - 7. In what time will \$94, at 9%, give \$94 interest?

- 8. In what time will 5 cents, at 8 per cent., give 5 cents interest?
- 9. In what time will \$3\frac{1}{4}, at 10 per cent., give \$3\frac{1}{4} interest?
- 10. In what time will 1 dime, at 12; per cent., give 1 dime interest?

#### SECTION LXXVIII

1. Bought a bushel of grass-seed for \$5, and sold it for \$7; what was the gain per cent.?

ANALYSIS.—Since it was bought for \$5, and sold for \$7, the gain was \$7 — \$5, which is \$2. Therefore, \(\frac{2}{3}\) of the cost equals the gain. Hence, the gain per cent. was \(\frac{2}{3}\) of 100 per cent., which is 40 per cent.

- 2. A book was bought for \$2, and sold for \$3; what was the gain per cent.?
- 3. A shawl cost \$5, and was sold for \$8; what was the gain per cent.?
- 4. A cow was bought for \$20, and sold for \$25; what was the gain per cent.?
- 5. A merchant bought a hogshead of molasses for \$80, and sold it for \$95; what did he gain per cent.?
- 6. A barrel of pork cost \$12, and was sold for \$11; what was the loss per cent.?
- 7. A horse was bought for \$140, and sold for \$60; what was the loss per cent.?
- 8. Bought an orange for 4 cents, and sold it for 6 cents; what was the gain per cent.?
- 9. Bought a melon for 15 cents, and sold it for 20 cents; what was the gain per cent.?
- 10. Bought a book for 5 dimes, and sold it for 8 dimes; what was the gain per cent.?

- 11. Bought a hectometer of silk for \$120, and sold it for \$200; what was the gain per cent.?
- 12. A boy sold melons, at the rate of 10 cents each,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of which equaled his gain; how much would he have gained per cent., if he had sold them at 12 cents each?
- 13. A merchant sold sugar for \$80 a hogshead, and thereby cleared  $\frac{1}{10}$  of this money; if he had sold it at \$92 a hogshead, what would he have gained per cent.?
- 14. A quantity of cloth was bought for \$36, and sold for \$43; what was the gain per cent.?
- 15. A horse was bought for \$100, and sold for \$95; what was the loss per cent.?
- 16. A man resold a kilogramme of wheat for \$120, and cleared 3 of its cost; how much money would he have lost per cent., if he had sold it for \$80?
- 17. What per cent. of \( \frac{1}{3} \) is \( \frac{1}{6} \)? Of \( \frac{1}{3} \) is \( \frac{1}{6} \)? Of \( \frac{1}{3} \) is \( \frac{1}{6} \)? Of \( 2\frac{1}{3} \) is \( \frac{1}{6} \)?
  - 18. % of \$6 is what per cent. of 4 of \$100?
  - 19. § of \$28 is § of what per cent. of § of \$300?
- 20. Walter sold a horse for \$120, and thereby gained 3 of its cost; what would he have lost per cent. by selling it for \$80?

# SECTION LXXIX.

- 1. A man bought a cow for \$20; for what must be sell her to gain 5 per cent.?
- NALYSIS.—If he gain 5 per cent., he gains  $\frac{1}{160}$ , or  $\frac{1}{20}$ , of the cost.  $\frac{1}{10}$  of \$20 is \$1, the gain. Therefore, to gain 5 per cent., he must sell the cow for \$20 + \$1, or \$21.
- 2. A man bought a yoke of oxen for \$100; how must he sell them to gain 6 per cent.?
- 3. A man bought a barrel of flour for \$10; for what must he sell it to gain 10 per cent.?

- 4. A hogshead of milianes cost \$50; for what ought it to be sold a gallon to gain 40 per cent.?
- 5. B bought a horse for \$50, and by selling it, lest 5 per cent.; for what did he sell it?
- 6. A wagon cost \$140, and was sold at a loss of 5 per cent.; for what was it sold?
- 7. A merchant, by selling 40 meters of cloth for \$164, lost 20 per cent.; what did it cost per meter?

#### SECTION LXXX.

1. What principal will, in 4 years, at 5 per cent., amount to \$60?

AWALTERS.—If the interest of \$1 for 1 year is 5 cents, for 4 years it is 4 times 5 cents, or 20 cents. Therefore, \( \frac{76}{166} \), or \( \frac{1}{6} \), of the principal equals the interest; to which add \( \frac{1}{6} \), the principal, and we have \( \frac{1}{6} \) of the principal is \( \frac{1}{6} \), of the principal is \( \frac{1}{6} \), of the principal is \( \frac{1}{6} \), which is \( \frac{1}{6} \), and \( \frac{1}{6} \) (the principal) is 5 times \( \frac{1}{6} \), which are \( \frac{5}{6} \).

- 2. What principal will, in 3 years, at 6 per cent., amount to \$118?
  - 3. In 5 years, at 6 per cent., amount to \$130?
  - 4. In 7 years, at 5 per cent., amount to \$81?
  - 5. In 9 years, at 8 per cent., amount to \$86?
  - 6. In 3‡ years, at 8 per cent., amount to \$260?
  - 7. In 4% years, at 6 per cent., amount to \$640?
  - 8. In 54 years, at 7 per cent., amount to \$42?
  - 9. In 64 years, at 7 per cent., amount to \$87?
  - 10. In 8% years, at 6 per cent., amount to \$76?

The **present worth** of a debt payable at some future time, without interest, is such a sum as will, in the given time, and at the given rate per cent., amount to the debt. Hence, the **present worth** may be found in the same way that we found the **principal**, when the amount, time, and rate per cent. were given.

See the Analysis of this Section.

- 11. What is the present worth of \$26, due 5 years hence, at 6 per cent.?

  Ans. \$20.
  - 12. Of \$14, due 8 years hence, at 5 per cent.?
  - 13. Of \$110, due 5 years hence, at 5 per cent.?
  - 14. Of \$86, due 8 years hence, at 9 per cent.?
  - 15. Of \$102, due 9 years hence, at 4 per cent.?
  - 16. Of \$72, due 4 years hence, at 5 per cent.?

Discount equals the amount minus the present worth.

- 17. What is the discount on \$46, due 3 years hence, at 5 per cent.?
  - 18. On \$54, due 5 years hence, at 7 per cent.?
  - 19. On \$65, due 5 years hence, at 6 per cent.?
  - 20. On \$93, due 3 years hence, at 8 per cent.?
- 21. What is the present worth of \$186, due 44 years hence, at 5 per cent.?
- 22. What is the present worth of \$66, due 5\{\frac{1}{2}} years hence, at 6 per cent.?
- 23. What is the present worth of \$128, due 4% years hence, at 6 per cent.?

## SECTION LXXXI.

1. If I sell cloth at \$2.50 a yard, and thereby gain 25 per cent., what did it cost a yard?

ANALYSIS.—If I gain 25 per cent., I gain \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of the cost; to which add \$\frac{4}{5}\$, the cost, and I have \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of the cost equal to \$2.50. If \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of the cost is \$2.50, \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of the cost is \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of \$2.50, or 50 cents; and \$\frac{1}{4}\$ (the cost) is \$4\$ times 50 cents, which are 200 cents, or \$2.

- 2. A horse was sold for \$38, which was at a loss of 5%; what did the horse cost?
- 3. If I sell cloth at \$2.50 a yard, and thereby gain 25%, how must I sell it a yard to lose 20%?

- 4. If I sell cloth at \$4.40 a meter, and thereby gain 10%, how ought I sell it to lose 25%?
- 5. If, by selling a piece of cloth for \$46, I gain 15%, how ought I to have sold it to lose 30%?
- 6. A sold his horse for \$105, and thereby gained 5%; for what ought he to have sold it to lose 10%?
- 7. A farm was sold for \$495, which was 10% less than it was worth; for what ought it to have been sold to receive 40% more than its value?
- 8. A mechanic lost 20% on the cost of a wagon, by selling it for \$40; for what ought it to have been sold to gain 30 per cent.?
- 9. A hectare of land was sold for \$90, which was 10% less than its value; what would have been the gain per cent., if it had been sold for \$120?
- 10. A farm was sold for \$690, which was 8% less than its value; what would have been the gain % on its value, if it had been sold for \$850?
- 11. A book was sold for 90 cents, which was 10% less than its value; what would have been the gain % on its value, if it had been sold for \$1.50?
- 12. A man sold two watches, at \$12 each; on one he gained 50%, and on the other he lost 50%. Did he gain or lose by the bargain, and how much?
- 13. A farmer sold two horses, at \$210 each; for one he received 25% more than its value, and for the other 25% less than its value. Did he gain or lose by the sale of both, and how much?
- 14. A merchant sold a quantity of cloth for \$280, and by so doing lost 60%; he then sold another quantity for \$80, and gained 60%. Did he gain or lose by the entire sale, and how much?

- 15. A man sold two gold pencils, at \$6 each; on one he gained 20%, and on the other he lost 20%. Did he gain or lose, and how much?
- 16. If I sell cloth at \$2.50 a yard, and thereby gain 25%, for how much must I sell it to lose 20%?
- 17. A farmer refused to sell his barley for 75 cents a bushel, and was afterwards obliged to take 60 cents a bushel for it; what per cent. did he lose?
- 18. Bought cotton cloth at 7½ cents a yard, and sold it for 9 cents a yard; what was the gain per cent.?
- 19. A mechanic sold a carriage for \$108, which was 10 per cent. less than it cost; how much would he have received for it had he sold it so as to gain 20 per cent.?

#### SECTION LXXXII.

1. An individual was ordered to collect \$190, and his own fee, which was to be 5 per cent. on all the money collected. How much should he receive?

ANALYSIS.—He is to receive 5 per cent., or  $\frac{1}{160}$ , or  $\frac{1}{30}$ , of all he collects.  $\frac{2}{3}$ %, all he collects, minus  $\frac{1}{30}$ , his fee, equals  $\frac{1}{3}$ % of all he collects, or \$190, the amount he is to pay his employer. If  $\frac{1}{3}$ % of what he collects equals \$190,  $\frac{1}{30}$  is  $\frac{1}{15}$  of \$190, or \$10; and  $\frac{2}{3}$ % is 20 times \$10, or \$200. He must receive \$200 — \$190 = 10.

- 2. How much ought A to receive for collecting \$90 and his own fee of 10 per cent. on all he collects?
- 3. What amount of money will be sufficient to pay a debt of \$38 and the collector's fee, which is 5 per cent. on all the money collected?
- 4. Sold 16%% of an invoice of flour, and had 15 barrels left; how many had I at first?
- 5. How much grain must a farmer take to mill, that he may bring away the flour of 1 bushel, after the miller has taken 10 per cent. of all he took there?

#### SECTION LXXXIII.

#### GENERAL PROBLEMS IN PERCENTAGE.

- 1. At 5 per cent., for 4 years, what part of the principal equals the interest?
- 2. In how many years, at 4 per cent., will the interest on a given principal amount to the same sum, as it will in 8 years, at 6 per cent.?
- 3. At what rate per cent. will the interest on a given principal, in 14 years, amount to the same sum, as it will in 12 years at 7 per cent.?
- 4. If  $\frac{1}{30}$  of the principal equals the interest, what is the rate per cent.?
- 5. The rent of B's farm, for 8 years, equaled \( \frac{38}{38} \) of its value; what per cent. did he annually receive on the value of his farm?
  - 6. What is the interest of \$75, for 5% years, at 6%?
- 7. What principal will, in 7½ years, at 8 per cent., give \$24 interest?
- 8. What principal will, in 44 years, at 5 per cent., amount to \$155?
- 9. At what rate per cent. will a given principal double itself in 121 years?
- 10. The interest of A's and B's fortune, for 8 years, at 5 per cent., is \$420; what is the fortune of each, provided A's fortune is twice B's?
- 11. The interest of § of A's and § of B's fortune, for 7 years, at 5 per cent., is \$2100; what is each of their fortunes, provided § of A's fortune equals § of B's?
- 12. B sold his horse for 1 of 11 times what it cost; what did he lose per cent.?
  - 13. What is the interest of \$540, for 4 years, at 5%?

- 14. What is the interest of \$180, for 5 years and 9 months, at 6% per cent.?
- 16. What principal will in 4 years 7 months and 6 days, at 61 per cent., amount to \$412?
- 16. The interest of the cost of B's horse, sleigh, and wagon, for 6 years, at 5 per cent., is \$69. What is the cost of each, provided their prices are to each other as \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, and \frac{3}{2}?
- 17. What principal will, in 8 years and 8 months, at 74 per cent., amount to \$419?
- 18. What principal will, in 5 years 9 months and 18 days, at 10 per cent., give \$116 interest?
- 19. In what time will \$420, at 5 per cent., give \$147 interest?
- 20. If the interest of \$200, for 1 year and 6 months, is \$18, what is the rate per cent.?
- 21. At what rate per cent. will \$500, in 4 years and 9 months, give \$190 interest?
- 22. At what rate per cent. will \$500, in 22 years and 6 days, amount to \$1821?
- 23. At what rate per cent. will a given principal double itself in 20 years?
- 24. In what time will the amount be double a given principal, at 12½ per cent.?
- 25. At what rate per cent. will the amount be double a given principal in 6 years and 8 months?
- 26. A horse was bought for \$60, and sold for \$90; what was the gain per cent.?
- 27. A basket, containing 39 oranges, cost \$1.20; how must they be sold each to gain 30 per cent.?
- 28. What is the present worth of \$68, due 10 years hence, at 7 per cent.?

- 29. What is the discount on \$162, due 10 years and 4 months hence, at 6 per cent.?
- 30. What is the present worth of \$87, due 31 years hence, at 5 per cent.?
- 31. If a hogshead of molasses, containing 84 gallons, cost \$30, how must it be sold a gallon to gain 40 per cent.?
- 32. The money I have on interest, in 9 years, at 10 per cent., amounts to \$190; what is the principal?
- 33. When money was worth 6 per cent., I bought \$400 worth of goods; 6 months afterwards I sold them, and gained 10 per cent. on the cost. How much did I gain?
- 34. A speculator bought a horse for \$36, and sold it for 25 per cent. more than he gave for it; which, however, was 10 per cent. less than what he asked for it. How much did he ask for the horse?
- 35. A gentleman, being asked how much money he had on interest, replied, that if instead of 6 per cent. he should receive 10 per cent., he would receive \$268 interest more than he then did. How much money had he on interest?
- 36. A merchant bought broadcloth for \$1.20 a yard, and sold it for 33½ per cent. more than he gave for it; which, however, was 33½ per cent. less than his marked price for it. How much was his marked price per yard?
- 37. A Frenchman sold a hectometer of cloth for \$120, and gained 50 per cent. He sold another hectometer for \$120, and lost 50 per cent. Did he gain or lose by both sales? How much?
- 38. B sold a horse for \$60, and gained 20 per cent. He then sold another horse for \$60, and lost 60 per cent. Did he gain or lose, and how much?
- 39. The interest on 1\frac{1}{3} times A's, and \frac{2}{5} of B's fortune, for 8 years, at 5 per cent., is \$520. What is the fortune of each, provided 1\frac{1}{4} times A's fortune equals \frac{2}{3} of B's?

- 40. § of D's fortune added to § of E's, which is 3 times § of D's, being on interest for 8 years, at 5 per cent., gives \$800 interest. What is the fortune of each?
- 41. The interest on A's, B's, and C's fortunes, for 5 years, at 8 per cent., is \$1040. What is the fortune of each, provided they are to each other as  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ , and  $\frac{1}{4}$ ?
- 42. The interest of A's, B's, and C's fortunes, for 53 years, at 6 per cent., is \$800. What is each of their fortunes, provided B's is twice A's, and B's and C's are equal?
- 43. A's fortune added to § of B's, which is to A's as 2 is to 3, being put on interest for 6 years, at 4 per cent., amounts to \$124. What is the fortune of each?
- 44. D's money added to 4 times E's, which is equal to D's money, being on interest for 10 years, at 5 per cent., amounted to \$3000. What was each of their fortunes?
- 45. The sum of  $\frac{2}{3}$  of A's and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of B's money, being on interest for 8 years, at 5 per cent., amounts to \$2100. Provided  $\frac{1}{3}$  of B's money is twice  $\frac{2}{3}$  of A's, how much money has each?
- 46. If \$\fi\ \text{of A's fortune}, in 2 years and 4 months, at 6 per cent., amounts to \$570, what is his whole fortune?
- 47. A's note of \$200 was given for a carriage; 5 years 7 months and 6 days afterwards, \$256 was given for the note; what rate per cent. was paid?
- 48. A merchant bought 40 bushels of grass seed, at the rate of 4 bushels for \$6, and sold it at the rate of 5 bushels for \$8; what was his whole gain, and what his gain per cent.?
- 49. A hogshead of molasses was bought for \$20; 11\frac{1}{2} per cent. of it leaked out; how must the remainder be sold per gallon to gain 40 per cent. on the cost?
- 50. If I buy stoves at \$12 each, and sell them at 8; per cent. profit, what will I gain on 1 stove?

- 61. § of the cost of C's house, increased by § of the cost of his farm, being placed on interest for 10 years, at 7 per cent., amounts to \$17000. What is the cost of each, if § of the cost of the house is only § of § of the cost of the farm?
- 52. The sum of A's and B's fortunes, in 4 years and 8 months, at 6 per cent., amounted to \$256. What was each of their fortunes, provided 4 of A's fortune equaled B's?
- 53. The interest for 5 years, at 6 per cent., on § of the money Morgan owes, is \$180; and the interest for the same time and rate per cent., on § of the money due him, is \$120. How much has Morgan after paying his debts?
- 54. The money John paid for a sheep, a cow, and a horse, would, in 8 years, at 10 per cent., give such an interest that this interest, if invested as a principal, would in \frac{1}{4} as long, at \frac{1}{2} as great a per cent., amount to \\$104; how much did he pay for each, provided the sheep cost \frac{1}{4} as much as the cow, and the cow \frac{1}{3} as much as the horse?
- 55. The interest of the sum of  $\frac{1}{2}$  of A's,  $\frac{4}{5}$  of B's, and  $\frac{4}{12}$  of C's fortunes, for 3 years 7 months and 6 days, at 10 per cent., is such as will in the same time, at  $\frac{1}{2}$  the rate per cent., amount to \$531. What is the fortune of each, provided  $1\frac{1}{2}$  times C's part of the principal equals  $\frac{3}{4}$  of B's, and  $\frac{7}{10}$  of B's part of the principal equals  $\frac{1}{4}$  of A's?
- 56. The interest of the sum of  $\frac{1}{2}$  of A's and  $\frac{3}{2}$  of B's fortune for a *certain* time, at 2 per cent., was to *this sum* as 9 to 250. And the amount of *this interest* for 25 times as long, at 10 times as great a per cent., was \$180. What was each of their fortunes, provided A's fortune was to B's as 1 to 3? And how long was the first on interest?

Note.—Since the interest was to the principal as 9 to 250,  $_{\pi}$  of the principal equals the interest. Hence, 1 year 9 months and 18 days is the time required, etc.

# IX. MISCELLANEOUS QUESTIONS.

- 1. Find the cost of three pints of milk, at 8¢ a quart.
- 2. If a piece of ribbon 6 inches long cost 4 cents, what will a yard cost at the same rate?
- 3. How many cupfuls of milk in 2 quarts, if each cup holds 2 gills?
- 4. How many oranges, at the rate of 2 for 5 cents, can I buy for 20 cents?
- 5. Find the cost of two pounds and four ounces of sugar, at 8 cents a pound.
- 6. If a peck of potatoes last a family 2 weeks, how many weeks will 2 bushels last them?
- 7. A horse and saddle are together worth \$170; one-fourth of the value of the horse is equal to 4 times the value of the saddle. Find the value of each.
- 8. Three-fourths of the difference between two numbers is equal to 1 of their sum. The smaller number is 28; what is the larger?
- 9. By selling an article for \$21, I lost 12½%. At what price should I have sold it to gain 12½%?
- 10. A certain sum amounts to \$2070 in 6 months, and to \$2420 in 3 years, simple interest. What is the rate per cent.?
- 11. Divide \$54.25 among three persons, giving the second \$10 less than the first, and twice as much as the third.
- 12. The sum of two numbers is 64, and their difference is  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the larger number. What are the numbers?
- 13. How many apples must be cut up to give 24 boys 4 of an apple each?

- 24. Two numbers are to each other as 21 to 31. The greater is 42. What is the less?
- 15. The difference between \( \frac{1}{2} \) and \( \frac{1}{2} \) of a certain number is 5. What is the number ?
- 16. Find the cost, at 121¢ a quart, of 6 pails of berries, each containing § of a peck.
- 17. Bought oranges at 8 cents a dozen, and sold them at the rate of 4 for 7 cents. How much was gained on 7 boxes, each containing 10 dozen?
- 18. Three men earned \$50.40 in 10 days of 8 hours each. How much did each receive per hour?
- 19. What number is the same fraction of 27 that 31 is of 15?
- 20. What is the cost of 3 gross of pencils, at the rate of 3 for 5 cents?
- 21. If I sell \( \frac{1}{2} \) of a city lot for \( \frac{1}{2} \) of the cost of the whole, what is my gain per cent.?
- 22. Required the cost of an oil-cloth for a hall 61 yd. long and 12 ft. wide, at \$1.25 a square yard.
- 23. If a man walk a certain distance at the rate of 31 miles an hour, and ride back at the rate of 6 miles an hour, what is the distance if it take 43 hours to go both ways?
- 24. How many bushels of potatoes, at  $25\phi$  a bushel, will pay for 16 yd. of cloth, at  $87\frac{1}{2}\phi$  a yard?
- 25. A pile of wood is 8 ft. wide and 12 ft. long; how high must it be to contain 6 cords?
- 26. By selling an article for \$4 less than cost I less 16\%. What would have been my per cent. of gain had I sold it for \$3 more than cost?
- 27. A merchant buys goods at a discount of 20% and 61% from list price, and sells them at 121% from list price. What is his per cent. of gain?

- 28. What amount of goods must be sold at a profit of 15% to gain \$1800?
- 29. If 10 men and 3 boys can cut 75 cords of wood in 6 days, how many days will it take 5 men and 7 boys to cut 75 cords, if each boy's work is equal to \( \frac{1}{2} \) of a man's?
- 30. John and William have together \$34. How much has each if § of John's money equals § of William's?
- 31. A merchant sells goods at 20% below the marked price, and yet makes 16% on the original cost. At what advance on cost are the goods marked?
- 32. A sold a horse to B, that cost \$125, at 12½% profit. B sold it to C at a profit of 10%. What would A have gained per cent. if he had sold to C at the price B received?
- 33. A pipe can fill a cistern in 3 minutes, and another can fill it in 5 minutes, while a third can empty it in 71 minutes. In what time will the cistern be filled, when all the pipes are open?
- 34. I bought a number of eggs at 2 for a cent, and the same number at 3 for a cent; and sold them all at the rate of 5 for 2 cents, and lost one cent by the bargain. How many eggs in all?
  - 35. What number is that of which  $\frac{1}{4}$  is 7 greater than  $\frac{1}{4}$ ?
- 36. If a train run 17½ miles in 15 minutes, how long will it take it to run 14 miles at the same rate?
- 37. If a type-writer can copy 6 pages of a certain book in an hour and a half, how long will it take 3 writers, working only one-half as fast, to copy 36 pages of another book that contains one-third as much more matter to the page?
- 38. If 3 pounds of butter will buy 8 pounds of sugar, and 5 pounds of sugar are worth 9 lb. of cheese, and 3 lb. of cheese will buy 1 of a yard of cloth, how many pounds of butter will pay for 6 yd. of cloth?

- 39. If 15 men can do as much work as 20 women, and 8 women as much as 10 boys, how many men can do as much as 50 boys?
- 40. A can do as much work in 10 days as B can do in 15, and B as much in 6 days as C in 12 days, and C as much in 8 days as D in 6 days; in how many days could A do as much as D can do in 25 days?
- 41. A man had a house to finish, which 8 men could do in 9 days, but he wished to have it completed in 6 days; how many men did it take to do it?
- 42. If you buy eggs at 3 cents for 4 eggs, and sell them at the rate of 3 for 4 cents, what per cent. is the profit?
- 43. A can dig a cellar in 3 weeks, B in 4 weeks, and C in 6 weeks; how long will it take all three to dig it?
- 44. A young man having \$200, loaned it at 8 per cent. interest; how long will it take to double itself?
- 45. How many pounds of coffee, at 33\frac{1}{2} cts. a pound, will \$25 buy?
- 46. How many bushels of apples, at 30 cents, will it take to pay for 7½ yards of calico, at 16 cents a yard?
  - 47. What cost 61 yards of edging, at 162 cents a yard?
- 48. A company at a hotel spent £3 4s., which was as many shillings apiece as there were persons in the company; how many were there in the company?
- 49. Thomas bought 36 apples for 25 cts., and sold them at the rate of 4 for 3 cts.; what did he make or lose?
  - 50. What cost 41 tons of coal, at \$81 a ton?
- 51. A dairy-woman received \$4 for cheese, which was 16 ts. a pound; how many pounds did she sell?
- 52. A man, being asked how many geese he had, replied: If I had one-half as many more as I now have, and 21 geese more, I should have 100. How many had he?

- 53. If 8 men can do a certain piece of work in 27 days, how long will it take 12 men to do the same?
- 54. Three men start together and travel the same direction around an island 20 miles in circumference, at the rate of 2, 4, and 3 miles per hour. In what time will they be tog ther again?
- 55. A laborer dug a cellar the length of which was 2 times the width, and the width 3 times the depth. He removed 144 cubic yd. of earth; what was the length of the cellar?
- 56. If 8 men or 12 boys can do a piece of work in 16 days, how long will it take 12 men and 8 boys to do the same?
- 67. A and B together own 68 acres of land; ‡ of A's equals ‡ of B's. How many acres has each?
- 58. When a certain couple were married, the man was twice as old as his wife; after 24 years,  $\frac{1}{10}$  of the man's. How old were they when married?
- 59. A man lost 1 of his money, and then earned \$3; after this he lost 1 of what he then had, and found that he had but \$24 remaining. What had he at first?
- 60. If \$2½ will purchase ¾ of a barrel of flour, what part of a barrel can be purchased for \$4½?
- 31. If 4 horses eat 21 bushels of grain in 6 days, how many bushels will 8 horses eat in 12 days?
- 62. The sum of two numbers is 19, and twice the first added to 5 times the second makes 74; what are the numbers?
- 63. Bought 60 apples at the rate of 5 for 2 cents, and sold half of them at 2 for a cent, and half at 3 for a cent; how much was the gain?

### X. NUMERATION AND DECIMALS.

#### SECTION LXXXV.

The decimal system of measures and weights having the meter, the liter, and the gram as principal units, and of currency having the dollar as the principal unit in the United States and Canada, and the franc as the principal unit in France, will be found simple and useful to insure accuracy of computation and economy of time.

The denominations are also systematic. For those greater than the principal unit, prefixes from the Greek language are used, as follows: deka (from deka, ten); hekto (from ekaton, hundred); kilo (from kilion, thousand); and myria (from murias, ten thousand). For those less than the principal unit, prefixes from the Latin language are used: deci (from decem, ten); centi (from centum, hundred); milli (from mille, thousand), etc. Thus, 1 decimeter is equal to one-tenth part of a meter, and 1 dekameter is ten meters. See tables on pp. 55, 56.

- 1. Figures express numbers and parts of numbers. Figures are not numbers, but are characters used to represent numbers.
  - 2. An integral unit is a whole or undivided unit. Thus, 1 apple, 1 orange, \$1, 1, are integral units.
- 3. A whole number, or integer, is an integral unit, or a collection of integral units.

Thus, 5 apples, 4 oranges, \$15, are integers.

4. A fractional unit is one of the equal parts of a divided integral unit.

Thus,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an orange,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an apple,  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a dollar, are fractional units.

- 5. The whole number of which the fraction is a part, is called the unit of a fraction.
- 6. A fractional number, or fraction, is a fractional unit, or a collection of fractional units.

Thus, ‡ of a pound, ‡ of a dollar, ‡, ‡, are fractions.

20. The Notation of Decimal Fractions, or Decimals, is in harmony with that of Integers, as shown in the following

#### TABLE OF INTEGERS AND DECIMALS.



Twenty-three hundredths. . 2 3

Two hundred and thirty-five thousandths, . 2 3 5

Three hundred and fifty-six ten thousandths,  $\cdot~0~3~5~6$ 

Twenty-one thousand and four hundred thousandths,  $\cdot 21004$ 

Seven hundred and forty millionths, • 0 0 0 7 4 0

21. The figures in a decimal expression are the numerator of a decimal fraction; its denominator is understood to be 1 followed by as many ciphers as there are decimal places in the expression.

Thus, the decimal fraction, .56, when written as a common fraction, is  $\frac{56}{100}$ ; .856 =  $\frac{256}{100}$ ; .0856 =  $\frac{256}{1000}$ .

22. Whole numbers and decimals can be written together in one line of figures, by using the decimal point to separate them, because there is the same scale of increasing or decreasing value with both.

Thus, 2.2 is read, two and two-tenths, and signifies 2 units and  $\frac{1}{10}$  of another unit; 431.56 is read, four hundred and thirty-one and fifty-six hundredths of one.

23. The Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division of Mixed Decimals, or Numbers expressing integers and decimals, are the same as in whole numbers; thus,

ADDITION.	SUBTRACTION. M	ULTIPLICATION.	DIVISION.	
43.2	43.20	43.2	.24) 43.20 (180,	Quotiení
.24	.24	.24	24	
43.44, Sun	n. 42.96, Rem.	1728	1920	
		864	1920	
•		10.368, Prod	luct. No Rem.	

Note.—In operations in Addition and Subtraction, the figures of each denomination of one number must be added to or subtracted from the figures of the same denominations in the other numbers; thereby, the decimal points will be under each other, and before the tenths placed in the Sum and Remainder.

In Multiplication, the *Product* must have as many decimal places as there are decimal places in both the Multiplicand and Multiplier. If necessary, ciphers must be prefixed to the product to make up the required number of decimal places.

In Division, annex ciphers to the dividend, if necessary; divide as in whole numbers, and point off the quotient so that the number of decimal places of the divisor and quotient shall together be equal to those of the dividend.

24. Annexing a cipher on the right of a decimal expression does not alter its value, but multiplies both terms of the fraction by 10.

Thus, 
$$.2 = \frac{2}{10} = .20 = \frac{20}{100}$$
, or  $= .200 = \frac{200}{1000}$ .

25. A decimal, or a complex decimal, can be multiplied by 10, 100, 1000, etc., by removing the decimal point as many places to the right as there are ciphers in the multiplier.

Multiply .678 by 10, by 100, by 1000; 178.9 by 10; 19.320 by 10;  $16.0054 \times 100 = ?$   $54.37898 \times 10000 = ?$   $732.98 \times 1000 = ?$ 

26. Prefixing a cipher in a decimal expression (after the decimal point), divides the decimal by 10, by removing each of its figures one place farther from the decimal point.

Thus, 
$$.5 = \frac{5}{10}$$
,  $.05 = \frac{5}{100}$ ,  $.005 = \frac{5}{1000}$ .

27. A decimal, or a complex decimal, can be divided by 10, 100, 1000, etc., by removing the decimal point as many places to the left as there are ciphers in the divisor.

Divide 13.41 by 10, by 100, by 1000; 476.9 by 100, by 10000; .17 by 10; .176 by 1000;  $438.15 \div 10 = ?$   $167.009 \div 10 = ?$   $\div 1000 = ?$ 

.75 of a meter = how many decimeters and centimeters? 28.03 expresses how map ers, decimeters, and centimeters? Divide 2803 decimal point, so that rammes and 3 milliars and cents, by the v. in French curmal measures of o an equivaerator with 'g as many annexed. Ł t.h. **∄** ℃ .5 or What .8 of \$. 3 or .75 of a m meters?

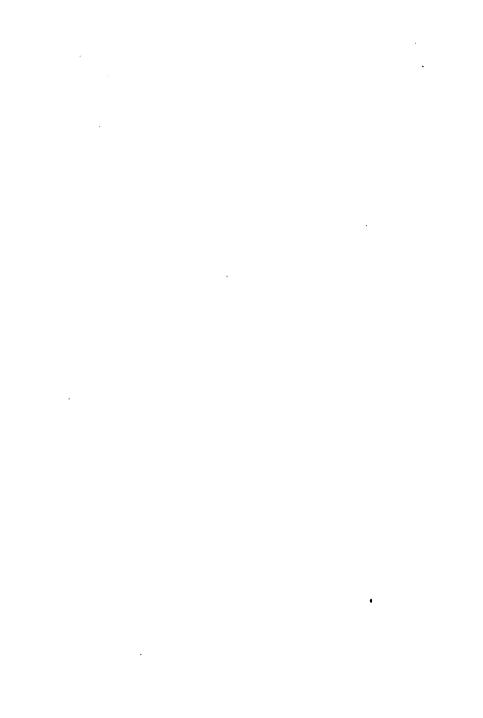
## QUESTIONS AND PUZZLES FOR PUPILS AT HOME.

- 1. A hound is in pursuit of a fox that is 10 rods ahead of him, and while the hound runs 10 rods the fox runs 1 rod (i. e., while the hound runs a certain distance, the fox runs one-tenth of that distance). Will the hound overtake the fox? The conditions remaining the same, what is the greatest distance they can run?
- 2. A hound is in pursuit of a fox that is 10 rods ahead of him, and while the fox runs 1 rod the hound runs 10 rods. How far will the hound run before he overtakes the fox?
  - 3. Place four 5's in such a position that they shall equal 61.
- 4. A boy was sent to a spring with a 5 and a 3 quart measure to procure exactly 4 quarts of water. How did he measure it?
  - 5. What is the difference between twice 25, and twice 5 and 20?
- 6. A man had 9 pigs and put them in 4 pens, with an odd number of pigs in each pen. How did he divide them?
- 7. Two men have an 8-gallon cask full of wine, which they desire to divide equally between them. How can they effect this division, provided the only measures they have are a 5-gallon cask and a 3-gallon cask?
  - 8. Place four 2's in such a manner that they shall exactly equal 23.
  - 9. Place 9 apples in 10 rows so that each row shall contain 3 apples.
- 10. Edward, Maria, and their mother went to market. Edward had 60 apples, and sold them at 2 for 1 cent; Maria had 60 apples, and sold them at 3 for 1 cent. Their mother had 120 apples, and sold them at the rate of 5 for 2 cents. Which received the most, the children or the mother, and why?
- 11. A gentleman, desiring to see an inmate of a prison, was asked by the keeper whether he was related to the culprit, replied: "Brothers and sisters have I none, but his father is my father's son." What relation was the gentleman to the prisoner?
- 12. A blind beggar had a brother. The blind beggar's brother died; the brother that died had no brother. What relation was the blind beggar to the blind beggar's brother?
- 13. If a herring and a half cost a penny and a half, how mani get for 11 pence?

- J. 14. A r an having a fox, a goose, and a peck of corn, was desirous of crossing a river. He could take only one across at a time, and if he left the fox and goose, while he took the corn over, the fox would kill the goose; but if he left the goose and corn, the goose would eat the corn. How shall he get them all safely across the river?
  - 1 2 8
    4 5 6

    15. Arrange the nine digits in three rows of three each, so that they will count 15 in each row, horizontally, vertically, and diagonally.
  - 7 8 9 16. Arrange the first 16 numbers in four rows of 4 each, to form a "magic square" counting 34 each way, as above.
  - 17. Arrange the first 25 numbers in 5 rows of 5 each, so as to form a "magic square" counting 65 in each direction.
  - 18. A snail wants to get up a wall 20 feet in height; during the day it climbs 5 feet, but slips back 4 feet every night; how many days would it take it to reach the top?
  - 19. A man purchased a hat for \$5, and handed the merchant a \$50 bill to pay for it; the merchant, being unable to make the change, sent the bill to a broker, got it changed, and then gave the man who bought the hat \$45. The broker, after the purchaser of the hat had gone, discovered that the bill was counterfeit, and, therefore, returned it to the merchant and received \$50 good money. How much did the merchant lose by the operation?
  - 20. A boy, coming from the orchard with a basket of apples, had to pass through three gates. At the first he left one-half of the apples and half an apple more; at the second, half of the remainder and half an apple more; at the third, half what then remained and half an apple more, when he had 3 apples left. How many had he at first?
  - 21. If a hen and a half lay an egg and a half in a day and a half, how many eggs will 6 hens lay in 7 days?
  - 22. Place ten pennies in a row, then carry one over two, leaving it upon the third, and continue doing this until the ten pennies occupy only five places, with two in each place.
  - 23. A frog, at the bottom of a well 10 feet deep, ascends 3 feet every jump. How many jumps must he take to get out?
  - 24. Three men with their wives come to a river where was a boat that would carry but two persons at a time. How shall they manage to cross, so that no woman shall be left in company with one or more of the other men unless her husband is present?





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